BRANCH OF THE R. ASIATIC SOCIETY

THE INDIAN RAILWAY TRAVELLERS' GUIDE.

CONTAINING

The Special Time and Fare Tables of all the Indian Railway Companies, Steam Boats, and Dak Companies, Bullock Trains and Transit Companies; the Routes between the principal towns of Northern, Central, Southern, and Western India, &c.

WITH A MAP OF INDIA.

Corrected up to March 1889.

BOMBAY:

Printed & Published at the *Bombay Gazette* Steam Press.

PRICE, 8 ANNAS.

The Bombay Gazette.

No. 128,097 NEW SERIES. BOMBAY:—MONDAY, APRIL 14, 1890.

CUTLER, PALMER'S WHISKIES.

OLD, MATURE, AND EXCELLENT.

Note the names, and try one or other of the brands.

	Prices
Old Vatted Glenlivet and Special Reserve, "Heart Heath" Whisky—Scotch, "Napier Johnstone"—Square Bottle, "Glentromie", "Cutler, Palmer's Finest Irish"	Rs. 2 Rs. 2-12 per doz. bottles.

Examine cork label, and capsule—of all Retailers.

SHIPPING.

PENINSULAR AND ORIENTAL COMPANY.

PROGRAMME OF DEPARTURES FOR EUROPE.

Vessels.	Tons. H.P.	Captain.	Friday.
P.&O. PEKIN	3929 600	P. Harris	18th April
† ASSAM	3038 500	G. W. F. Browne	25th "
P.&O. MIRZAPORE	3813 600	R. Harvey	2nd May
" SIAM	3041 500	H. T. Weigheli	9th "
P.&O. KAISAR-I-HIND	3925 70	G. W. Atkinson	16th "
P.&O. CORO MANDEL	4400 800	I. Reeves	23rd "
" SIAM	3041 500	H. T Weigheli	30th "
P.&O. THAMES	4115 600	W. A. Scelson	6th June.
† ASSAM	3038 500	G. W. F. Browne	13th "
P.&O. ROHILLA	3311 700	M. de Morse	21st "
† SIAM	3041 500	H. T. Weighell	27th "

The steamers marked P.&O. proceed to Brindisi, Malta, Gibraltar, Plymouth, and London.

† These vessels proceed to Aden only, and Passengers transship there to Steamers proceeding to Brindisi, Marseilles, and London direct.

Through Tickets are issued, including Railway fare from Brindisi to London, by the main route, and names are registered for places in the Sleeping Cars.

A Steam Barge leaves the Apollo Bunder at 3 p.m. on the day of sailing, to convey Passengers on board.

Heavy baggage must be sent to the P. and O. Dockyard at Mazagon, before 10 a.m. on day of sailing.

SPECIAL STEAMERS TO LONDON, CALLING AT MARSEILLES.

Vessels.	Tons. H.P.	Captain	1890.
ORIENTAL	5500 1000	E. Stewart	12th Apr.
PENINSULAR	5000 1000	W. J. Webber	26th May.

TO COLOMBO, STRAITS, CHINA, JAPAN, AND AUSTRALIA.

Vessels.	Tons. H.P.	Captain.	On or about
ROSETTA	3925 700	G. W Brady	26th April

In addition to the above a CARGO STEAMER leaves for China and Japan every fortnight, with liberty to call at any port or ports.

For further particulars apply to

H. W. ULOTH,
Superintendent, P. & O. S. N. Company.
Bombay, 13th Jan. 1890.

NAVIGAZIONE GENERALE ITALIANA SOCIETA RIUNITE FLORIO RUBATTINO.

THE Italian Mail Steamers leave BOMBAY for GENOA and *vice versa* at regular intervals of 20 days, calling at ADEN, SUEZ, PORT SAID, MESSINA, and NAPLES.

FARE to all Ports of Italy Rs. 500, Rs. 340, and Rs. 150 for First, Second, and Third Class respectively, inclusive of Wine.

Passengers' heavy Baggage will be delivered in LONDON, FREE OF CHARGE, to the extent allowed in the Handbooks.

Usual Discount on Return Tickets. Special Rates for Families.

The following or other 1st Class Steamers will LEAVE Bombay.

Steamers	Tons.	H.P.	To sail on
SINGAPORE	5,000	800	30th April 1890.
RUBATTINO	5,000	800	18th May 1890.
PO	—	185	18th June 1890.
DOMENICO BALDUINO	5,000	800	20th June 1890.

PASSENGERS WITH SHORT LEAVE can now obtain THROUGH RETURN TICKETS to LONDON and BACK including Railway Journey via Genoa or Naples, AT SPECIALLY REDUCED RATES.

European Servants and Native Ayahs are charged Rs. 300 and Rs. 100, respectively, inclusive of food. In case of immediate return, only 50 per cent. extra will be charged.

STEAM TO SINGAPORE & HONGKONG.

Steamer.	To sail.
BIAGNO	On the 5th May 1890.

For Handbooks of Information and other particulars regarding Freight, Passage, &c., apply to

F. BOZZONI,
Agent.
Sassoon House, Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 8. April 1890.

AUSTRO-HUNGARIAN LLOYD'S S. N. Co.

STEAM TO BRINDISI AND TRIESTE, CALLING AT ADEN, SUEZ, AND PORT SAID.

Steamers.	Captains.	Tons.	H. P.	To sail on
MEDUSA	G. Mettel	3,800	550	15th April.
IMPERATRIX	F. Egger	4,600	750	1st May.
IMPERATOR	C. Hechtinger	4,600	750	1st June.
*MARIA TERESA	R. Deperis	4,200	600	15th June.

*Will not call at Brindisi. †Will not call at Brindisi.

A Surgeon and Stewardess on board of every Steamer.

RATES OF PASSAGE MONEY.

	1st Class.	2nd Class.	Deck.
TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 500	Rs. 300	Rs. 180

RETURN TICKETS available for SIX MONTHS:—

	1st Class.	2nd Class.
TO TRIESTE OR BRINDISI	Rs. 800	Rs. 480

Above rates include Wine or Beer supplied at meals.

THROUGH TICKETS TO LONDON.

Through 1st Class Single and Return Tickets are issued at specially Reduced Rates, including the railway journey from and to Trieste.

Steamers for BOMBAY leave TRIESTE on the 3rd and BRINDISI on the 5th of each month.

Passengers and their luggage are conveyed free on board by the Company's steam launch on the day of sailing.

STEAM TO RED SEA PORTS.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail
ORION	B. Vidos	3,800	350	15th May.

Calling at Aden, Hodeidah, Massowah, Suakin, Jeddah, Suez, Port Said and Trieste.

STEAM TO COLOMBO, PENANG, SINGAPORE, AND HONGKONG.

Steamer.	Captain.	Tons.	H.P.	To sail
TRIBUNE	E. Perini	3,800	550	21st April.

No cargo will be received on board after sunset on the day previous to sailing.

For further particulars, freight, passage, &c., apply to

J. JANNI, Agent.
Sassoon House, 50, Church Gate Street, Bombay. 9th April, 1890.

MESSAGERIES MARITIMES COMPANY.

FROM BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES.

TO ZANZIBAR AND MAURITIUS.

THE s. s. LA BOURDONNAIS will LEAVE BOMBAY on the 10th May 1890, at 3 p.m. FOR KURRACHEE and ADEN in connection with the Australian steamer Homeward-bound and the Steamer from Marseilles proceeding to Zanzibar and Mauritius.

RETURN TICKETS TO MARSEILLES for three, six, and nine months delivered at specially REDUCED RATES.

THROUGH TICKETS are issued, including Railway Fare from Marseilles to London.

Passengers are invited to be on board by 2 p.m. in the Prince's Dock, as she will sail direct from thence.

A. SIMEON, Agent,
29, Esplanade Road.

ANCHOR LINE.

BOMBAY TO MARSEILLES AND LIVERPOOL.

Vessel.	T.R. Commander.	To sail.
M BRITANNIA	3069 Brown	14th April.
L ARABIA	3344 J. Laird	30th May.
M NUBIA	3351 J. G. Knox	29th May.
ML HISPANIA	3380 Abrey	31st "

Steamers marked L proceed to Liverpool direct; those marked M to Marseilles only; steamers marked ML go to Liverpool via Marseilles and book passengers for both Ports. Passengers by the Marseilles steamers can book through to London (overland from Marseilles). Each steamer carries a duly qualified Surgeon and an experienced stewardess, and is fitted out with every comfort for First-class passengers. All the state-rooms are on the Upper Deck. For further particulars apply to

W. & A. GRAHAM & Co.,
Agents.
Graham's Buildings, Bombay, 1st April, 1890.

CLAN LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO LIVERPOOL DIRECT.

THE well known passenger Steamer "CLAN MACGREGOR" 3,000 tons Commander A. J. PHELP, will leave Bombay for Liverpool direct on or about the 15th instant. Saloon and State Rooms all on upper deck.

For particulars as to passage money, cabin plans &c., Apply to

FINLAY MUIR & CO.,
Agents.
Forbes Street, Bombay.

H. H. THE SULTAN OF ZANZIBAR'S LINE OF STEAMERS.

BOMBAY TO ZANZIBAR DIRECT.

S. S. AVOCA will sail for Zanzibar direct on or about 1st May.

Cargo and Passengers for Mozambique and Aden to be transhipped at Zanzibar. For freight and Passage, apply to

EBJEE SEWJEE,
Agent.
93, Bazaar Gate, Bombay, 10th April, 1890.

S. S. "LORD CHARLEMONT" arrived from London via Kurrachee, 11th April, 1890.

CONSIGNEES of CARGO are hereby requested to present their BILLS of LADING for our countersignature, and to TAKE DELIVERY of their respective goods from the Princes Dock.

The steamer's surveyor, Capt. CLARK, will attend every morning to survey damages, &c., and all claims in that respect must be adjusted before the goods are removed from the landing sheds. After removal from the landing sheds the steamer will not be RESPONSIBLE for any damage whatever. No claims will be paid after sailing of the steamer.

JOHN M. HEYN & Co.,
Agents.
Elphinstone Circle, Bombay, 12th April, 1890.

EVERY MAN interested in the subject of nervous and physical debility should write at once for a valuable pamphlet explaining how the most obscure nervous and organic derangements may be successfully treated without stomach medication. The only method which is easy and pleasant, and will effect a perfect and permanent cure. This pamphlet, in sealed letter envelope, will be sent post free.—Mr. A. Norton, 239, High Holborn, London, Eng.

SHIPPING.

THE BRITISH INDIA STEAM NAVIGATION COMPANY (LIMITED)

Intend to despatch Steamers as follows:—

FOR KURRACHEE AND PERSIAN GULF.

S. S. "ASSYRIA," 1,495 tons, at 11 a.m. on 20th April after arrival of incoming English Mail, calling at Kurrachee, Bunder Abbas, Lingah, Bahrein Bushire, Mohumrah, and Basreh, in foregoing or any other, weather permitting.

FOR KURRACHEE *VIA* KATTYWAR COAST.

S. S. "KARAGOLA," 1,168 tons, at 11 am. on WEDNESDAY, 16th April.

FOR COAST AND CALCUTTA.

S. S. "CENDWARA" 1,984 tons, on or about THURSDAY, 17th April, at noon, calling at Ships as was arranged. Particulars can be ascertained on application to the undersigned.

FOR LONDON *VIA* KURRACHEE AND ANTWERP.

S. S. "ENZADA," 2,078 tons, on or about SATURDAY, 3rd May.

FOR MAURITIUS.

S. S. "ELORA," 1,970 tons, to sail on or about 23rd April.

FOR LAMU, MOMBASSA AND ZANZIBAR.

S. S. "BADAD," 1,274 tons, to sail on or about 1st April.

MACKINNON, MACKENZIE & Co.,
Bombay, 14th April, 1890. Agents.

IMPORTANT NOTICE.
PASSENGER SEASON, 1889-90.

MESSRS. THOS. COOK & SON have pleasure in inviting the attention of Members of the Civil and Military Services, who may desire to take advantage of the new and much improved Second Saloon accommodation of the P. & O. Company's Vessels, to their early form of Registration of Forward bookings, by which the names of intending Passengers are registered, and from which parties are selected and grouped together in specially selected Lines.

For further particulars and dates of sailing of Steamers of the P. & O. and other Lines see Cook's "Oriental Travellers' Gazette," containing Telegraphic Code, post free on application to

THOS COOK & SON,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY,
11, Old Cet House Street, Calcutta.
28, APOLLO STREET, FORT, BOMBAY,
27 LEADENHALL STREET, LONDON.

SWAINT & FARROW,

PUBLIC ACCOUNTANTS, AUDITORS, &c.

UNDERTAKE LIQUIDATION OF OUTSTANDING DEBTS.

No. 9, HUMBY STREET, FORT, BOMBAY.

ROYAL WARRANT.

By APPOINTMENT to H. R. H. The DUKE of CONNAUGHT STRATHEARN, COMMANDER in-CHIEF of the BOMBAY ARMY.

HURJIMULL & COMPANY,

Indian Jewellers & Shawl Merchants, LARGEST HOUSE in Bombay for Indian Jewellery and Shawls Prices Moderate. Price lists free by Post.

HURJIMULL AND CO.,
INDIAN JEWELLERS,
Rampart Row and Meadow Street, Bombay.

FOR SALE

AT

CUMMU JAFFER SULLEMAN'S BAZAAR.

JUST ARRIVED a fresh supply of pair Horse, and six sets of English-made new Silver and Brass mounted harnesses.

New handsome and light English-built Victorias, suitable for one or pair of Arabs, by L. Fulker of Salisbury.

A new English-built circular-fronted miniature Brougham by Watson of Lowestoft.

And one second-hand Calcutta-built Stanhope, with Break c.

TO BE LET FOR THE SEASON.

"Woodland," Porous Point, Matheran, lately done up and well furnished.

For particulars apply to

CUMMU JAFFER SULLEMAN & CO.

ELECTRIC LIGHTING.

The CHEAPEST material ever offered, from the BEST makers.

BRUSH DYNAMO,	Arc Lights (2,000 Candle-power each)	..	800
Do. do.	10 "	do.	500
EDISON do.	60 Incandescent Lamps, (20 c. p.)	...	400
GRAMME do.	20 Arc Lights of 500 c.p. each or 200 Incandescent Lights of 20 c. p.		500
GRAMME DYNAMO,	10 Incandescent Lamps of 20 c. p.	...	180

GASSNER Dry Cells. No Chemicals. Always ready. Lasts for ever.

INCANDESCENT Lamps, 5, 10 and 20 c. p.

INSULATED CABLE, from 6 annas per yard.

Do. WIRE 1 anna "

F. FISHER & Co.

HOT WEATHER RETREAT.

LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL

ON THE WAY TO KHANDALLA

IS NOW OPEN AND READY FOR VISITORS UNDER EUROPEAN MANAGEMENT.

A First-class Hotel and splendidly situated on the Hill, with good western and all round view and within easy distance from the Railway Station. A Lawn Tennis Ground has been made close to the Hotel for Visitors.—A new Grand Sympathetic Piano for general use.

Apply to the

MANAGER, LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL.

H. H. THE NIZAM'S GUARANTEED STATE RAILWAY CO., LD.

ADVERTISING AT RAILWAY STATIONS

THE PROPRIETOR of the *Bombay Gazette* Press, having leased from the NIZAM'S STATE RAILWAY COMPANY the exclusive right of advertising at all the Railway Stations belonging to the Company, is prepared to contract with parties desirous of posting notices or advertisements on the lines.

The Cantonment of SECUNDERABAD, as is well known, contains the largest military garrison in India—a garrison comprising over 5,000 British and native troops. Contiguous to it is the Cantonment of BOLARUM, garrisoned by two regiments and one battery of the Hyderabad Contingent all officered by Europeans. South of Secunderabad, about 4 miles, are the suburbs of Hyderabad, containing the Nizam's regular troops, about 5,000 in number officered mostly by Europeans—besides a large civil population. It would manifestly be advantageous to firms to advertise at the stations on the above railway, the most important of which are SECUNDERABAD, HYDERABAD, GANGAWARUM, and KANDUR.

The announcements may be in English or in any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES.

INSURANCE COMPANIES, SHIPPING COMPANIES, HOTEL-KEEPERS, MERCHANTS, TRADERS and others who wish to force their business on the notice of the public, all alike value the privilege of *Railway Station Advertising*.

There is no reason why the privilege should not be also specially valuable to Advertisers in India looking to the great and increasing number of Native Railway Passengers on the two Trunk lines in Western India. Native Merchants, Traders, &c., seeing that they have the privilege of advertising in their own language, would find the publication of their announcements at Railway Station an intelligible means of extending their business.

Advertisers can select the Station at which the wish their Placards posted, and may advertise to any period that may be agreed on. The charge have been fixed on an extremely *moderate scale* to encourage Advertisers to make a liberal use of the new means now offered of making announcements known to the public.

Placards, according to the taste of Advertisers may be printed at moderate charge in ENGLISH or any of the NATIVE LANGUAGES at the *Bombay Gazette* Press. Estimates on application.

RATES.

Board not exceeding 2 feet long and 2 feet broad Re. 1 per month. For every additional square foot annas 8.

Thus a firm exhibiting a board, say 4 square feet will have the advantage of having their business advertisement read by thousands of Passengers on one station platform for the trifling monthly expenditure of Re. 1. Parties advertising on six stations or more will be allowed a discount of ten per cent. twelve Stations or more, twenty-five per cent.

The boards to be delivered at the *Bombay Gazette* Office, whence they will be sent by the Lessee to the various stations selected by the Advertiser. In the event of the contract terminating, the boards will be brought back to Bombay at the expense and risk of the Advertiser.

Special arrangements for long periods.

For further particulars apply to the Manager of the "Bombay Gazette" Office, Esplanade Road Fort.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

DEVONSHIRE CIDER.

(FOSTER'S VERY PRIME QUALITY)

Is the Drink for this Weather.

Quarts, per doz., Rs. 8.

SOLE AGENTS:

TREACHER & CO., Limited,

WINE MERCHANTS,

BOMBAY, BYCULLA, AND POONA.

CASCARA LOZENGES.

A DELICIOUS LAXATIVE

FOR CHILDREN AND ADULTS

THESE LOZENGES are prepared with the finest Chocolate, and are far superior to any Laxative in the form of Lozenges yet introduced.

'CASCARA SAGRADA" or "SACRED BARK" is well known as the safest and most reliable Tonic Laxative of modern medicine.

Per Phial, Re. 1.

KEMP & CO., LIMITED.

PHILLIPS & COMPANY'S

SUPERIOR CHAMPAGNES.

SPECIAL CUVEE,

EXTRA DRY—GRAN VIN,

SELECTED AT EPERNAY,

of very moderate Price.

Per dozen Quarts, Rs. 48.

FIRST QUALITY CHAMPAGNE, DRY,

SELECTED AT EPERNAY,

of very moderate Price.

Per dozen Quarts, Rs. 40.

PHILLIPS & CO., LD.,

Fort and By-culla Bridge. BOMBAY—POONA Camp & Bhood war Peth.

A MINING ENGINEER, thoroughly experienced in the Brazeis and Africa, in the prospecting for Diamonds and other Precious Stones, would undertake to prospect on Private or Public Lands, on a salary and commission. Highest references given. Apply

G. JACKSON, M. E.,
Good Hope Hotel, Kemberley, South Africa, or to the office of this paper

GRINDLAY GROOM & Co.—BOMBAY.

GRINDLAY & Co.—CALCUTTA.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS kept. No COMMISSION charged. INTEREST allowed at 2 per cent. per annum on the minimum monthly balance when not under Rs. 1,000. ACCOUNTS rendered half-yearly up to 30th June and 31st December. CHEQUE and PASS BOOKS furnished. GOVERNMENT CURRENCY NOTES of any circle of payment and approved CHEQUES on CALCUTTA and MADRAS received at par. CHEQUES on LONDON cashed or sent for collection.

PAY and PENSIONS realised free of charge except when under guarantee to Government.

PERSONS who wish to obtain a fine RUBY from 1½ to 3 carats each, either loose or mounted in a Ring at a very reasonable price, must make their selection at Messrs. MARCKS & Co. Ltd., 13, Esplanade Road, BOMBAY.

THE NATIONAL MORTGAGE BANK, Ld. BOMBAY.

Incorporated under the Indian Companies Act.

Capital, Rs. 2,00,000 in Shares of Rs. 25 each.

LOANS.

LOANS OF RUPEES 100 and upwards granted on the security of GOVERNMENT PAPER JOINT STOCK SHARES and JEWELLERY at MODERATE RATES OF INTEREST.

ALL COMMUNICATIONS should be addressed "to the NATIONAL MORTGAGE BANK," LIMITED BOMBAY.

LYALL, HENDERSON & Co.,
Secretaries and Agents.

OFFICES:—10 Church Gate Street.

HOT WEATHER RETREAT.

KHANDALLA HOTEL, Khandalla, and GUTPURI HOTEL, Igutpuri.

The HOTELS are spendidly situated, and within easy distance from Railway Stations. Open to sea-breeze on every side, and commands a magnificent and a charming view round.—Apply to

NANABHOY FRAMJEE & SONS,
Khandalla and Igutpuri.

INDIAN INDUSTRY,

Being reprint of two Letters to the *Bombay Gazette* and a Lecture by

F. BEAUCLERK.

Price 8 Annas,

CAN BE HAD AT

THE OFFICE OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE.
Messrs THACKER and Co., Bombay and Poona.
" COOPER, MADON and Co.,
" THACKER, SPINK and Co., Calcutta
" HIGGINBOTHAM and Co., Madras.

COMPARATIVE STATEMENT of NEW BUSINESS received by the ORIENTAL LIFE OFFICE during the First Three Months of the Years 1889 and 1890.

Yrs.	Number and Amount of Proposals received during these months.	
	Number.	Amount.
189	536	14,41,600
189	588	19,40,500

*** The very germ of the Provision of Life Assurance exists in its being—PROMPTLY ADOPTED.

Prospectuses and Forms of Proposal for effecting Assurance may be obtained from any of the Agents, or from

I. McLAUCHLAN SLATER, F.I.A.,
Manager and Actuary.
HEAD OFFICE—ALBERT BUILDING, BOMBAY.

FOX-HOUNDS FOR SALE.

A FINE COUPLE belonging to the Bombay Hounds for sale. Hounds in good health and condition. Reasonable offer will be refused. Applications to be sent the undersigned

G. K. REMINGTON,
The Kennels, Worlee.

KASHMIR CARPETS &c.

THE undersigned are prepared to execute orders on favourable terms for Kashmir Carpets, Rugs Silver and Copper Ware, Pushmina Cloth, Pushmina Embroidery on Pushmina—Curtains &c. Circular and Tradesmen on application.

HADOW & CO.
Merchants and Manufacturers,
Kashmir and Rawalpindi.

NOTICE.

SUPPLY BILLS or TELEGRAPHIC transfers on the following treasuries are now available at the Accountant General's Office. Terms can be ascertained on application there,

Surat, Dhulia, Belgaum, Bijapur, Sholapur, Dharwar, Ahmadnagar and Rajkote.

A. F. COX,
Accountant General.

IN THE HIGH COURT OF JUDICATURE AT BOMBAY.

ORDINARY ORIGINAL CIVIL JURISDICTION.

SUIT No. 367 of 1888.

PESTONJEE BUNJEEBHOY WARDEN and DOSSEE, Administratrix of FRAMJEE DADYBHOY WARDEN, deceased of Bombay Parsee inhabitants residing at No. 6, Modi Street within the Fort of Bombay.....Plaintiff.

vs.

SORABJEE JAMSHEDJEE PESTONJEE KIJEE MISTRY, BUCHUBAI, Widow of MONJEE COWASJEE TUBACK and BERJEEBHOY HORMUSJEE WARDEN Bombay, Parsee inhabitants residing at Cowasjee Patel Street, and Frere Road, Colaba, respectively Plaintiffs and without Fort of Bombay.....Defendants.

PURSUANT to the Order of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay made in the above suit and bearing date twenty-first day of January, one thousand eight hundred and ninety. Notice is hereby given that all persons claiming debts or liabilities affecting the estate of Hormusjee Framjee Warden, late of Bombay Parsee Inhabitant, deced, the Testator in the pleadings in the above suit named who died at Bombay on or about the twenty-sixth day July one thousand eight hundred and eighty five, are hereby required to file such claims in writing in my office, the Court House within one Calendar month from these hereof, or in default thereof they will be peremptorily excluded from the benefit of the said order.—Dated twenty-ninth day of April 1890.

CHARLES E. FOX,
Commissioner.

GYMKHANA KIT.

THE LARGEST AND BEST SELECTION IN INDIA.

CRICKET KIT.

	Rs. a.
BATS, Single Cane ..... each	8 0
Do. Double Cane ..... "	9 8
Do. Treble Cane ..... "	11 8
Do. All Cane ..... "	14 8
Frowd's Driver ..... "	16 8
Patent Excelsior ..... "	14 8
BATS, Boys' ..... each Re. 1-10 to	3 0
STUMPS for Boys' use ..... Per set	2 8
Do. Plain Polished Ash with Bails "	3 12
Do. with Brass Ferrules ..... "	6 0
Do. do. and Iron Points... "	7 0
NETS, for long stopping, 6 yards long, by 2 yards high, with Poles, Ferrules, Ropes, &c ..... each	13 8
Boys' Set, complete in box	10 8

	Rs. a.
BALLS, Duke's Double Seam ..... each	4 0
Do. do. Treble Seam ..... "	5 8
Do. Treacher and Co.'s Double Seam "	4 0
Do. do. Treble Seam. "	5 0
Do. do. Four Seam, Registered Pattern, the finest manufactured	5 12
Do. Boys' ..... each Re. 1-8 to	2 0
WICKET-KEEPING GAUNTLETS, of superior quality, and well ventilated. Per pair	7 4
BATTING GLOVES, best improved Vulcanised Tubular India rubber ... "	7 4
BAGS for carrying Cricket Kit, strong Green Cloth, Leather Binding, Brass Lock ..... "	15 0
LEG GUARDS, Chamois Skin..... "	8 4
SHOES, fitted with Spikes..... "	12 8

LAWN-TENNIS KIT.

	Rs. a.
BATS, best English make, Men's..... each	7 0
Do. do. Cork-handled, Men's "	8 8
Do. do. Pinder's Pull-Tight, with a Screw adjustment which enables the Player to keep his Bat tightly strung ..... "	15
Do. do. Champion Match, Plain Strung ..... "	10 8
Do. do. do. Double Strung "	12 0
Do. do. do. Cork-handled, "	11 0
Do. Treacher's "No Plus Ultra," the Latest Pattern ..... "	12 8
Do. The Demon, Slazenger's ..... "	13 0
Do. The Victor, Fortnam's ..... "	12 8
Do. Cane and Ash ..... "	13 8
Do. Ayre's Champion ..... "	13 4

	Rs. a.
BALLS, best Flannel covered, Match. per doz.	8 8
Do. do. Waterproof, Seamless, perfect, the best Ball yet introduced ..... "	12 8
Do. Ayre's do. ..... "	10 8
A complete set consisting of 4 best Ash Bats, 6 covered India-rubber Balls, strong Cord net with Poles, Stay Ropes, Pegs, &c., and Book of Instruction, in dealwood case ..... per set	47 0
NETS, Strong Cord, with Poles complete, 42 by 3½, Regulation Club..... each	12 0
PRESSES, in plain mahogany, with Screws ..... "	8 8
SHOES, Gentlemen's, with plain or corrugated India-rubber Soles ..... per pair	11 0

FOOT-BALL.

	Rs. a.
ASSOCIATION BALLS, Vulcanized India-rubber, covered with best hide leather, specially dressed	
No. 4—28 in. circumference ..... each	7 8
No. 5—28 in. do. ..... "	8 8
No. 6—30 in. do. ..... "	9 8
No. 7—32 in. do. ..... "	10 8
RUGBY BALLS, Nos. and Price annas 8 less than the above.	

GOLF.

	Rs. a.
BALLS, Nos. 26, 27, 27½ and 28 ..... per doz.	10 8
CLEEKS ..... each	6 0
IRONS, Lofting or Pitching ..... "	6 0
IRON or Brass Niblicks ..... "	6 0
PLAY CLUBS ..... "	5 0
PUTTERS ..... "	5 0
SPOONS, Long, Middle, Short & Brassy "	5 0

RACKETS, FENCING, QUOITS, FISHING TACKLE,
BADMINTON, FIVES, POLO, SPORTING AMMUNITION.

COMPLETE LISTS FREE BY R. O. P.

TREACHER & COMPANY, LD.,
BOMBAY, BYCULLA AND POONA.

J. NEUBERG, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

PHOTOGRAPHIC GOODS, just received
Per P. & O. Steamers "Rohilla" and "Oriental."

"Acme" Cameras.	Dishes, Ebonite.	Lantern Plates, Edward's	Ross, Lenses.
Albumenised Paper.	Dropping Bottles.	Do. Do. Thomas.	Ruby Twill.
Albums, Photographic.	Dry Plates.	Do. Slide Boxes.	Scales and Weights.
Do. Scrap.	Eastman's Bromide Paper.	Lenses, best makers.	Sensitized Paper.
Backgrounds.	Edward's Dry Plates.	Light Tight Boxes.	Shew's Pocket Cameras.
Books on Photography.	" Specialities.	Magic Lanterns.	Shutters.
Bottles, glass stoppered.	Enlarging Apparatus.	Magnifying Glasses.	Sinks, Earthenware.
Bromide Paper and Opals.	Ferro Prussiate Paper.	Marions' Cameras.	Spotting Medium.
Brushes, dusting.	Filtering Paper.	Masks and Discs.	Squeegees.
Burnishers.	Finders, Newbold's.	Meagher's Cameras.	Syphon Tanks.
Cameras.	Focussing Glasses.	Mounts, all sizes.	Taps, Swing with Rose.
Card boards.	Funnels, Glass.	"Perfection" Developing Lamps.	Transparency Plates.
Celluloid Filous.	Graduated Glass Jugs.	Plate and Print Washers.	Tray's Ebonite.
Chemicals.	" " Measures.	Photo Boxes, Screens and Stands.	Tray's Papier Mache.
Cloud Negatives.	Guide Books for Beginners.	Porcelain Washing Troughs.	Tripods.
Cutting Glasses.	Head Rests.	Photo. Sets, complete.	Troughs, Fixing or Alum.
Dallmeyer's Lenses.	Hydrokinone.	Plate Boxes and Racks.	Vignetters.
Detective Cameras.	Hilford's Bromide Paper.	Platinotype Reginsites.	Voigtlanders Lenses.
Developers.	" " Opals.	Print Trimmers.	Watson's "Acme" Cameras.
Developing Lamps.	" " Dry Plates.	Do. Washers.	Wood's Plate and Print Washers.
Developing Sinks.	"Kodak" Cameras.	Printing Frames.	Wrattan's Dry Plates.
Dishes, Glass.	Do. Spools.		
Dishes, Granitine.	Lancaster's Photo Sets.		
" Porcelain.			

Quality and Freshness Guaranteed.
COMPLETE CATALOGUE ON APPLICATION.

J. NEUBERG, MEDOWS STREET, BOMBAY.

BOURNE AND SHEPHERD

PHOTOGRAPHERS,

19 ESPLANADE, BOMBAY.

CRICKETING

AND

LAWN-TENNIS FLANNELS.

OUR Special White and Fancy Striped SERGES surpass every Fabric yet introduced for Cricket and Lawn-Tennis Garments, will keep clean much longer than Flannel, washes as bright as new, always retains a Brilliancy, and is as durable as Ordinary Clothing.

Patterns and Self-Measurement Forms on application to

ASQUITH, LORD & WHITMORE.
BOMBAY AND POONA.

SHIRT DEPARTMENT.

THORPE AND CO.,

IN soliciting orders, we beg to inform our constituents that this Department is superintended by a First-class London Shirt Cutter. Gentlemen may rely on a well-fitting Shirt, strongly made, guaranteed to stand the rough usages of Indian washing.

SHIRTS.
Long Cloth; for wearing under Uniform.
Six for Rs. 20.

SHIRTS.
Pure Linen Fronts and Cuffs.
Six for Rs. 25.

SHIRTS.
Collars attached, Pure Linen Fronts, Cuffs, and Collars.
Six for Rs. 27.

SHIRTS.
The best Oxford Cloth, with Collars attached.
Six for Rs. 30.

SHIRTS.
French Cambric, newest Paris designs.
Six for Rs. 27.

SHIRTS.
Spun Silk, Cream-Colored Stripes and Checks, newest Patterns.
Each, Rs. 12-8.

SHIRTS.
White Saxony Flannel for Cricketing or Lawn Tennis, well shrunk.
Each, Rs. 8-8.

SHIRTS.
Silk and Wool, Delightfully cool, in White and Fancy Patterns.
Each, Rs. 8-8.

SHIRTS.
Plain, Fancy wove Flannels.
Each, Rs. 8-8.

SHIRTS.
Ceylon Flannel, Shrinkless.
Each, Rs. 7-8.

Made to Measure, or ready for immediate use.

Patterns, with our Improved Self-measurement System, on application.

THORPE AND CO.,
RAMPART ROW, BOMBAY.

HIGH CLASS WATCHES.

MARCKS & COMPANY. LD.

SUPPLY THEIR

HIGH CLASS WATCHES

OF THE FINEST QUALITY ONLY.

THEY GUARANTEE THEIR WATCHES

To be provided with

ALL THE LATEST INVENTIONS.

Including their last improvement, *viz.*,

A GOLD HAIRSPRING,

And their MAXIMUM Variation

IS ONE MINUTE PER MONTH.

INNUMERABLE TESTIMONIALS to the above effect, received from THE LEADING OFFICERS and CIVILIANS of the INDIAN EMPIRE, are open for perusal. Immense variety of

PRESENTATION WATCHES,

REPEATING AND CLOCK WATCHES,

CHRONOGRAPH AND CALENDAR WATCHES,

In Plain, Chased, Enamelled or Richly Jewelled Cases.

WE INVITE INSPECTION.

ILLUSTRATED CATALOGUE POST FREE.

MARCKS & CO., LIMITED,

JEWELLERS AND WATCH MANUFACTURERS.

BOMBAY, 43, Esplanade Road, Opposite Clock Tower.
POONA, 11, Arsenal Road, Opposite the Napier Hotel.

KEMP & CO.'S

EDINA WHISKY

A PERFECT BLENDING of the CHOICEST BRANDS of the Highest Classes of Fine Old Whiskies, in their Native Purity as produced in Scotland, absolutely untampered with.

(Matured in Sherry Casks.)

EDINA WHISKY

Is a Luxury in pure Scotch Whiskies. Clever Judges pronounce it "Unique and Unrivalled," "An Exquisite Blending," "Harmonious in Combination," "Evenly-Balanced," "Delicately-Toned," "Pleasant to the Palate."

EDINA WHISKY

Possesses a Character so novel, and so entirely its own, that it claims the very first place among High-Class Whiskies, being of guaranteed age, a Pure Whisky of Delicious Flavour, and Choicest Quality.

Per Dozen, Rs. 27.

KEMP & COMPANY, LD., BOMBAY.

WANTED,—LADY NURSES

TO drive out Influenza, Malarious, Intermittent, and Bilious Fevers from Bombay and other Presidencies by the use of

BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE OR PILLS

Mr. P. B. PRESS, Proprietor, Fort Coach Factory:—"I have found BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE highly efficacious, after having tried it on several men of my factory, who were suffering from the prevailing Fever. By its use my Factory is again in working order.

Akhbar-i-Soudagar, the leading Merchants' paper, writes on the 15th March 1890—We have tried with success Dr. BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE on several workmen of our Printing Department, who were suffering from the Influenza Epidemic. We strongly recommend to the public the use of Batliwalla's Ague Mixture in cases of Influenza.

Up-country orders for BATLIWALLA'S AGUE MIXTURE

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

THE
COLUMBIA ELITE SKATING RINK,
OPPOSITE THE VICTORIA TERMINUS.
NOW OPEN TO THE PUBLIC.

EVERY EVENING, from 5 to 7-30 p.m., 8 annas.
Nights, from 8-30 to 11 p.m., Re. 1.
(Unless otherwise advertised).

SATURDAY MORNING, FROM 10 TO 12-30, AND SATURDAY AFTERNOON, FROM 2 TO 4,
CHILDREN'S MATINEE.
Children, under 12.....Free. | Adults.....Ans. 8.

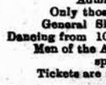
After WEDNESDAY, the 16th April, the RINK will be open for MORNING PRACTICE from 7 to 10-30 a. m. On MONDAYS, WEDNESDAYS, and FRIDAYS ONLY. To these sessions Ladies will be admitted Free, Skates 8 annas. Gentlemen Admission 8 annas, Skates Free; WEDNESDAY and SATURDAY NIGHTS, Ladies Invitation Night, Ladies can procure tickets Free on application to the MANAGER at the Rink Office.

On WEDNESDAY NIGHT, there will be a One Mile Race between two noted Gentlemen Amateurs. Thursday Night Session will be opened, Free Admission, Skates as usual, to the Ladies and Gentlemen of Bombay, on this Night men of the Army and Navy will be admitted only as spectators.

On FRIDAY NIGHT, Invitation Night for the Officers and Men of H. M.'s Regular Forces. Skates as usual.

On SATURDAY NIGHT, 12TH OF APRIL,
There Will be a Skating and Dancing Party.
Admission Rs. 2, Skates Free.
Only those in Evening Dress Admitted.
General Skating from 8-15 to 10 p.m.
Dancing from 10 p.m. to 12 midnight.
Men of the Army and Navy admitted only as spectators on this Night.
Tickets are now on Sale at the Rink Office.

CITY LINE OF STEAMERS.



THE favourite Passenger Steamer "CITY of AGRA," 3274 Tons, Captain GREIVE, WILL SAIL for LIVERPOOL on or about the 9th May. This Steamer carries a Surgeon and Stewardess. Two Berth Cabins on Deck Saloon, Punkahs, and every comfort for First-class Passengers. No others carried. Crew entirely European.

SIR CHARLES FORBES & CO.,
Bombay, 12th April, 1890. Agents.

THE CLYDESDALE DYEING AND MANUFACTURING, Co., Ld., (IN LIQUIDATION.)

THE LIQUIDATORS are prepared to receive TENDERS for the purchase of the immoveable and moveable property of the Company, particulars of which can be obtained at their office, Graham's Buildings, Parsee Bazaar Street.

JOHN MARSHALL,
J. M. DRENNON,
N. J. GAMUDIA. } Liquidators.
Bombay, 9th April, 1890.

NOTICE.

THERE will be Offered for Sale by PUBLIC AUCTION, at the Commercial Godowns, Alleppey, at 2 p.m. on MONDAY, the 5th May 1890—2ith Medom 1065—about 80 candies of TRAVANCORE CARDAMOMS in HUSK. At the same time, a quantity of Bees-Wax. Ivory and Dammer will also be sold.

For further information refer to handbills which can be had on application to the Commercial Agent, Alleppey; Messrs. Arbuthnot and Co., Madras; or Messrs. Wallibhoy, Khanderbhoy, and Co., Bombay.

T. RAMA ROW,
Huzur Cutchery, Trivandrum, 2nd April, 1890. Dewan.

A MARVELLOUS REMEDY!
SQUIBB'S
DYSENTERY DROPS.

IF you mind to obtain Immediate Relief from this distressing and dangerous Disease, do not fail to try this Remedy. It is a prompt, positive, and unfailing Remedy for the Cure of the Acute Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Looseness and Bowel-Complaints. When used according to Directions it will give Relief in two or three Doses.

Price per Bottle. 2s., or Re. 1-4.
TO BE HAD AT ALL CHEMISTS AND DRUGGISTS, AND AT
F. S. MADON & COMPANY,
MARKET, BOMBAY.

BOMBAY CIRCULATING LIBRARY.
73, Medows Street, Fort, Bombay.

WEEKLY HOME NEWSPAPERS AND MONTHLY MAGAZINES for immediate supply to Mofussil Residents.
YEARLY SUBSCRIPTIONS, INCLUSIVE OF POSTAGE.

WEEKLY NEWSPAPERS.	Class A.	Class B.	Class C.
	Rs. a.	Rs. a.	Rs. a.
Athenæum	14 0	12 0	10 0
British Medical Journal	26 0	23 0	18 0
Catholic Times	10 0	8 0	6 0
Dublin Weekly Freeman	11 0	9 8	8 0
Engineer	34 0	29 0	24 0
Engineering	34 0	29 0	24 0
English Mechanic	12 0	10 8	8 8
Field	34 0	29 0	24 0
Funny Folks	10 0	8 8	7 0
Fair Play	14 0	12 0	10 0
Graphic	25 0	22 0	17 0
Home News	23 0	20 0	16 0
Illustrated London News	25 0	22 0	17 0
Lancet	34 0	29 0	24 0
London Figaro	10 0	8 8	7 0
Mail (Us-weekly)	34 0	29 0	24 0
New York Medical Journal	26 0	23 0	18 0
Overland Mail	23 0	20 0	16 0
Pall Mall Budget	16 0	14 0	11 0
Pictorial World	25 0	22 0	14 0
Public Opinion	12 0	10 8	8 0
Punch	14 0	12 0	10 8
St. James' Budget	23 0	20 0	16 0
Saturday Review	23 0	20 0	16 0
Scientific American	14 0	12 0	10 0
Do. do. Supplement	16	14 0	11 0
Truth	24 0	21 0	16 0
Tablet (Catholic)	22 0	10 0	15 0
Times (Weekly Edition	12 0	10 8	8 8
Tit-Bits	10 0	8 8	7 0
Vanity Fair	24 0	21 0	16 0
World	24 0	21 0	16 0
Weekly Register	14 0	11 0	8 0

Papers under Class A. are posted on arrival of the English Mail in Bombay.
Papers under Class B. are posted three days after arrival of the English Mail in Bombay.
Papers under Class C. are posted one week after arrival of the English Mail in Bombay.

MONTHLY MAGAZINES AND REVIEWS.

Ave Maria (Indiana)	10 0	9 0	7 0
Bermingham Medical Journal	9 0	8 0	6 0
Cassell's Family Magazines	5 0	4 8	3 8
Catholic Mission	3 0	2 8	2 0
Chambers' Journal	5 8	5 0	4 0
Contemporary Review	20 0	17 0	14 0
Catholic World	15 0	13 0	8 0
Cornhill Magazine	5 0	4 8	3 8
Dublin Medical Journal	15 0	14 0	8 0
Dublin Review (Quarterly)	16 0	14 0	9 0
Edinburgh Medical Journal	15 0	14 0	10 0
Family Herald	4 8	4 0	3 0
Fortnightly Review	20 0	17 0	14 0
Glasgow Medical Journal	15 0	14 0	8 0
Harper's Monthly Magazine	9 8	8 8	6 8
Irish Monthly	5 0	4 8	3 8
Lamp (Catholic)	5 0	4 8	3 8
Leisure Hour	4 8	4 0	3 0
Longman's Magazine	5 0	4 8	3 8
Merry England	9 0	8 0	6 0
Marine Engineer	5 0	4 8	3 8
Macmillan's Magazine	8 8	7 8	6 0
Month	15 0	13 0	8 0
National Review	20 0	17 0	14 0
Nineteenth Century	20 0	17 0	14 0
Practitioner	12 8	11 0	8 0
Provincial Medical Journal	5 8	5 0	4 8
Textile Manufacturer	10 8	9 0	
Textile Journal of Fabrics	10 0	9 0	7 0
Textile World	7 0	6 0	7 0
Young Ladies' Journal	7 8	6 8	5 0

Magazines under Class A. are posted on arrival in Bombay.
Magazines under Class B. are posted one week after arrival in Bombay.
Magazines under Class C. are posted three weeks after arrival in Bombay.
N. B.—All Subscriptions must be Paid in Advance.

TO BE LET, from 1st May, a Commodious BUNGALOW, with Harness Road, Malabar Hill, now in the occupation of J. W. O.r, Esq., Rent moderate, Apply to
E. W. FLOWER,
4, Hummum Street. House Agent.

TO BE LET, from the 15th April, for a Month or Six Weeks, one of the best coolest R sidences in the Fort, furnished with the use of a first rate Piano. For further Particulars apply to
E. W. FLOWER,
4, Hummum Street. House Agent.

TO BE LET, with immediate possession, a COMMODIOUS BUNGALOW at Breach Candy, Rent Rs. 175. Apply to
E. W. FLOWER,
4, Hummum Street. House Agent.

TO BE LET, with immediate possession, a Spacious and Cool RESIDENCE in Medows Street, lately occupied by D. Kinght, Esq. Rent Rs. 175. Apply to
E. W. FLOWER,
4, Hummum Street. House Agent.

TO BE LET, a Commodious and Airy BUNGALOW on the Top of Cumballa Hill, known as the "Cairn." For rent and other particulars apply to
E. W. FLOWER,
4, Hummum Street. House Agent.

TO BE LET, Spacious and Cool OFFICES, SHOPS and RESIDENCES in the New Buildings on the Old Secretariat premises. For further Particulars apply to
E. W. FLOWER,
4, Hummum Street. House Agent.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

NOTICE.—TENDERS are invited for the work of FOUNDATIONS and PLINTH of the Anjuman-i-Islam School on the Esplanade.
Plans and specifications can be seen, and blank forms of Tender and other particulars obtained at the office of the Undersigned.
Tenders, duly sealed and endorsed, should be delivered in the office of the undersigned, up to 1 p.m., on the 22nd instant.
The Undersigned does not bind himself to accept the lowest or any Tender.
MUNCHERJEE C. MURZBAN,
Executive Engineer, Presidency.
Bombay, 11th April 1890.

BOMBAY MUNICIPAL CORPORATION.

ADJOURNED MEETINGS of the CORPORATION will be held here at 3 and 3-15 p.m. on MONDAY, the 14th instant.
Municipal Offices, Bombay, 12th April 1890. { H. WYNFORD BARROW, Municipal Secretary.

a Note.—At the meeting called for 3 p.m., the supplemental bud et of the Joint Schools Committee which was brought on as a urgent matter at the meeting of the Corporation held on the 11th instant, will be considered.

SHARES FOR SALE.

A FEW CROWN BREWERY COMPANY'S SHARES to close an Estate. Also a few MURREE BREWERY COMPANY'S SHARES.
Apply to "Executor,"
Care of "CIVIL & MILITARY GAZETTE,"
Lahore.

NOTICE.

THE RIGHT, TITLE, and INTEREST of MR. BYRAMJEE DADABHOY MANAGE in our Firm as Secretari s, Managers and Agents of the Akola Manufacturing Company, Ld., has CEASED from the 1st instant, and the agency will hereafter continue in the partnership of RUSTOMJEE PESHOTAN WADIA and SHAPURJEE BYRAMJEE KATRAK in the name of S. B. KATRAK and Co.
S. B. KATRAK & Co.
Bombay, 12th April 1890.

IN THE COURT FOR THE RELIEF OF INSOLVENT DEBTORS, BOMBAY.
In the Matter of NANABHOY NAROTAMDAS and HARIDAS NANABHOY trading in Bombay under the name of NAROTAMDAS HARIBHAI and in Poona under the name of HARIDAS DULIRAM; adjudged Insolvents.

WHEREAS the Petition of DAVIDAS VENKATIDAS, the petitioning Creditor of the abovenamed Insolvents verified by the declaration of his said Petitioning Creditor dated the 31st March instant was filed in this Court on the eleventh day of April instant and whereas the said Nanabhoy Narotamdas and Haridas Nanabhoy have been duly adjudged to have been insolvent on an act of insolvency under the Provisions of Section nine of the Act Seventeen and twelve, Victoria chapter twenty one. It is ordered that all the real and personal estate and effects of the said Insolvents be vested in the Official Assignee of this Honorable Court. And it is further ordered that the said Insolvents do within thirty days from the date hereof file a schedule in this Honorable Court in the form in schedule C. to the said Act annexed, containing the full and true account of their debts, estate and effects. Dated this twelfth day of April one thousand eight hundred and ninety.

C. W. L. JACKSON,
Clerk of the Court.
Court House, Clerk of the Court's Office, Fort, Bombay, this 12th day of April 1890.

NOTES
INDIAN LAND REVENUE.
FOR PRINCIPLE AND SOUND POLICY,
BY
TODAR MAL
Price, Re. 1. Postage half anna.
Copies can be had at the *Bombay Gazette* Office.

SALES BY AUCTION.

MENESSE AND COMPANY.

On THURSDAY, the 17th instant. Messrs. MENESSE & Co. will hold their usual weekly Auction Sale at their Rooms, of a quantity of grey and colored piece goods twist, &c.—
5 Cases white handkerchieves.
4 " drill.
3 " shirdings.
1 case white muslin.
1 " silk satin and velvet.
2 cases silk bordered grey dhootles.
2 " grey sarungas.
On account of the concerned—
E & O & Co—101—1 case S W D Haberdassery.
Ex. s. s. Hongkong.

AUCTION SALE OF COMMISSARIAT STORES.

On WEDNESDAY, the 16th inst, at 12 noon Messrs. MENESSE and Co., will under instructions from the Commissaria Storekeeper General sell by Public Auction at the Commissariat stores, Town Barracks:—
Unappropriated provisions and dead stock articles, &c.
MENESSE & Co.
Bombay, 14th April, 1890.

MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO., No. 4, FORBES & MEDOWS STREETS.

SALE OF RAFTERS, BAMBOOS, LIGHT STANDS, LIGHT STARS, POST LAMPS, CANVAS, CLOTH, ROPES, LONG SPARS, &c.
By order of Khan Bahadur Muncherjee C. Murzban, C.E., Secretary, Reception Committee, the undersigned will sell by Public Auction, this day, MONDAY, the 14th instant, at 1 p.m., at the Parade Ground, Esplanade, the materials used in the late illuminations and the People's Fair, consisting of a quantity of Teak Rafters, bolor bamboos, planks, scantling, long spars, Chinese lanterns, bamboo trellis works, light stands, light stars, oil lamps, lanterns, cut pieces of long cloth, colored calico, Tarpaulin canvas, fringe cur ains, ropes, tig lines, coir string, pulley blocks, ladders, bar iron, iron and lead pipes, empty oil drums and kegs, nails, &c.
MEHRJEE, JOHNSTON & CO.
Bombay, 14th April, 1890.

BENNETT AND COMPANY, No 22, APOLLO STREET.

The sale of Mr. F. Stockl ger's furniture has been postponed from Saturday, the 12th to to-day, the 14th instant.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, 14th inst., at 1 p.m., Messrs. BENNETT & Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 22, Dalhousie Road, Malabar Hill, the very valuable and handsom walnut wood and cane seat and back drawing room furniture of plated ware, very fine crockery and glassware, first rate mahogany dining room requisites by Doughas and Watts, London, a sweet tone Cottage Pianoforte by Stedman and Co., Hinks's table and hanging lamps, pictures, carpets, Cooper's chairs in tubs and pots, the property of A. B. Dadachi, Esq.
Catalogues are published and the property is on view.
Also the property of another gentleman—
A handsome strong built Broughan and a mail phaeton, both in good order.

On WEDNESDAY the 16th inst., sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 31, Marine Lines, the valuable and handsome iron to polished blackwood and teakwood inlaid household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, handsome table ornament and flower vases, table and hanging lamps, English made large section carpets, &c., the property of the late Lieut. C. M. H. MERRIMAN Adjutant, Marine Battalion.
Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

SALE OF VALUABLE LANDED PROPERTY IN HORMUSJEE LANE AT LOWER COLABA.

Under instructions from the parties concerned, Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction on the premises, on WEDNESDAY, the 16th inst., at 4 p.m., the undermentioned valuable landed property, viz.—
All that piece of land and agree ground, together with the 2 storied dwelling house standing thereon, situate on the south side of Hormusjee Lane at Lower Colaba, containing admeasurement 3,0 square yards or there bouts, assessed by the Collector of Assessment, under ward No. 7,9 and street No. 9,8, and bounded on the east by the property of Manecbai Cowajee Nanjee, on the west by the property of Merwanjee Dalal, occupied as police station, on the north by the aforesaid Hormusjee Lane, and on the south by the compound wall of the Gunpowder Depot.
The property is in the occupation of 3 or 4 European families, and yields a monthly rental of about Rs 110.
Further particulars and conditions of sale may be learnt on application to the undersigned.

On THURSDAY, the 17th April, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 31, Wodehouse, Bridge Road, Colaba the valuable and handsome french polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware and some table ornaments and flower vases, table and hanging lamps, pictures, carpets, &c., the property of the late Capt. F. W. HODGE.
Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

On SATURDAY, the 19th inst., sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 29, Marine Lines, the valuable and handsome french-polished carved and white blackwood, teakwood and inlaid satinwood furniture of the latest design, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, handsome table ornaments and flower vases, Persian and Cashmere carpets, Hinks's table and hanging kerosine oil lamps, a large size full-carved partition screen, &c., the property of Col. C. C. PEMBERTON.
A catalogue will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

SALE OF SUPERIOR BENTWOOD FURNITURE.

On MONDAY next, the 21st instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their rooms:—
A varied assortment of superior and specially selected bentwood furniture by Kohn, consisting of chairs with and without arms, revolving office chairs, lady's arm and reclining chairs, bookcases and stands, rocking chairs, &c., &c., all in black mahogany and natural colors, with newly patented screw seat, the whole being artistically designed.

SALE OF UNSERVICEABLE ORDNANCE STORES.

Under instructions from the Ordnance Officer Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are will sell by Public Auction at the Arsenal, on FRIDAY, the 25th inst., at 2 p.m.—
A quantity of stores, consisting of six wagons, pawlins, leather cuttings, canvas pieces, old brass, old copper, old iron and steel, &c.
CRAWFORD & CO.
Bombay, 14th April, 1890.

THE "ST. JAMES'S BUDGET."
A WEEKLY EDITION
OF THE
"ST. JAMES'S GAZETTE."
RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION
Including Postage.
Twelve months... ..... Rs. 26
Six months ..... " 13-8
The "St. James's Budget" may be ordered at the above rates from Messrs. THACKER, SPINK and Co. Calcutta. Messrs. THACKER and Co. Ld., Bombay; or Messrs. HIGGINBOTHAM and Co., Madras.
The paper will be posted from London direct or the subscriber's address.
If sent to England the Rates of Subscription including postage is 5s. 2d. per quarter.
OFFICE—Dorset Street, Whitefriars London.

REGENT PARK CANINE SURGERY.
Patronised by Royalty, June 18, 1879.
Oct. 25, 1879, His Highness the Khan of Kelat.

MR. SPENCE, for convenience of resident in India, to avoid delay in answering letters quotes the following prices:—

BLOODHOUNDS	£25 each.
DEERHOUNDS	£20 "
MASTIFFS	£20 "
BOARHOUNDS	£20 "
BULL DOGS	£20 "
BULL TERRIERS	£10 "
FOX TERRIERS	£10 "
IRISH TERRIERS	£10 "
WELLBROKE POINTERS, SETTERS, AND RETRIEVERS	£20
WELL-BROKEN SPANIELS	£10

Apply
MR. CHAS. BELL SPENCE, M.R.C.V.S.,
Lanark Villas, Maida Vale London.

KEATING'S INSECT POWDER.

BUGS, FLEAS MOTHS, BEETLES, and all other Insects are destroyed by KEATING'S INSECT DESTROYING POWDER, which is quite harmless to Domestic Animals. In exterminating Beetles, the success of this powder is extraordinary, as no one need be troubled by those pests. It is perfectly clean in application. Ask for, and take no other than "KEATING'S POWDER," as imitations are noxious, and fail in giving satisfaction. Sold by all Chemists in Tins and Bottles.

A BOON TO MEN
Who suffer from NERVOUS DEBILITY LOST VIGOUR, EXHAUSTED VITALITY, KIDNEY DISEASES, &c. A Treatise explaining the renowned MARSTON treatment by *local absorption*, the only positive cure without Stomach Medicine, will be sent in plain wrapper, post free, upon application.
The MARSTON REMEDY & Co., 249, High Holborn, LONDON.

ESTABLISHED 1849.

J. & R. SHORROCK,
BOLTON ROAD & LEE FOUNDRIES
DARWEN, LANCASHIRE,
Manufacture Specialities in
PAPER-MAKING MACHINERY,
COTTON-WEAVING MACHINERY.
Corliss Engines, Boilers, Mill Gearing,
Estimates and Drawings on Application.

ONE BOX OF CLARKE'S B 41 PILLS
warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional), Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors: THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England.

CONTAMINATIONS
of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Disease, hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE, the great Blood Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scorefula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains for it removes the *cause* from the blood and bones of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d. and 11s. per bottle. Thousands of Testimonials.

Bombay, 11th April, 1890.

SALES BY AUCTION.

CRAWFORD AND COMPANY, 7, MARINE STREET.

WEEKLY AUCTION SALE.

THIS DAY, MONDAY, the 14th inst, at 2 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. will sell by Public Auction at their rooms:—
10 bales grey shirtings.
5 " " dhoties.
5 cases prints.
1 " coatings.
20 " blue, black and violet black copying and writing ink.
10 " black ink.
3 " each 5 to boxes cigars.
8 " cases nine 6 doz. n each of blood's pale ale in pin s in prime condition.
1 case chan e's and Holloway.
On account and at the risk of Vussonjee Nuthoo, the first purcha er—
100 casks of white ng.
On account of whom it may concern—
Y 4735-44 (10 barrels alizarine 20 per cent.
755 500-500 (5 barrels alizarine 20 per cent.
By order of the concerned and on account and at the risk of all o se ok Hajee Hasham.
5 cases coatings, trouserings, flannels, &c.
On account and the risk of the first purchasers, Messrs. Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy & Company—
4 marble s abs, each measuring 9 feet by 5 feet 11 inch.
1 lot pop rty of a deceased gentleman to be sold by order of—
An exce lent cottage piano by Stodart & Co. A few articles of household furniture, Volunteer uniforms, Masonic clothing and jewels.
One pony 6 to 8 g n leman—One cottage boudoir pianoforte, by Soundy & Co.
Sale to commence at 2 P. M.
1 handsome new landau, suitable for a single horse.
1 handsome new victoria.
1 dog cart capable to carry four persons.
1 strong second hand one-seat dog cart.
1 handsome chestnut horse quite to ride and drive.
1 Bay Arab carriage horse, 13 years old.
1 dozen abyssinian bullocks.
And many other carriages and horses which may be offered.

TO-MORROW, TUESDAY, the 15th inst, at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at Middle Colaba, the valuable and handsom French polished black wood and teak wood household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, a first rate full sized slate billiard table, with balls, cues, lamps, &c., complete with tables and marking boards, a sweet tone Cottage Pianoforte by Stedman and Co., Hinks's table and hanging lamps, pictures, carpets, Cooper's chairs in tubs and pots, &c., the property of A. B. Dadachi, Esq.
Catalogues are published and the property is on view.
Also the property of another gentleman—
A handsome strong built Broughan and a mail phaeton, both in good order.

On THURSDAY, the 17th April, sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at No. 31, Wodehouse, Bridge Road, Colaba the valuable and handsome french polished blackwood and teakwood household furniture, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, handsome table ornaments and flower vases, table and hanging lamps, pictures, carpets, &c., the property of the late Capt. F. W. HODGE.
Catalogues are published and the property is on view.

On SATURDAY, the 19th inst., sale commencing at 1 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction, at No. 29, Marine Lines, the valuable and handsome french-polished carved and white blackwood, teakwood and inlaid satinwood furniture of the latest design, best plated ware, rich crockery and glassware, handsome table ornaments and flower vases, Persian and Cashmere carpets, Hinks's table and hanging kerosine oil lamps, a large size full-carved partition screen, &c., the property of Col. C. C. PEMBERTON.
A catalogue will be published and the property will be on view 4 days before the sale.

SALE OF SUPERIOR BENTWOOD FURNITURE.

On MONDAY next, the 21st instant, at 3 p.m., Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are instructed to sell by Public Auction at their rooms:—
A varied assortment of superior and specially selected bentwood furniture by Kohn, consisting of chairs with and without arms, revolving office chairs, lady's arm and reclining chairs, bookcases and stands, rocking chairs, &c., &c., all in black mahogany and natural colors, with newly patented screw seat, the whole being artistically designed.

SALE OF UNSERVICEABLE ORDNANCE STORES.

Under instructions from the Ordnance Officer Messrs. CRAWFORD and Co. are will sell by Public Auction at the Arsenal, on FRIDAY, the 25th inst., at 2 p.m.—
A quantity of stores, consisting of six wagons, pawlins, leather cuttings, canvas pieces, old brass, old copper, old iron and steel, &c.
CRAWFORD & CO.
Bombay, 14th April, 1890.

THE "ST. JAMES'S BUDGET."
A WEEKLY EDITION
OF THE
"ST. JAMES'S GAZETTE."
RATES OF SUBSCRIPTION
Including Postage.
Twelve months... ..... Rs. 26
Six months ..... " 13-8
The "St. James's Budget" may be ordered at the above rates from Messrs. THACKER, SPINK and Co. Calcutta. Messrs. THACKER and Co. Ld., Bombay; or Messrs. HIGGINBOTHAM and Co., Madras.
The paper will be posted from London direct or the subscriber's address.
If sent to England the Rates of Subscription including postage is 5s. 2d. per quarter.
OFFICE—Dorset Street, Whitefriars London.

REGENT PARK CANINE SURGERY.
Patronised by Royalty, June 18, 1879.
Oct. 25, 1879, His Highness the Khan of Kelat.

MR. SPENCE, for convenience of resident in India, to avoid delay in answering letters quotes the following prices:—

BLOODHOUNDS	£25 each.
DEERHOUNDS	£20 "
MASTIFFS	£20 "
BOARHOUNDS	£20 "
BULL DOGS	£20 "
BULL TERRIERS	£10 "
FOX TERRIERS	£10 "
IRISH TERRIERS	£10 "
WELLBROKE POINTERS, SETTERS, AND RETRIEVERS	£20
WELL-BROKEN SPANIELS	£10

Apply
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DARWEN, LANCASHIRE,
Manufacture Specialities in
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Corliss Engines, Boilers, Mill Gearing,
Estimates and Drawings on Application.

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warranted to cure all discharges from the Urinary Organs, in either sex (acquired or constitutional), Gravel and Pains in the Back. Guaranteed free from Mercury. Sold in Boxes, 4s. 6d. each, by all Chemists and Patent Medicine Vendors throughout the World. Proprietors: THE LINCOLN AND MIDLAND COUNTIES DRUG COMPANY, Lincoln, England.

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of the Blood, whether the after-effect of Contagious Disease, hereditary taint, or foul matter of any description, are positively carried out of the system by taking CLARKE'S WORLD-FAMED BLOOD MIXTURE, the great Blood Purifier and Restorer. For cleansing and clearing the Blood from all impurities it cannot be too highly recommended. For Scorefula, Scurvy, Eczema, Skin and Blood Diseases, and Sores of all kinds, it is a never-failing and permanent Cure. It is the only real specific for Gout and Rheumatic Pains for it removes the *cause* from the blood and bones of Chemists, &c., everywhere at 2s. 9d. and 11s. per bottle. Thousands of Testimonials.

Bombay, 11th April, 1890.

DR. J. COLLIS BROWNE'S CHLORODYNE,
THE ORIGINAL AND ONLY GENUINE.

ADVICE TO INVALIDS.—If you wish to obtain quiet, refreshing sleep, free from headache relief from pain and anguish, to calm and assuage the weary achings of protracted disease, invigorate the nervous media, and regulate the circulating systems of the body, you will provide yourself with that marvellous remedy discovered by Dr. J. Collis Browne (late Army Medical Staff), to which he gave the name of CHLORODYNE, and which is admitted by the Profession to be the most wonderful and valuable remedy ever discovered.
CHLORODYNE is the best remedy known for Coughs, Consumption Bronchitis, Asthma.
CHLORODYNE acts like a charm in Diarrhœa and is the only specific in Cholera and Dysentery.
CHLORODYNE effectually cuts short all attacks of Epilepsy, Hysteria, Palpitation, and Spasms.
CHLORODYNE is the only palliative in Neuralgia, Rheumatism, Gout, Cancer, Toothache, Meningitis, &c.
From Symes & Co., Pharmaceutical Chemists, Medical Hall, Simla, January 5, 1880, to J. T. Davenport, Esq., 33, Great Russell-street, Bloomsbury, London. "Dear Sir,—We embrace this opportunity of congratulating you upon the widespread reputation this justly esteemed medicine Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne, has earned for itself not only in Hindostan, but all over the East. As a remedy of general utility, we much question whether a better is imported into the country, and we shall be glad to hear of its finding a place in every Anglo-Indian home. The other brands, we are happy to say, are now relegated to the native bazaars, and judging from their sale, we fancy their sojourn there will be but evanescent. We could multiply instances *ad infinitum* of the extraordinary efficacy of Dr. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne in Diarrhœa and Dysentery, Spasms, Cramps, Neuralgia, the Vomiting of Pregnancy and as a general sedative, that have occurred under our own personal observation during many years. In Cholera, Diarrhœa, and even in the more terrible forms of Cholera itself, we have witnessed its surprisingly controlling power. We have never used any other form of this medicine than Collis Browne's from a firm conviction that it is decidedly the best, and also from a sense of duty we owe to the profession and the public, as we are of opinion that the substitution of any other than Collis Browne's is a DELIBERATE BREACH OF FAITH ON THE PART OF THE CHEMIST TO PRESCRIBER AND PATIENT ALIKE. We are, sir, faithfully yours Symes & Co., Members of the Pharmacy of Great Britain, His Excellency the Viceroy's Chemists."
CAUTION.—Vice-Chancellor Sir W. Page Wood states that Dr. J. Collis Browne was, undoubtedly, the Inventor of Chlorodyne; that the story of the defendant Freeman was deliberately untrue, which, he regretted to say had been proved to his face.—See "The Times," July 13, 1864.
Sold in bottles at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s. each. None is genuine without the words "Dr. J. Collis Browne's Chlorodyne" on the Government stamp. Overwhelming medical testimony accompanies each bottle.
CAUTION.—Beware of piracy and imitation. Sole Manufacturer—J. T. DAVENPORT, 33, Russell's Street, Bloomsbury London.

PILSENER BEER.
KAISER BREWERY.
BECK & CO., BREMEN ("KEY" MARK).
THE LIGHTEST, PUREST, AND MOST WHOLESOME IN THE MARKET.
First Prize, Philadelphia Centennial Exhibition, 1876.
Highest Diploma and Silver Medal, Calcutta, 1883-84.
In Excellent Condition. Fresh Supplies always available.
Rs. 22 per case of 4 dozen quarts. Rs. 31 per case of 8 dozen pints.
N.B.—Please see that the words "KAISER BREWERY BECK & Co." are on the be without which none are from this celebrated Brewery.
OLDEMEYER & HADENFELDT, CALCUTTA,
GENERAL AGENTS FOR THE BENGAL AND BOMBAY PRESIDENCIES AND UPPER INDIA.

GLADE & CO., BOMBAY.
AGENTS FOR THE BOMBAY PRESIDENCY.
DHUNJEEBHOY COWASJEE OOMRIGAR, SUB-AGENT.
Up-country Orders must be accompanied by Remittance or references for payment in Bombay.
Special Terms granted to Clubs and Messes and discount to the Trade.

PAINS IN THE BACK, GRAVEL, LUMBAGO, GOUT, RHEUMATISM, DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS AND BLADDER, STRICTURE, &c.

DR. DE ROOS' COMPOUND RENAL PILLS
Are a safe and speedy Remedy for the above dangerous complaints, Discharges and Diseases of the Organs generally, which too frequently harass the sufferer over the best years of life, and end only in agonising death. For weakness across the loins, sandy or other deposit in the water, and in all renal or urinary disturbance, they are, indeed, unrivalled. They correct acidity of the stomach, the functions of the liver and kidneys thereby preventing stone in the bladder, &c. Many complaints long supposed to be nervous, often arise solely from contamination of the blood with certain impurities which should have been carried off by the kidneys. Thousands of testimonials from grateful patients attest their marvellous efficacy. In packages, 2s. 9d. and 4s. 6d.

DR. DE ROOS' PILULÆ VITÆ, OR VEGETABLE LIFE PILLS.
The most wonderful Pills in the world for Biliousness and all Disorders of the Liver, Stomach, and Bowels. Their action is mild yet effectual; they do not gripe or purge, and for habitual costiveness loss of appetite, disturbed sleep, harassing dreams, wind, indigestion, sick headache, furred tongue, unpleasant taste in the mouth on the morning, sallowness, scurvy, &c., they are of unexampled efficacy; being prepared solely from the vegetable kingdom, may be taken by the most delicate of either sex, equally with the robust, merely regulating the dose according to the printed directions accompanying each box.
Those who are subject to occasional attacks of Biliousness instead of resorting to the old-fashioned pill and nauseous black draught, will do well to keep a box of these Pills by them and never leave home without them: an attack may thus be nipped in the bud by taking a dose or two, which, if allowed to run course a few days, would probably almost completely prostrate its unhappy victim. Sold in boxes at 1s. 1½d., 2s. 9d., 4s. 6d., and 11s.

#

BOMBAY BILL AND STOCK LISTS.

BANKS.

Names.	Shares.	Amount.	Paid-up	Last Half-Yearly. Divd.	Cash Rate.
INDIAN BANKS.		Rs.	Rs.		Rs.
Bank of Bombay	20,000	500	500	4 pr. ct.	917½
Bank of Bengal	40,000	500	all	5 pr. ct.	980
Bnk of Madras	10, 00	500	all	5 pr. ct.	930
EXCHANGE BANKS.					
Agra	100,000	£10	all	5 pr. ct.	125
Charter Bank ...	40,000	£20	£20	7½ pr.ct.	£25
Char. Mercantile	30,000	£35	£35	5 pr. ct.	380
Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation	60,000	£125	all	17½ pr.ct.	..
National Bank of India	37,320	£25	£12½	5 pr. ct.	180
New Oriental Bank	50,000	£10	all	6 pr. ct.	170

PRESS COMPANIES.

				Yearly.	
Akbar	200	1,250	1,250	75	1,150
Albert Ginning Co	100	500	all	18 pr. ct.	450
Albert (Kurrachee)	200	1,100	1,100	60	700x
Apollo	750	2,400	2,200	Nil.	255
Bellary	177	1,000	1,000	Nil.	410
Bombay Chiton	1,000	125	125	20	140
Breul's Cawnpore Press Co. Ld.	500	200	200	16	9
Colaba	500	1,880	1,880	55	335
East India	350	1,000	1,000	130	1,230
English Press and Manfg. Co., Ld.....	400	250	...	...	195
Fort	150	8,500	8,500	150	1,175
French	300	500	all	50	535
Harvey and Sabapathy	450	450	500	60	400
Khangaum	240	450	450	45	410
Mahimadpura Cotton G. and P. Co., Ld.	300	500	500	pr. ct. 50	
Mercantile	1,000	125	125	Nil.	60
Mofussil Co	3,125	400	400	50	435
Munmar M.....	1,000	250	all	25	177½
New Berar	1,200	500	500	45	515
New Indian	4,000	125	125	11	87½
Prince of Wales	600	500	500	40	345
Sabapathy (Bellary)	500	500	50	60	500
Sassoon	300	500	500	25	500
Sind and Panjab Co	100	1,200	1,000	25	1,150
Sind	400	2,000	750	50	480
Volkart	..	1,000	all	60	615

MISCELLANEOUS.

Alcock Ashdown	1,000	200	200	Rs. 15	200
Badham Pile & Co., Ld	750	150	150	Rs. 7½	150
Bombay Co., Ld.	4,000	100	100	Rs. 14	140
Bombay Land and Building Co., Ld	225	00	185	Nil	45
Bombay Flour Mill Co	750	500	500	6 p.c. 10 p.c.	60
Bombay Ice Co. Ld	1,250	100	100	Rs. 5	81
Bombay & Burmah Trading Corporation..	1,000	2,500	180	Rs. 180	3,225
Do (3rd Issue)	2,000	62	45	Rs. 45	810
Municipal Bonds	...	...	...	p.c	105
Clydesdale Dyeing Co	1,000	500	...	...	..
Cooper Madon Ld	3,000	100	100	Rs.	8
Deccan Paper Mills	1,000	500	500	Nil	40 nil
Delhi and Northern India Flour	1,500	200	200	...	167½
Geyer & Co. Ld.	500	100	40	...	40
Indian Guaranteed Surety-ship Ass.	5,000	100	10	10 p.c	1
Kaiser-i-Hind Gold Mining Co., Ld	62,000	25	25	...	4½
Kurrachee Ligtherage	500	250	250	...	7
Kemp & Co. Ld	4,000	200	175	Rs. 26	360
Marcks & Co., Ld.	4,000	0	100	Rs. 10	70
Napier Hotel Co	300	10	100	15 p.c.	7
Lo Foundry	500	100	100	...	6
Oriental Govt. Security Life Ass	5,000	200	50	10 p.c.	275
Oriental Loan Asso	5,000	20	20	8 p.s	21
Port Canning Co	6,000	600	1,000	Rs. 2	365
Royal Flour Mills	2,500	100	100	5	50
Phillips & Co., Ld	4,000	100	100	Rs.	93
Soundy & Co., Ld.	1,000	100	...	9 p.c.	100
Southwell and Austin	1,000	...	98	...	80
Telephone and Co., Ld.	19,000	20	500	Rs. 5-8	114
Treacher and Co., Ld.	1,305	500	100	Rs. 85	1,225
Thacker & Co., Ld	1,500	100	...	Rs. 10	131
Western India Flour	600	1	12	Nil.	35
T M Modi & Co Bhownuggger City P. & M. Co., Ld	550	250	250	Rs. 15	230

SPINNING AND WEAVING COMPANIES.

				Last half-yearly.	
Ahmedabad ...	600	1,000	1,000	10	1,300
Alfred Manufacture.....	1,000	500	500	Nil.	100
Alliance	1,500	1,000	all	Nil.	455
Albert Edward Mills	1,000	500	500	Nil.	175
Anglo-Indian	9,345	100	100	Nil.	65
Bellary & Co. Ld (Bellary)	871	500	all	25	500
Bombay Unified	900	1,000	1,000	25	650
Bombay Cotton Manfg. Co ...	600	500	500	20	390
Central India..	3,750	800	800	45	840
City of Bombay Mills....	600	1,000	1,000	40	860
Connaught Mills	600	500	500	15	520
Colaba Land & Mill.....	4,000	700	700	10	600
Coorla Mills ...	800	1,00	1,00	40	420
David Mill	1,400	400	200	15	440
Dhun Mills	1,000	1,000	1,000	Nil.	900
Empress	2,100	300	all	15	480
Framjee Petit.	1,25	1,000	1,000	Nil.	420
Gordon Mills ...	2,00	1,000	1,000	Nil.	115
Hindustan	875	1,000	1,000	40	710
Hingunghat Mill	700	500	500	40	750
Howard and Bullough ...	1,500	50	500	15	470
Hyderabad ...	700	1,000	1,000	35	690x1
Imporial Cotton	900	500	500	Nil.	330
Indian Manfg..	100	1,000	1,00	50	890xd
James Greaves.	1,100	5,0	500	15	520
Jaffer Alli	600	50	500	Nil.	350
Jamshed manufacturing Co.	1,800	250	250	7½	230
ewras Baloo..	1,000	1,000	1,000	45	860
Khandesh ...	750	1,000	1,000	Nil.	560
Khangaum Manfg. Co.....	400	250	250	Nil.	200 nom
Khatau Mackunjee	1,000	1,000	1,00	Nil.	320
Leopold ...	3,500	100	100	5	140
Lukmidas Spinning & Weaving Co	1,000	1,00	1,00	35	695
Madras United..	3,0	1,000	1,000	100	1,800xd
Mahalaxmee..	6.0	1,0.0	1,00	Nil.	400
Mahboob Shahi Mills (Gulburga) ...	2,400	500	500	9 pr. ct.	500 nom
Manockjee Petit	4,000	1,000	all	50	1,130
Mazagon	3,000	250	250	Nil.	92½
Morarji Jocundas ...	1,050	1,0.0	1,000	75	1,565
Mahar Mysore & M Co	4,5.0	100	100	7 pr. ct.	105
National	900	1,0 0	1,0.0	Nil.	260
New Great Eastern	1,100	1,00	1,00	Nil	615
Oriental ...	1,725	925	925	10	360
People of India.	1,00	250	250	Nil.	65
Presidency Mills Co (Ld.)	743	1,000	1,000	50	900
Prince of Wales	1,250	600	1,250	Nil.	5 nom
Sassoon ..	1,45	1,00	1,00	25	1,30
Shahapore Mills.	500	1,00	1,0.0	50	1,25
Soondurdas	750	1,00	1,0.	Nil.	350
Southern India.	1,00	500	500	Nil.	115
Southern Mahratta ...	1,212	250	25	12½	275
Sun Mills, Ld..	1,5.0	250	250	Nil.	255
Star of India ..	1,00	1,0.0	1,0.0	40	560
Syadosh Mills..	3,0 0	500	500	Nil.	355
Victoria Mills..	85	1,000	1,0.0	Nil.	375
Western India.	1,200	1,000	1,000	Nil.	375
Queen Mills.....	67	1,0.0	1,000	50	710
Ripon Mills.....	600	1,00	1,000	50	720xd

RAILWAY COMPANIES.

G I P. R. Gtd per ct	...	£10	All	at 5 p.c 2,55
B. B. & C. I. R. Guaant d 5 per cent.....	...	£ 16	...	at 5 p.c 420

BANK OF BENGAL.

The following is the statement of the affairs of the Bank of Bengal for the week ending 8th April, as compared with the statement of the 1st April :—

LIABILITIES.	April 1. Rs. A. P.	April 8. Rs. A. P.
Capital paid up	2,00,00,000 0 0	2,00,00,000 0 0
Reserve Fund	58,00,000 0 0	58,00,000 0 0
Public Deposits, &c.	2,42,69,163 2 8	2,42,58,940 2 8
Other Deposits, &c.	2,91,94,057 14 3	2,72,35,572 12 3
Bank Post Bills, &c.	5,43,834 5 3	4,15,872 7 9
Sundries	9,87,790 0 11	10,79,9,92 10 11
	Rs. 7,87,94,845 6 8	7,94,85,318 2 0

ASSETS.	Rs. A. P.	Rs. A. P.
Government Securities ..	14,61,848 12 0	19,01,755 0 0
Other authorised Investments	69,31,886 0 0	69,06,966 0 0
Loans on Govt. and other authorised Securities..	1,93,83,034 8 0	2,03,81,613 13 7
Credits on do.	1,23,71,636 12 4	1,20,10,143 9 5
Bills discounted &c.	1,93,2,986 11 1	1,98,67,412 9 5
Balances with other banks	8,39,846 3 4	8,69,736 4 2
Bullion	4,288 12 5	4,130 12 0
Bond Stock	12,37,-94 1 3	12,38,162 12 8
Stamps	13,124 15 11	13,460 9 3
Sundries.....	2,46,848 10 7	2,60,632 15 3
Cash &c. at Head Office..	81,94,704 11 10	61,60,136 7 0
Do. at Branches.....	88 08 377 3 11	97,32,095 14 8
	Rs. 7,87,94,845 6 8	7,94,85,318 2 0

METEOROLOGICAL OBSERVATIONS.

GOVERNMENT OBSERVATORY.

BOMBAY, 11th April 1890.

Means of observations at 6 a.m., 10 a.m., 2 p.m., 4 p.m. and 10 p.m.

Barometer corrected 32 deg. Fah.....	29·78
Temperature of the Air	83·3
Wet Bulb Thermometer.....	76·5
Dew Point	73·9
Relative humidity of Air	·737
Extent of cloudy sky (the whole sky clouded=10) ..	5·4
Maximum temperature of air (read at 8 a.m. next day)	89·4
Minimum do. (read at 8 a.m.)	77·0
General Directions of Wind a	NW, S, WNW, NW, NNW.
Movement of wind in 24 hours a ..... from midnight to midnight.	293

VALUABLE DISCOVERY FOR THE HAIR.—If your hair is turning grey or white, or falling off, use "The Mexican Hair Renewer," for it WILL POSITIVELY RESTORE IN EVERY CASE GREY OR WHITE HAIR to its original colour, without leaving the disagreeable smell of most Restoratives. It makes the hair charmingly beautiful as well as promoting the growth of the hair on bald spots where the glands are not decayed. Ask your Chemists for "The MEXICAN HAIR RENEWER," sold by Chemists and Perfumers everywhere at Rs. 2½ per bottle. Sold wholesale by the Anglo-American Co., Limited Farringdon Road, London, England.

BOMBAY.

TO-DAY.

Second Criminal Sessions, 10 a.m.
Municipal Corporation, 3 p.m.
Meeting of University Senate, 5-15 p.m.
Music at the Yacht Club, 5-45 p.m.
Columbia Skating Rink, 5 to 7-30 and 8-30 to 11 p. m.

VESSELS ARRIVED.—The following vessels arrived on the 12th :—John Bright (s), from Batoum ; Saint Fillans (s), North Shields ; Perim (s), Shanghai ; and Akaba (s), Perim. Yesterday :—Assam (s). from Aden ; and Idar (s), Cardiff.

VESSELS SAILED.—The following vessels sailed on the 12th :—Labourdonnais (s), for Aden ; Oriental (s), London, &c. ; and Incharran (s), Dunkirk. Yesterday :—Kilwa (s), and Sculptor (s), for Persian Gulf.

THE FIVE-MILE RACE AT THE RINK.—There was a large assembly at the Rink on Saturday night to witness the five-mile race. There were six entries, and on the 3rd mile out of the six that entered only two competitors remained, the race was won by about 12 yards. Mr. Downing making a good second.

PHOTOGRAPHS OF LORD REAY AND LORD HARRIS.—Mr. F. Ahrle was on Saturday morning summoned to Government House to take a group, including their Excellencies Lord Harris and Lord and Lady Reay and their respective staffs. This object having been achieved, separate photographs of Lord Harris were taken.

THE NEW PORTUGUESE PAPER.—Mr. Francis Couto writes :—Referring to your kind notice in to-day's paper, concerning my connection with the newly-started journal, the *Horas Vagas*, I must request you to contradict the statement relating to me, inasmuch as I don't covet such honour, and have, moreover, severed from this date my connection with the paper.

A GANG OF GAMBLERS.—At the Girgaum Police Court on Saturday, Inspector George placed Doorgaiag Bhoodasing, Yakoob Suleeman, Jowraj Oodajee, Isma.l Kalaykhan, Mahomed Oosman, Imamoodin Abdools, Gulail Kukut, Kharim Rustom, and Laloo Kader before Mr. Ryan, the Second Presidency Magistrate, charged with having been found gambling with dice and money in a house, situated in Trimback Purasram Street. The Inspector informed his Worship that this house was an old haunt of these men, some of whom had been arrested there on several previous occasions. Nos. 1, 2, 4, 6, and 9 having admitted previous convictions were fined Rs. 10 each, the rest having each to pay Rs. 5.

MUSIC AT THE YACHT CLUB.—The band of the 4th Bombay Rifles will play the following programme at the Yacht Club, this evening, at 5-45 p.m. :—

Quadrille.....	Rondabout.....	Williams.
Gavotte	Stephanie.....	Czibulka.
Valse	The Colonel.....	Bucalossi.
Fantasia	A Burlesque	Kappey.
Valse	Gypsies	Crowe.
Selection.....	The Bohemian Girl	Baife.
Galop	Pomona	Leutner.

GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

A NAVAL NIGHT AT THE RINK.—There was a large assembly of the officers and men of the Royal Navy at the Rink, on Friday night. At 10 o'clock, the one-mile race for Blue Jackets was competed for. There being twelve entries and was run in two heats, J. Frenaman, painter of H. M. S. Boadicia, being 1st ; and H. Dawson, marine of H. M. S. Cossack, 2nd in the 1st heat ; G. Moreton of H. M. S. Pigeon 1st, and J. Fallows of H. M. S. Grifron, 2nd, in the 2nd heat ; after 10 minutes general skating the final heat of 1sts and 2nds was run. J. Frenaman took the lead till the 7th lap, when G. Moreton passed him and won by half a lap. He was duly presented with the prize, a silver keyless watch.

FOUND DROWNED.—The Coroner, Dr. Thomas Blaney, held an inquest, yesterday, on the body of Kabeeroodin Muradkan, aged nine years, at Tandel Street. Deceased was the son of Muzeesuke. At about 5 p.m. yesterday Kabeeroodin left home to go to prayers in a Musjid. Shortly after leaving home news was brought to his mother that the body of the deceased was found floating in the Musjid Tank. The body of the deceased was identified by Muzeesuke being dressed in the same clothes in which he was wearing on leaving home. As there were no external marks of violence on the body, the jury returned a verdict of accidental death by drowning.

A PRACTICAL JOKE.—Mr. B. Thomson, a Eurasian, laid a charge of theft against Joan Ramjee at the Girgaum Police Court on Saturday before Mr. Ryan. The complainant stated to his Worship that the accused had been in the habit of visiting his house whilst he was in his rooms on Friday Joan stole his watch, valued at Rs. 20. Information was conveyed to the police, and the watch was discovered, hidden under a heap of mud. In answer to his Worship as to what he had to state in his defence, John informed the Court that he only wished to play "a practical joke" on his friend, Thomson. Mr. Ryan said that it was rather a dangerous joke, and taking his youth into consideration, not wishing to ruin his good name, sentenced him to two days' imprisonment.

DEATH FROM BURNS.—An inquest was held yesterday, at the Carnac Road, by the Coroner, Dr. Thomas Blaney, on the body of Sarabee, a Mahomedan girl, aged thirteen years. The deceased was the daughter of Edroos Khan Essof Khan, who was a fireman in the employ of the Municipality. On the 1st instant deceased was sent by her father to fetch a sere out of a box in her room. While she was thus engaged the end of her saree came in contact with the flame of an oil lamp that was burning near her. In an instant she was in flames, and she ran out of the room screaming for assistance. On hearing her cries her brother ran up and managed to strip her of her burning garments, but not before she had been severely burnt about the body. She was conveyed to the J. J. Hospital, where she remained till her death yesterday. The jury returned a verdict of death from burns which she had received by her clothes having accidentally caught fire.

POCKET-PICKING IN DOCTOR STREET.—Juggoo Vittoo a shoemaker, was on Saturday placed by Inspector George, before Mr. Ryan, at the Girgaum Police Court, charged with having on the 10th instant, committed the theft of five currency notes of Rs. 5 each. The complainant, Byajee Soma, left his house on Thursday night in company of his cousin, and proceeded in the direction of the Two Tanks. Byajee noticed the accused follow them, and they had not proceeded far when he felt a smart jerk at his pocket, whilst he was standing at a liquor shop. Turning round he saw the accused running away, and missing his notes he raised a cry of "thief." A policeman in Doctor Street arrested Juggoo, who dropped the notes on the ground near his feet. The prisoner pleaded not guilty, but sufficient proof of his offence being adduced before the Court, his Worship convicted and sentenced him to undergo six weeks' rigorous imprisonment.

THE CHINA COTTON MARKET.

MR. JAMASJEE'S cotton circular, dated Hongkong, March 26, says :—A depressed tone has prevailed in our market for Indian yarns during the past fortnight. A marked falling off in the demand for the consuming districts has disheartened the dealers and speculators ; and the latter being anxious to quit their holdings even at a small sacrifice, importers have been led to follow suit, and submit to a further concession in prices of 25 to 75 cents per bale, in order to induce business. Only a small business has been done during the interval, and the market closes week owing to large arrivals. Transactions in No. 20s. have been confined only to special desiraole chops, and only to the extent of actual small requirements, and their prices show a drop of about 50 cents per bale. Trifling sales of other descriptions have been made at a greater decline in rates. A few special spinnings of No. 16s being in request and in short supply have gained an improvement in rates of 25 to 50 cents per bale,and other desirable chops have been dealt in to a fair extent at previous prices. Inferior and unsuitable qualities are neglected. No. 12s generally have receded in value about 25 to 50 cents per bale, and there has been only a limited demand for this count. Owing to heavy supplies, diminished demands and impatience of speculators and importers to realize, prices of No. 10s have declined 50 to 75 cents per bale ; and a small business has been done in suitable and superior chops. No. 8s being cheaper than No. 6s have attracted greater attention, and superior qualities have advanced about 25 to 50 cents per bale at the close. Small supplies of No. 6s that have arrived during the interval, not being sufficient for the requirements, have been cleared out at extreme rates, which are not likely to be maintained on the arrival of further supplies. Nos. 14s, 18s, 22s, 24s, 30s and 40s remain in the same inactive state as before. During the fortnight arrival, 12,773 bales, sale 6,179 bales. Shipments to Coast Ports 1,024 bales; and unsold stocks 24,255 bales. Direct shipments for Japan 1,832 bales ; for Shanghai 2,735 bales. In Shanghai the market was quiet for a time; but latterly a strong demand springing up for the outports, large sales of No. 20s were made at firm rates. Superior No. 16s were fairly steady, but No. 10s had slightly declined in prices. Advices from the Coasts Ports report no improvement in the depressed state of the market there. In the Japan market buyers have shown little inclination to operate, and prices were weaker.

FORTHCOMING EVENTS.

April 14.—Second Criminal Sessions.
14.—Meeting of University Senate.
14.—Municipal Corporation.
14.—Departure of Lord Harris for Poona.
15.—Second Criminal Sessions.
16.—Municipal Standing Committee.
16.—Examination of Articled Clerks.
16.—Bombay Gymkhana Races.
17.—Second Criminal Sessions.
17.—New Great Eastern S. and W. Company.
18.—Second Criminal Sessions.
19.—Bombay Gymkhana Races.
21.—Second Criminal Sessions.
23.—Municipal Standing Committee.
23.—Queen Spinning and Weaving Company.
26.—Khandeish Spinning and Weaving Company.
30.—Municipal Standing Committee.

ONE early result of Prince Bismark's retirement (says *Truth*) will be a reconciliation between the Emperor William and the Duke of Cumberland, who will obtain the three millions of King George's private fortune which the Prussian Government seized in 1866.

SECOND CRIMINAL SESSIONS.

A TELEGRAPH SIGNALLER USING A FORGED MEDICAL CERTIFICATE.

THE trial of Duncan Rose, a signaller in the Government Telegraph Department, on a charge of using a forged medical certificate as genuine, and of cheating, was resumed on Saturday before Mr. Justice Bayley and the same common jury. Mr. Macpherson, instructed by the Public Prosecutor, appeared for the prosecution, while the prisoner was not represented by counsel.

At the close of the evicence for the prosecution, the prisoner addressed the jury on the evidence already before them, and called two witnesses on his behalf.

Mr. Thomas H. E. Palmer, a signaller in the Government Telegraph Department, said he had reported himself sick on the 27th February last, and got his certificate on the 3rd March. Witness presented himself at the Dockyard Dispensary on the 28th February, but neither saw nor was treated by Dr. Banks. He really obtained the medical certificate without being treated. He had never received any treatment at the dispensary. The certificate in question was given him by Apothecary Farrel. On his calling at the dispensary on the morning of the 3rd March, witness saw accused there and asked him what all that Poona yarn was about. Accused said he had called there for a medical certificate. Before leaving, the accused told him it was all right, and that he would get a certificate. Witness could not say whether the telegraph employes were in the habit of giving fees for medical certificates. He had heard many who had received certificates say they had not been treated at the dispensary.

Cross-examined by Mr. Macpherson, witness said that when he took ill on the night of the 27th February, he reported himself to the telegraph-master on duty, which was the proper course, and received a blank medical certificate form.

Re-examined by the accused: I was not called upon for any explanation for the late submission of my medical certificate.

To the Judge : I did not receive my certificate, because Dr. Bank's was not there, and Mr. Farrell had told me that if I wrote the following day, it would be all right. Evidently Farrell did not require me to see the doctor. I went again on the 3rd March and got my certificate without seeing Dr. Banks.

Mr. J. L. De Souza, also a telegraph signaller, said he had reported himself ill during March and presented himself at the Dockyard Dispensary the same day. He did not see Dr. Banks, but saw Mr. Farrell. Witness had never been treated by Dr. Banks on any occasion on which he had presented himself, and he obtained his certificates without being seen or treated by Dr. Banks. Witness received his medical certificate four or five days after reporting himself ill. The certificate form he had presented was alleged to have been lost by Mr. Farrell, and he had to get another form. On his presenting himself the second time, Mr. Farrell doubted his ever going to him, and he had great difficulty in trying to convince him that he had been there previously. He was not called upon for any explanation by the office for the delay in the submission of his medical certificate.

Dr. Banks was recalled, and in answer to the accused, said he had suspended Mr. Farrell, who was still under suspension in consequence of a conversation he had had with him, and some letters. He was suspended after the receipt of those letters.

Re-examined by Mr. Macpherson : I mentioned to Mr. Little the substance of the conversation between myself and Mr. Farrell on the occasion of my taking the letters to him. I had those questions answered by Farrell, who wrote them in my presence. Farrel's connection with this case will most certainly form the subject of an enquiry. His health during the early part of March was very bad. There was a member of his family who was insane, and I believe lunacy is hereditary in that family.

In the first of the letters referred to in the evidence above, Farrell pointed to the possibility of he himself having made the signature to the certificate given to the prisoner. In the second he said that he had given the document to the prisoner, telling him that it was not a genuine one ; and again that the signature on the certificate looked like Dr. Banks'—in fact he thought that Dr. Banks had signed it.

The accused summed up the evidence he had called, and Mr. Macpherson then summed up the case on be half of the prosecution.

His Lordship, in charging the jury, said the case was one of considerable difficulty in consequence of the grave element of doubt introduced into it by the conduct and letters of the apothecary. The first question the jury had to be satisfied with was regarding the alleged signature of Dr. Banks to the certificate. Even if they were satisfied that it was not a genuine signature, it did not follow that the prisoner knew that it was not genuine. It appeared to to be the practice with regard to short leave that those who required it need not necessarily be seen by Dr. Banks. The accused had admitted that he got the form through a friend, but from where it was not quite clear. Mr. Farrell, when the case had been committed, wrote to Dr. Banks two letters which had an important bearing upon the case. These letters might fairly be taken to have come from a man who presented no suspicious appearance of insanity at the time. In one of the letters he admitted the possibility of having signed a document with Dr. Banks' signature, which materially helped the prisoner's case ; and along with the second letter, it afforded room for strong suspicion. If Farrell did give the form to the prisoner, it was not likely he could tell him that the signature was forged ; and this circumstance threw a very grave doubt on the supposed guilt of the prisoner. Anyhow they had Farrell's admission that he had scratched or signed Dr. Banks' name on the document. Further, though Dr. Banks had stated that Farrell was in bad health at the time, it was evident he was not so very bad as not to be able to ascend to his duties. There was nothing before the jury to show that the prisoner knew the document to be forged. No doubt he presented it to Farrell for signature, and it was possible that Farrell wrote the signature. His lordship told the jury that unless they were satisfied of a guilty knowledge on the part of the prisoner, they could not convict him on the charge preferred against him.

The jury, after a short consultation, returned a unanimous verdict of not guilty, the foreman remarking that the jury though the prisoner was quite innocent of all knowledge that the certificate was a forged one.

His Lordship said he quite agreed with the verdict. The prisoner was discharged.

AN OLD OFFENDER.

Ahmed Alli Sheer Mahomed was charged with housebreaking and theft of a wooden box and some dhotees, the property of Hunsraj Pragjee. The latter was the keeper of a boarding-house at Warni Gaddy and lived on the second floor of the house. About 5 a.m. on the morning of the 4th March last, he locked the door of his room with a padlock, and having put the key on a piece of board attached to the wall near the door, he went out for a short time. On his return, he found the door open, and missed the box and the dhotees. The box contained silver studs, a silver chain, silver wire, and other things. The padlock appeared to have been opened with the key. Soon afterwards, a pointsman on the G. I. P. Railway at Carnac Bunder saw the prisoner near the rails, making a noise in trying to open the box, which was afterwards identified to be the missing property of Hunsraj ; and on a report being made to the police, the prisoner was arrested. The jury convicted the prisoner of both charges. His lordship, in passing sentence, told the prisoner that out of ten years he appeared to have passed seven years in jail, and that he was liable to be transported for life if the court felt so disposed. That unquestionably would be his fate if he again came before the court. He was now sentenced to transportation for ten years.

THE UNCOVENANTED SELECT COMMITTEE.

THE members of the service in India will doubtless be glad to learn, writes *The Overland Mail*, that their representatives in this country are showing great activity in view of the coming Parliamentary inquiry. Within a few days of public announcement of the intention come to by the Government, a numerously-attended meeting was held at 45, Pall Mall. Mr. Edward Jenkins, Vice-Chairman of the London Committee, presided, and explained at some length the object of the gathering. At his suggestion, it was decided to appoint a special committee to make the necessary arrangements, and a number of gentlemen belonging to the various branches of the service were nominated. The following consented to serve :—Judicial Department—J. W. Chisholm, late Commissioner, Central Provinces, R. H. Smith, S. J. Harrison. Revenue, Survey, and Settlement—W. M. Fletcher, A. Mitchell. Finance—H. R. Hudson, A. Whitten. Education—F. J. Rowe, F. J. Candy. Forest—F. D'A. Vincent. Telegraph—Sir H. C. Maine, G. O'Donnell, C. P. Landon. Geological —W. T. Blanford. Postal—J. G. Hynes. Public Works—Sir Guilford Molesworth, H. Prince. Police—A. H. Close. Parliamentary Agent—S. Digby. Secretary—J. S. Heyman. On Tuesday, this committee held a large meeting, which was attended by other members of the Service now in London. Mr. Chisholm occupying the chair. The difficulty of getting efficient legal assistance in the preparation of the case was under discussion, in view of the large expense it would entail ; but it was met by an offer on the part of one of the leading friends of the movement, supplemented by Mr. King, which relieved the committee from anxiety, and was adopted unanimously in a cordially-worded resolution of thanks.

We have been desired to impress upon all the departments the urgent necessity of preparing forthwith a complete statement of their particular grievances, and of forwarding the same to the Secretary of the London Committee as soon as possible. The leaders of the movement in India will, no doubt, recognise the importance, not only of complying with this request, but of entrusting the preparation of the statements to thoroughly competent persons. Each statement should be accompanied by corroborative evidence in the shape of original confirmatory document certified by a magistrate or commissioner. We understand that the Secretary is writing out to Calcutta by this mail for various documents which are wanted here, and which, perhaps, some of our readers can help us to supply. Among the papers wanted are original copies of all prospectuses relating to the conditions of service and including those issued in connection with Cooper's Hill, and deeds of agreement with the Secretary of State for India. A complete set of the pension codes is also required. Members of the Service to save trouble are earnestly requested to send communications and documents directly to the Committee and not to Sir Roper Lethbridge or Mr. King.

THE PRINCE OF WALES IN BERLIN.

THE Prince of Wales, who with Prince George arrived in Berlin on Friday morning (24th ult.), exchanged visits after lunch with all the royal persons in Berlin, and in the evening as seven was entertained at a State dinner in the White Hall. The Knights of the Black Eagle Order were present. The ladies appeared in half-mourning. The Prince of Wales, wearing the uniform of the Blucher Hussars, took in the Empress, the Emperor, Princess Frederick Charles ; the Grand Duke of Baden, the Empress's sister, the Princess of Holstein, Prince George, his cousin, the Princess Margaret, the Grand Duke of Hesse, the Princess of Mecklenburg, and Prince Frederick Leopold, Princess Victoria. Opposite to the Prince of Wales sat the new Chancellor, General von Caprivi, whose personal resemblance to his predecessor, was (the *Daily News'* correspondent says) universally remarked.

When the glasses had been filled the Emperor rose to propose the toast of the evening. He thanked the Prince for his visit, and recorded the warm reception he met with on his visit to England. Then he said : "I thank your Royal Highness for having come on behalf of your royal mother and my grandmother to return the visit I paid last year to your country. I remember with great pleasure the days I spent there, and I am proud of having become by the Queen's grace a member of that admirable navy which has founded Great Britain's power and glory. I am not less proud of welcoming in your Highness the Colonel of the Blucher Hussar Regiment, which bears the name of the man under whose command British and German blood was sacrificed against a common foe. I firmly hope that the friendship of both our countries will continue in future, and that also in future the British fleet and the German army will stand together to the benefit of European peace, and drink the health of your Highness and the whole of your royal house." All present drank the toast.

Then the Prince in German thanked the assembly for the hearty reception he had met with. It was thirty-two years since he first came to Berlin, and he hoped to visit it often again, and to be able just as often to greet the Emperor and his family as the guests of the royal family of England. He drank the health of the imperial family and the welfare of Germany.

A CHAPTER OF THE BLACK EAGLE.

The Prince of Wales and Prince George, attended a Chapter of the Black Eagle on Saturday, 22nd ult., when Prince George was invested with the insignia of that Order, which had previously been conferred upon him. The other new knights were Prince Hermann of Saxe-Weimar, Count Munster, Prince Hermann zu Hohenlohe Langenburg, Prince Pless, and Herr von Bottticher. In the evening their English Royal Highnesses dined *en famille* with their imperial hosts. On Friday the Prince of Wales and his son took part in all the ceremonies of what is called the *Ordensfest*, which generally held on the coronation day of the first King of Prussia, January 18 ; but like the Chapter of the Black Eagle had to be postponed this year on account of the death of the Empress Augusta.

ANOTHER SPEECH BY THE EMPEROR.

The Prince of Wales and Prince George visited several of the sights of Berlin on Monday morning (24th ult.) Shortly after twelve o' clock, the Emperor, in the uniform of the Queen Victoria's Dragoon Guards, and the Prince of Wales, in that of his Blucher Hussars, drove into the courtyard of the barracks, where Prince George, who looked well in the uniform of the regiment, of which the Emperor has placed him *à la suite*, the Grand Dukes of Baden and Weimar, Sir Edward Malet, Colonel Russell, Counts Bismarck and Waldersee, and others were already assembled. The regiment was drawn up in parade uniform, and went through various drill exercises. The company then sat down to lunch.

In the course of the meal the Emperor rose to propose the health of the Queen of England, to whom he tendered his warmest acknowledgments for having accepted the chieftainship of the regiment. This was the day when the Queen was preparing to go abroad awhile for the benefit of her health, which will be improved, it is hoped to an extent enabling her Majesty to continue for long years to come yet her wise and beneficent reign and to remain as the head of her Prussian Dragoon Regiment. In this hope, and trusting also that the English and the German flags would long wave together as a blessing and peace-bulwark to the nations of the earth, he would ask the company to join with him in drinking long life to her Majesty Que

SPECIAL SHORT ADVERTISEMENTS.

Scale for these Advertisements is as follows:—Not exceeding 3 lines, Re. 1; each succeeding line, As. 8. No side advertisements are admitted under this scale.

"MADEIRA," Leacock's "Anchor Seal," now obtainable from PHIPSON and Co.

STEPHENS' INKS.—If you want to buy STEPHENS' GENUINE INKS of every description, go to HUSSANALLY ABDOOLALLY'S Bombay Stationary Mart, Victoria Buildings, opposite *Times of India* Buildings.

REPAIR of WATCHES, CLOCKS, MUSICAL Boxes, &c.—Any complicated or plain watches and clocks repaired by the undersigned at very moderate cost, and to the perfect satisfaction of the owner. Hold the numerous high testimonials in the line. JEHANGIR C. COWASJEE, WATCHMAKER and Jeweller, 97, Medows Street.

MAHABLESHWAR DAWK RE-OPENED.—Comfortable Phaeton and Tonga Dawks ready laid from Poona direct, and also from Wathar, can be had at moderate charges. Apply to Burjorjee Peroshaw, Diplomaed Dawk Supplier in ordinary to His Excellency the Right Honorable Lord Reay, Governor of Bombay.

LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL.—Now Open the LANOWLI GYMKHANA HOTEL, newly built, with every convenience of latest designs. Excellent table. Good view and westerly breeze. Under European management.

MAHABLESHWAR! MAHABLESHWAR!!—Phaeton from Wather to Mahableshwar, Rs. 15. Tonga from Wather to Mahableshwar, Rs. 10, Seats in Tonga for servants each Rs. 2. Parcels, including railway charges per lb. As. 2. Apply to Coverjee Ardasir and Co., Poona, Mahableshwar and Bombay Livery Stable Co., Limited.

COME AND SEE!—Just arrived from China and Japan an entirely new Stock of NOVELTIES of Artistic design and finish.—EBRAHIM ADAMALLY, China Bazaar, Meadow Street, Fort, Bombay.

WANTED.—A BILLIARD TABLE. In good condition, with complete Balls, Cases, &c. Apply "N. P. M.," care of this Office.

WANTED, for Up-country, an INTELLIGENT CLERK, who has a thorough knowledge of Accounts and Invoicing. Apply to "R.," care of this Paper.

TRICYCLES and BICYCLES of good Coventry Make, Latest Patterns and Styles.—GEYER & Co., Ld., Bombay.

THE only Firm in Bombay who repairs Celestinas, Aretinas, Phoenix, and keeps all Spare Repairing and Tuning Materials in Stock.—STEFFENAUER & Co., Fort.

JUST UNPACKED a Large Variety of Chocolate and Chocolate Creams, Nougat and Nougatines. Ices ready from 8 a.m. to 12 p.m., orders executed at shortest notice, also wines and Spirits of the best quality to be had at the VIENNA CONFECTIONERY, 25, Church Gate Street.

SHAPOORJEE & Co., General Purveyors and Bazaar Agents. (Established 1871.) No. 3, Crawford Market, and No. 40, Meadow Street, Bombay.

WANTED, One small SLOTTING MACHINE, about 6" inch Stroke, Complete and in good working order. Apply stating lowest Price to No. 14, Care of this paper.

WANTED, a competent SALESMAN, with some knowledge of Continental Piece-goods and with influence among dealers. Salary according to experience. Apply "X.Y.Z.," care of this office.

FURNISHED BUNGALOW TO BE LET for Six Months, from 1st May next. Also the use of two horses and a carriage for the keeping. For terms, &c., apply to F. BOZZONI, Middle Colaba.

TO LET IMMEDIATELY, a very desirable BUNGALOW on the Ridge; cool and commodious. Rent moderate. Apply to "R," care of this Paper.

PANCHGANI TO LET.—Prospect HOUSE and YELLOW ROSE COTTAGE both well Situated and furnished within easy reach of Church, High School, and Library.—WILLIAM SPIERS, House Agent.

PRIVATE BOARD and RESIDENCE Available. Rooms light and airy combined with good table and cleanliness. Apply 2 Clare Road Byculla. Terms moderate.

POONA HOTEL, POONA, is a first-class upper-storied and most comfortable Hotel in Poona. Rooms are bright, airy and commodious. Each family has a separate sitting-room. Terms moderate.

STANDARD POLICIES.—Premiums moderate. Conditions liberal. Every facility for the despatch of business. Apply SECRETARY, Standard Life Office, Bombay and Calcutta.

SINGING AND PIANO taught by a Lady trained under the most French and Italian Masters. For terms, apply to B, L. A., care of Messrs. SOUNDY and Co., Rampart Row.

A YOUNG WIDOW LADY, residing at a Winter Seaside Resort in the South of England, is anxious to receive two or three little Anglo-Indian CHILDREN in her private family to board and educate. The greatest care will be given to both moral and physical training, with every comfort of a well-appointed home. Good references. For further particulars, etc., apply "P.," care of this office.

JOHN Y. LANG, Esq. (Dep. Grand Master of all Scottish Freemasonry in India):—During the late epidemic of fever at Delhi, I sent up from Bombay a supply of Dr. Ballingall's Acid-Mixture, and our Staff, which was prostrated by fever, derived immediate benefit from its use. Orders for Ballingall's Aguefelle or Mixture may be addressed to Dr. H. L. BATLIWALLA, Dadur, Bombay. May also be had of Kemp & Co. and Phillips and Co., at Re. 1 each.

OVERLAND SUMMARY, published weekly on the departure of English mail. 28 pages of the *Pall Mall Budget* size, containing all the information of the previous week carefully arranged; Army Orders, &c. Indian subscription, Rs. 12 per year free of postage. English subscription Rs. 17 per year including postage.

GLUTEN & JAMBOUL Biscuits Cereal BISCUITS, Bran Biscuits to order. PEARSE, Church Gate Street, Fort.

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A ROAMER TRICYCLE.—Cost new Rs. 330 2 months ago—Owner going home, will part with it for Rs 275. Also a second-hand PANORAMA. Cost new £15 offered for the, 200 net. To be seen at Messrs. MARCKS and Co, Ld., Bombay.

BOMBAY GAZETTE DAILY, Rs. 48 for one year, 25 for 6 months, 13 for 3 months. Rs. 6 per month in advance postage extra.

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LADIES visiting Bombay will find a Choice Assortment of SILKS, DRAPERY, MILLINERY and every REQUISITE for travelling in INDIA or proceeding home, at Mrs. TAYLOR'S Dressmaking and Millinery Establishment, 23, Medows Street, Bombay.

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THE GUIDE AND DIRECTORY for the year 1890 contains a great deal of new and interesting information connected with the unprecedented progress made by the city in recent years.

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NOTICE.

MR. C. A. GRAVES.
DENTAL SURGEON.
HAS REMOVED
from Medows Street to
ESPLANADE ROAD.
(next to National Bank of India)
and Malabar Hill Road.

THE EXCELSIOR BILLIARD CUSHIONS
on the new
PATENT LOW PRINCIPLE
are now being made by
BY JOHN ROBERTS AND CO. LD.,
and can be supplied at the same price,
as those made on the old principle.
Price Lists free on application to,
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GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHERS,
AND PRACTICAL BILLIARD TABLE MAKERS,
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DR. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS should be kept ready at hand, as a dose of Aperient Medicine given in time will frequently prevent a severe illness.

IMPORTANT CAUTION.—Be sure to ask for "Dr. SCOTT'S BILIOUS and LIVER PILLS," in a green bottle, wrapped in green paper, and having the name and address "William Lambert, 8, King William-street, Charing Cross" engraved on the Government Stamp. Do not, therefore purchase without seeing the Government stamp over the cork of the bottle.

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OUR resources in this Department have of late greatly developed, and we can execute any orders relative to Mechanical Surveying, Drawing Mathematical, Nautical, Optical or Astronomica appliances, as Expeditiously and Cheaply as any firm in India, and we rely upon the Superior Character of our work to obtain for us a fair Share of public patronage. Our European Watchmakers have all served their Apprenticeship in the First Manufactories in Europe, and have been selected and brought to India by ourselves, and cannot be surpassed for the excellence of their work. Complicated pieces, such a Repeaters, Calendar-Watches, Chronometers, &c., may be entrusted to us in full confidence that the repair will be done in a thoroughly satisfactory manner and guaranteed,

Repairs to Jewellery, Spectacles, &c., are most carefully attended to, being under direct European Supervision.

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The APOLLINARIS CO., LIMITED, London, beg to announce that, as numerous Aperient Waters are offered to the public under the names of which the word "HUNYADI" forms part, they have now adopted an additional Label, comprising their Registered Trade Mark of selection, which consists of a RED DIAMOND.

This Label will henceforth serve to distinguish the HUNGARIAN APERIENT WATER SOLD BY THE COMPANY from all other Aperient Waters.

DEMAND THE DIAMOND MARK,

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SURGEON-ELECTRICIAN AND AURAL SURGEON,
Late Clinical Assistant at the Royal Ear Hospital and West End Hospital for Nervous Diseases, London.
CAN BE CONSULTED FOR
DISEASES OF THE EAR, NOSE, AND THROAT,
From 3 to 5 p.m.
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DISINFECTANTS
(FLUIDS, POWDERS, SOAPS),
NON-POISONOUS, PLEASANT AND BEST
Used by more than 1,000 Boards of Health and Hospitals
Gold Medals, Calcutta 1883-84, Paris 1885, Antwerp 1886.
PAMPHLET FOR USE IN INDIA ON APPLICATO
"Valuable Antiseptic and Disinfectant."—*Times*
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Of all Chemists and Stores throughout India.
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CAREFULLY ADAPTED TO CORRECT
ALL DEFECTS OF VISION.
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THE symptoms indicating failure or irregularities of sight are frequently too long disregarded, and either from Ignorance or feeling of difference the aid demanded by nature is withheld until serious mischief has been caused to the sight often resulting in blindness.

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"By a thorough knowledge of the natural laws which govern the operations of digestion and nutrition, and by a careful application of the fine properties of well-selected Cocoa, Mr. Epps has provided our breakfast tables with a delicately-flavoured beverage which may save us many heavy doctors' bills. It is by the judicious use of such articles of diet that a constitution may be gradually built up until strong enough to resist every tendency to disease. Hundreds of subtle maladies are floating around us, ready to attack wherever there is a weak point. We may escape many a fatal shaft by keeping ourselves well fortified with pure blood and a properly nourished frame."—See article of the Civil Service *Gazette*.

Made simply with boiling water or milk.
Sold in lib. and pound tins, labled thus:—
JAMES EPPS & CO.,
HOMŒOPATHIC CHEMISTS,
LONDON.
ALSO MAKER OF EPPS'S CHOCOLATE ESSENCE

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

THE Coasting steam-ship Hindoo, 25 tons, Captain G J Baker, will sail to-day for Cutch Mandvi, &c., with a general cargo and 500 deck passengers.

THE Bombay and Persia S N Co's steam-ship Sculptor, 850 tons, Captain J T Cronin, sailed yesterday for the Persian Gulf, with a general cargo, and 80 deck passengers.

THE steam-ship Akaba, 2,472 tons, Captain W. H. Mandeno, arrived in harbour on last Saturday from Perim, in ballast. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. W. and A. Graham and Co.

THE steam-ship Saint Fillans, 1,936 tons, Captain E D Fitzgerald, arrived in harbour on last Saturday from North Shields via Karachi, in ballast. The vessel is consigned to Messrs. Killick, Nixon and Co.

THE steam-ship Incharran, 1,842 tons, Captain J Macdonald, sailed on last Saturday for Dunkirk with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr and Mrs Coomerford and 3 children, Mr C Schneider, and Captain F Foss.

THE steam-ship John Bright, 1,739 tons, Captain Thos. Walker, arrived in harbour on last Saturday from Batoum, with 93,826 cases of petroleum and 3 deck passengers. The vessel is consigned to The Bombay Company.

THE B I S N Co's steam-ship Kilwa, 993 tons, Captain J Skinner, cleared on last Saturday for the Persian Gulf via Karachi with a general cargo and the following passengers:—Mr Sandback, Mr. Steedman, Captain R Tyrohitte, Dr D R Ross, Mr Alfred J New, Mr and Mrs J B Barry, Mr Ali bin Talib, Mr Shaik Hosan Abdoola, Mr and Mrs Jaeoff, Mr Juman, Mr Nazerali Khan, and one friend and 69 deck passengers.

THE French Mail steamer Labourdonnais, 1,274 tons, Captain P. Sibilet, sailed on last Saturday for Aden via Karachi, with a general cargo, and the following passengers:—Mr. Vareune, Mr. F. Guyon, Mr. and Mrs. Goldberg, Mrs. Fraser and child, Mr. Ardeshir Behramjee, Mr. Gustave Prat, Mr. Ch. Prumber, Mr. C. F. V. Randerburg, Mrs. Witt, Mr. and Mrs. J. Renny, and 2 children, Revd J Goldsmith, Mrs. Fernandes, Mr. Tinkow and child, and 51 deck passengers.

ARRIVAL OF THE CHINA AND AUSTRALIAN MAILS.

THE P and O Co's steam-ship Pekin, 2,132 tons, Captain P Harris, arrived in harbour on last Saturday from China via Colombo with her Majesty's China and Australian Mails, a general cargo, and the following passengers:—From Yokohama—Mr and Mrs Hews. From Shanghai—Mr C W Dyce, Mrs A Deane Cooper, and Miss Baring. From Hongkong—Mr E B Scoadman and Mr J Hopkins.—From Singapore—Mr and Mrs Faucus and two children, Mr C H Price, Mr F A Betham, and one native gentleman. From Colombo—Revd G Jefferies, Mr A H King, Mr J Mackay, Mr P Mohandass and 42 deck. From Sydney—Mr H Taylor.

VESSELS IN DOCKS.—APRIL 12.

PRINCE'S DOCK.

Vessels.	Tons.	Captains.	Sheds.	Company or Agents.
S. Cy of Dublin	2150	Swan	A	Sir C Forbes & Co
,, Baghdad	880	Whitehead	B	M Mackenzie & Co
,, Sculptor	850	Cronin	C	B & P S N Co
,, Clan Macgregor	1926	Phelp	D	F Muir & Co.
,, Strathmore	1837	Casini	F	J Mackintosh & Co
,, Liscard	1240	Campbell	H J	W & A Graham & Co
,, Werneth Hall	2690	Buss	M	E. Bates & Co
,, Ly Char mont	2.55	Dunn	N	J Heyn & Co
,, La Bourdonnais	1274	Sibilet	O	M Maritimes & Co
,, Lincia	1546	Lowe	P	W & A Graham & Co
,, St. Dunston	1414	Ogilvie	Q	K. Nixon & Co

VICTORIA DOCK.

			No	
S.S. Britannia	1991	Brown	2	W & A Graham & Co.
,, Singapore	2431	Parodi	3	F Bozzoni.
,, Lombardy	1570	Laugbourne	5	P & O Co
,, K ervant	2240	Matthews	6	K Nixon & Co
,, Th abe	1848	Perini	8	A ll Lloyds & Co
,, Inch Arran	1843	Macdonald	10	K Nixon & Co.
,, Bank of Hall	3494	Barnes	13	E Bates & Co.
,, Ellora	117	Icely	15	S I S N Co.
,, Kt. of St. John	1248		16	K Nixon & Co

ARRIVALS.

April	Vessel.	Commander	From
12	John Bright (s)	Walker	Batoum, March 20.
	Saint Fillans (s)	Fitzgerald	North Shields, Mar 7
	Pekin (s)	Harris	Shanghai, Mar 22.
	Akaba (s)	Mandeno	Perim April 5.
13	Assam (s)	Brown	Aden, April 7.
	Idar (s)	Hughes	Cardiff, March 20.

DEPARTURES.

April	Vessel.	Commander	Destination.
12	Labourdonnais (s)	Sibilet	Aden.
	Oriental (s)	Stewart	London, &c.
	Incharran (s)	Macdonald	Dunkirk.
13	Kilwa (s)	Skinner	Persian Gulf.
	Sculptor (s)	Cronin	Persian Gulf.

The following vessels began to load on Saturday last:—
Steamer Malin for London, &c.
,, Thisbe, for China, &c.
,, Bancoora, for Calcutta.
,, A syria, for Persian Gulf.
,, Saint Fillans, for Havre.
,, Akaba, for Marseilles.

The steamer Hindoo, Captain Baker, obtained her port clearance on Saturday last for Cutch Mandvi, &c.

DAILY EXPORTS.—APRIL 12.

FOR LIVERPOOL.

Clan Macgregor s—57 bales wool, M Jaitha; 450 cwts wheat, Sanday and Co.

Worneth Hall s—1,500 bales cotton, Ralli Brothers; 600 bales cotton, The Bombay Co; 300 bales cotton, David Sassoon and Co; 88 bales wool, J Khimjee; 700 bales cotton, Killick Nixon and Co; 253½ cwts myrabollams, J Essa; 4,000 cwts wheat, Lyon and Co; 2,000 cwts wheat, Tod Durant and Co; 7 bales silk waste, A Blaschcek and Co.

St Dunston s—250 bales cotton, Killick Nixon and Co; 200 bales cotton, B and A Hormusjee; 70 bales cotton, B B Narandas; 8 bales wool, C Kesowjee; 78 bales Twist, M Bhimjee; 283½ cwts myrabollams, J Veoram; 2,000 cwts wheat, Killick Nixon and Co; 975 cwts myrabollams, Veerjee Hansraj; 200 bales cotton, The Bombay Co.

City of Dublin s—60 bales cotton, F Fakirchand; 39 bales wool, M Roopchand.

Kt Errant s—1,000 bales cotton, Gaddum Bythell and and Co; 710 bales cotton, The Bombay Co; 320 bales cotton, Volkart Bros; 110 bales cotton, and 400 cwts linseed, A Blascheck and Co; 110 bales cotton, J C Bushby and Co; 55 bales cotton, A Sabapathy Moodeliar and Co.

FOR HAVRE.

St Fillans s—200 bales cotton, Lyon and Co; 5,300 bales cotton, Gaddum Bythell and Co.

FOR TRIESTE.

Liscard s—110 bales cotton, J C Bushby and Co; 22 bales cotton, F Sauquet and Co; 1,265 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers; 220 bales cotton, Killick Nixon and Co; 222 bales cotton, E Spinner and Co.

FOR GENOA.

Singapore s—205 bales cotton, Volkart Brothers.

FOR MARSEILLES.

Kt of St John s—3,265 cwts linseed, Ralli Brothers.

Akaba s—4,000 cwts groundnuts, Lyon and Co.

Linda s—3,000 cwts wheat, Ralli Brothers; 1,350 cwts wheat, and 649½ cwts groundnuts, Tod Durant and Co.

Britannia s—1,965 cwts gingellyseed, Tyabjee and Co.

FOR VENICE.

Liscard s—100 bales cotton, F Sauquet and Co; 200 bales cotton, Killick Nixon and Co; 1,000 cwts castorseed, Volkart Brothers.

Strathmore s—200 bales cotton, T G Young and Co.

FOR HONGKONG.

Lombardy s—50 bales cotton, H A Esmail and Co; 50 bales twist, Rahimtoolabhoy and Co; 100 bales twist, P F Talati; 50 bales twist, E D Sassoon and Co; 50 bales twist, Framjee, Sands and Co.

Thisbe s—100 bales twist, The Ripon M Co; 700 bales twist, David Sassoon and Co; 60 bales twist, O Khetsey; 200 tons old iron, Ritchie Steuart and Co.

FOR SHANGHAI.

Thisbe s—90 bales twist, D Khetsey.

Lombardy s—50 bales twist, Framjee, Sands and Co.

DAILY IMPORTS.—APRIL 12.

FROM LIVERPOOL.

Clan Graham s—25 cases writing slates, K Russoolbhoy.

City of Dublin s—45 cases slates, M Hajee Gouner; 30 cases medicine, H Ballantine and Sons; 88 packages writing paper, S A S Dawood.

FROM GLASGOW.

Strathmore s—25 cases rum, 25 cases wine, and 165 cases whisky, Eduljee Bazonjee.

Britannia s—100 cases whisky, D Cowasjee.

FROM LONDON.

Hongkong s—64 casks paint of sorts, M A Hoosen.

Hunara s—1 case rectified spirit, M Dadabhoy.

Rohilla s—¼ cases ink, Gopal Narayen and Co; 9 bales printing paper, G Claridge and Co; 5 bales printing paper, M Succaram; 11 bales printing paper, S A S Dawood; 3 cases cheese and ham, Phillips and Co.

Oriental s—15 cases oilmanstores, A Sumsooden and Co; 13 cases ham and cheese, Jamsetjee Framjee; 2 cases ink, G Claridge and Co.; 36 cases provision, &c., Bolton and Co.

Atrato s—6 cases confectionery, M Moola Vulljee; 13 cases glassware, &c., Treacher and Co; 80 drums turpentine, F F Bengalee; 75 cases champagne, Volkart Brothers; 80 cases beer, Lyon and Co.

FROM ANTWERP.

Etolia s—50 casks alizerine colour, G Mooljee.

Atrato s—362 cases window glass, E Moortooza.

FROM BORDEAUX.

Rohilla s—26 cases brandy, P C Shroff and Son; 136 cases brandy, Nowrojee Ardaseer and Sons.

Oriental s—100 cases claret, D P Batha and Co.

FROM HAMBURG.

Kerbella s—1 cask rectified spirit, Eduljee Bazonjee.

FROM BREMEN.

Rohilla s—30 cases beer, Volkart Brothers.

FROM CHARENTE.

Rohilla s—175 cases brandy, Nowrojee Ardaseer and Sons; 51 cases brandy, Framjee Ardaseer Davar and Sons.

FROM BATOUM.

Peveril s—5,000 cases kerosine oil, J Peerbhoy and Co.

FROM NEW YORK.

Falls of Inversnaid s—10,000 cases kerosene oil, J Peerbhoy and Co.

COMMERCIAL INTELLIGENCE.

SATURDAY EVENING, APRIL 12.

FOLLOWING the reduction of the Bank of England rate to 3½ per cent. on Wednesday, and as indicative of the increasing ease in the London Money Market, a further reduction of ½ per cent. was made yesterday in the market rate of discount for short London Bills, making it stand at 2 per cent., that for six months' sight Indian Bank Paper, however, remaining at 2½ per cent. Three extra lakhs of Wire Transfers were allotted to Bombay by the Indian Council at the previous day's extreme rate of 1s. 5 3-16d.; and Bar Silver advanced further ⅛d., making the price 44⅛d. per oz. Rupee Securities were unaltered at 70⅝ for Fours and 72½ for 4½ per cents. Consols remained at 98⅛; and Indian Sterling loan at 107¾. About £100,000 in gold was paid into the Bank of England yesterday. Quotations from Paris come unchanged.

The week's Specie shipments to this port are heavy again, especially of gold being advised as £260,000 in Silver and £90,000 in Gold. This makes the shipments of the former metal £430,000, and of the latter £130,000 since the beginning of the present month, or a total of £560, allotments of Wire Transfers to Bombay during the same period having amounted to 35½ lakhs. A telegram of to-day's date reports further sales of Council Transfers to the extent of 2 lakhs on Bombay, and 3 lakhs on Calcutta, at the enhanced rate of 1s. 5 7-32d. per rupee.

In General Produce, Bombay Linseed was 6d. per quarter lower at 41s. 6d., the spot price being unaltered at 42s. 6d., ex-quay., quotations for Rapeseed and Wheat show no change. The total wheat afloat for the United Kingdom yesterday was 2,320,000 quarters, or 60,000 quarters less than the estimate at the end of the previous week. Coffee in Mincing Lane was 1s. per cwt. cheaper at 101s. and 102s. per cwt. respectively.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet all round, last evening, the day's sales having amounted to 8,000 bales, inclusive of 800 Surats. Spot prices were quite unaltered both for Mid-American and East Indian Cotton; but American arrivals were 1-32d. higher for April-May deliveries, at 6⅛d. per lb., and 1-32d. up in all other positions. The day's Imports were 8,000 bales. The Manchester market was quiet at previous prices. To-day's message increases Friday's Sales by 2,000 bales, and reports the market steady at closing; Surats quiet. The Sales were 7,000 bales, including 500 Surats; the Imports were 23,000 bales.

The Liverpool Sales for the three business days of the week ending yesterday were 24,000 bales; and the amount forwarded 62,000 bales, the quantity taken by the trade being again missing. The total stock had diminished by 10,000 bales, but was 280,000 bales greater than at this time last year, and 222,000 bales more than in 1888 at the same time. The Stock of Surats was 115,000 bales, having decreased by 7,000 bales during the week. The total visible supply had fallen off by 10,000 bales; but of East Indian Cotton there were 43,000 bales more in sight. The figures which we give below for comparison show an increase in the total supply of 318,000 bales compared with last year's, and of 19,000 as against those for the year before; while in the case of East Indian Cotton, the increase is 156,000 bales, and 175,000 bales, respectively. Neither in spot nor arrival prices has there been any change to speak of during the holiday week under review; and yesterday's quotation for ready Mid-American Cotton was ⅛d. higher than at this time in 1889, and 13-16d. above the rate ruling at the same time in 1888.

A further advance of 1-16 cent., say to 11 9-16 cents, took place in the price of ready Mid-Uplands in New York yesterday, and Futures were 5 points higher, at 11·60 cents, the Receipts at the U. S. Ports having been only 2,000 bales. The week's Receipts show a considerable falling off, both as compared with last year's and with those of the year before; and the total increase this season has become reduced to 309,000 bales, and 426,000 bales, respectively. The quantity in sight yesterday was 6,940,000 bales, against 6,930,000 bales visible a week ago. To-day's New York message makes the Receipts at the Ports only 1,000 bales, as against 5,000 bales last year, and 2,000 bales in 1888; and the spot price comes another 1-16 cent. higher, at 11⅛, July Futures also being 3 points up at 11·63 cents.

The American Crop figures to date give the following comparisons with the two previous seasons:—

	1890.	1889.	1888.
Week's receipts	27,000	42,000	34,000
,, exports to U. K.	14,000	50,000	42,000
,, ,, Continent	14,000	38,000	31,000
Total receipts since 1st Sept 1889	5,591,000	5,282,000	5,165,000
,, exports to U. K. do.	2,545,000	2,431,000	2,358,000
,, ,, to Continent do.	1,932,000	1,746,000	1,563,000
,, Stock in the Ports	315,000	476,000	599,000

The total Visible Supply of Cotton for all Europe on the 11th instant affords the following comparisons with the two previous years:—

	1890.	1889.	1888.
Total supply of all kinds	2,493,000	2,372,133	2,671,240
,, ,, Surats	63,000	1,473,110	1,838,580

For the United Kingdom only the figures are:—

Stock in Liverpool	1,153,000	870,610	928,460
,, afloat	10,000	13,000	22,000
American afloat	59,000	59,000	75,000
East Indian ,,	112,000	116,000	81,000
	1,324,000	1,058,510	1,197,460
Price of Mid.-Americans	6⅛d.	5⅞d.	5 5-16d
,, Good Dhollera	4 11-16d.	4½d.	4 5-16d
Difference	1 7-16d.	1⅜d.	1d.

A considerably improved demand has been felt in our local market for this staple to-day, and a much larger business has resulted therefrom, the total purchases summing up nearly 4,000 bales. Of these about a fourth have been in Bengals, at Rs. 175-91; and another fourth in Dhulia and Pachora, at Rs. 187-9; the balance having consisted of Nugger, at 206; Mowa, at Rs. 227; Wudwan, at Rs. 209; and Dhollera, at Rs. 211-21 per candy. The market closed steady, but without quotable change in rates.

WHEAT.—There has also been much more enquiry for export in this market to-day, and a considerable business is reported on the basis of previous rates.

SEEDS, on the other hand, have attracted less attention, and transactions have been upon only a moderate scale; but prices are quoted as before for all descriptions.

The Receipts of Produce into Bombay yesterday were as follows:—

Cotton	23,378 bales.
Wheat	19,114 cwts.
Linseed	22,529 ,,
Rapeseed	12,816 ,,
Gingelly	3,131 ,,
Poppyseed	7,145 ,,
Groundnuts	614 ,,
Castorseed	2,240 ,,

FREIGHTS are dull. Cotton for immediate shipment to Liverpool has been taken at 18s. 9d. per ton; and for Continental Ports relets have been sold again at 3d. to 6d. per ton cheaper.

EXCHANGE again opened firmer to-day at an advance of fully 1-32d. on yesterday's closing quotations, and though only a moderate business has been passing, Merchants' Bills being very scarce, rates have been fully upheld as high as 1s. 5⅝d. for the mail of the 25th instant for three months' sight Credits, and 1s. 5 11-32d. for the 2nd May, some Bills having also been placed at 1s. 5 5-16 for later delivery, though for the end of the month 1s. 5 7-32d. has been practicable. In forward Bank remittance, 1s. 5d. for Demand, for June delivery has been quoted, and Telegraphic, was done, for December transfer, at 1s. 4 27-32d. The market closed firm at the following ready quotations:—

Bank Bills on demand	1s. 5 7-32d.	per rupee
Do. Telegraphic	1s. 5 5-32 to 3-16d.	,,
Do. 3 months' sights	1s. 5 9-32d.	,,
Credits ,,	1s. 5⅝d.	,,
France ,,	1·82½	,,

GOVERNMENT PAPER has improved its position to-day, and enquiry for ready Four per cents having led to an advance of ¼ per cent., the enhanced price of 99¾ having been maintained to the close, while for the next account 100⅛ has become the rate, 100⅛ is still nominally quoted for 4½ per cents.

SHARES.—The improved feeling with regard to Cotton Mill Scrip, which has been noticeable lately continues to prevail to a considerable extent and our list this evening shows an advance of Rs. 35, in Oriental Mill shares; of Rs. 25 in Bombay United; of Rs. 15 in Manecksji Petit; of Rs. 10 each in Colaba Land and Mill, Indian Manufacturing, and Luckmidas; and of Rs. 5 each in Coorla, Hindustan, and Queen, at our quotations. In some press shares also there has been an upward movement, Volkarts having advanced Rs. 45,; Akbar, Rs. 25; and Fort and Prince of Wales Rs. 15 each. Bombay Flour Mill shares are Rs 25 higher at Rs. 725, Kemp and Company are Rs. 3 lower, at Rs. 360.

COMMERCIAL NEWS.

LONDON, APRIL 11.

The Liverpool Cotton Market closed quiet. Surats quiet.

The Manchester Market has been quiet.

Good Dhollera	4 11-16d.
7 lbs. Shirtings	5s. 3d.
8¼ ,, ,,	6s. 5d.
40s Mule Twist	9½d.
Exchange on India, 30 days' sight	1s. 4½d.
2½ per cent. Consols for account	98⅛
3 per cent. French Rentes	89
4 per cent. Rupee paper	70⅛
4½ per cent. ,,	72½
31 per cent. Sterling Loan	1·72½
Bar Silver	44⅛d. per oz.

LIVERPOOL WEEKLY COTTON REPORT.

Total Week's sales of Cotton	24,000	bales.
,, ,, ,, Surats	2,000	,,
,, ,, Import of Cotton	60,000	,,
,, ,, ,, Surats	2,000	,,
,, ,, Stock of Cotton	1,150,000	,,
,, ,, ,, Surats	115,000	,,
,, Stock of Cotton in London	18,000	,,

DOMESTIC OCCURRENCES.

THE CHARGE FOR NOTIFYING A DOMESTIC OCCURRENCE IS TWO RUPEES. THE ANNOUNCEMENT MUST BE AUTHENTICATED.

EUROPE.

DEATHS.

ANDERSON—March 24, at Alexandra-drive, Liverpool, Anne, widow of late Thomas Anderson, of Calcutta and London, aged 82.

FRASER—March 21, at the Lee, Woodspeen, Newbury, Major-Gen J E Fraser, late Bengal Staff Corps, aged 68.

VAN HEYTHUYSEN—March 19, at Bournemouth, Bournemouth, Major-Genl H R M Van Heythuysen, Indian Army, aged 56.

OTHER PRESIDENCIES.

BIRTHS.

FRASER—April 7, at Rowbury's Hotel, Murree, the wife of Captain Thom

TELEGRAMS.

[CENTRAL NEWS TELEGRAMS.]

MR. CHILDERS' VIEWS ON INDIA.

LONDON, APRIL 12.

The Right Hon'ble Hugh Childers, on his return here, has been interviewed by a press representative to whom he stated in regard to India that he had formed a high opinion of the resources of the country and the capacity of the natives.

THE PLOT AGAINST THE CZAR.

LONDON, APRIL 12.

The *Daily Telegraph's* St. Petersburg correspondent says that the police discovered quantities of strong explosives at Gatchina on Thursday, in lodgings which had been recently vacated.

GERMAN COLONIAL POLICY.

LONDON, APRIL 13.

It is understood that General Von Caprivi will explain to the Reichstag the colonial policy of Germany in Africa, and the position taken up by Emin Pasha.

EMIN PASHA.

Surgeon Parke declares that Emin is suffering from an incurable cataract which is certain to result in blindness within a year.

THE SUPREME COUNCIL.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

SIMLA, APRIL 11.

In to-day's *Gazette of India* the Viceroy directs that the Council shall assemble at Simla as usual.

GAZETTE NOTIFICATIONS.

General Protheroe, Madras Army, is to officiate Commandant of the Hyderabad Contingent.

Major Garrett, Hyderabad Contingent, is appointed Military Secretary to the Resident.

Colonel Maitland, Bombay, S.C., is to officiate as Assistant Secretary in the Military Department.

Colonel Pettlewell, Bombay S.C., has been transferred to the Unemployed List.

A BREACH OF CONTRACT CASE.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

ALLAHABAD, APRIL 13.

Mr. Derry, Contractor, Bellary-Kistna Railway, has brought an action against the Secretary of State for breach of contract. He claims eight lakhs as damages.

A PROTEST AGAINST THE ELECTIVE SYSTEM.

Ten thousand persons in the North-West and Punjab have signed the Mahomedan memorial protesting against the elective system being introduced into India. None have been allowed to attach their marks to the memorial except those who can read and write.

INFLUENZA IN THE NORTH-WEST PROVINCES.

Influenza is spreading all over the North-West Provinces. Numerous deaths therefrom have taken place, and the epidemic is seriously interfering with the opium weighments which have had to be suspended at Lucknow, Azimgarh, and Basti.

ARRESTED FOR CHEATING.

An European, W C. E. Johnstone, staying at the Great Eastern Hotel, was arrested on Friday for cheating, having paid his bill by a cheque on the Allahabad Bank, where he had no deposits, and with which he never had an account.

CHOLERA IN ALLAHABAD.

Several cases of cholera have appeared in the station.

STEAMER MOVEMENTS.

HONGKONG, APRIL 12.

The Austro-Hungarian Lloyd's Steam Navigation Company's s.s. Orion, from Bombay, arrived here this morning.

COLOMBO, APRIL 13.

French mail steamer Melbourne, from China, arrived.

THE NEW GOVERNOR.

THE following proclamation in the General Department, dated Bombay Castle, 12th April 1890, was issued in a *Government Gazette Extraordinary* on Saturday morning:—

No. 1408.—Whereas his Excellency the Right Honourable the Lord Harris has been appointed by her Majesty the Queen and Empress of India to the office of Governor of Bombay and its Dependencies; it is hereby proclaimed that his Excellency the Right Honourable the Lord Harris has this day in the morning assumed charge of the Government of Bombay and its Dependencies, and taken his seat under the usual salute from the Garrison: and all persons are required to obey his Excellency the said Lord Harris as Governor and President in Council accordingly.

By order of his Excellency the Right Honourable the Governor in Council,

J. NUGENT,
Chief Secretary to Government.

A CIVIL PROTEST.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Ill-will never said well. But there is no reason why facts should be turned topsy-turvy in the endeavour to slate an obnoxious statesman, "without saying anything unpleasant." Whoever has written the indictment of Lord Reay to which your contemporary has good-naturedly given insertion on Saturday, is not ashamed to assert that "to strengthen the case against Mr. Crawford, and after the trial was over, Lord Reay adopted the extraordinary and most unfair course of publishing in the guise of so-called confessions a vast bulk of evidence that his legal advisers had not ventured to bring into court." It is asserted that it was an attempt to bias public opinion behind the backs of the Commissioners, and that it created a notable reaction of sympathy for Mr. Crawford.

Now, what are the facts? It was not Lord Reay but Lord Cross, who published the contentious and the confidential reports. The Secretary of State, harassed by misrepresentations of all sorts, published the whole story in a Bluebook, and laid it before Parliament. So far from this publication—whatever may be thought of it—creating a notable reaction of sympathy for Mr. Crawford, it put an end at once and for ever to the shameless efforts to bring about such a reaction. Not even your contemporary has since ventured to rep at the amazing and amusing assertion that Mr. Crawford had retired from the service "with the honours of war." The writer speaks of the supersession of Mr. Propert as if the appointment of Mr. Moore was a hideous wrong to the former. Mr. Propert and Mr. Moore joined the service the same day. Mr. Moore's actual service was upwards of two years more than Mr. Propert's. That Mr. Propert should have felt in any way slighted, and impetuously resigned, is a matter of great regret to his many friends. But that is not a matter for which Lord Reay ought to be hanged. So eager is this strabilious critic to make out a case that in a review, a column long, of five years' hard administrative work, prominence is assigned to an absurd statement that Lord Reay gave deliberate offence to the Bombay High Court by referring in the University to the advisability of improving the course of legal studies so as to realise the aim of all legists from the time of Justinian to avoid a divorce between law and common sense. It is an insult to the High Court to assert that this innocent remark applied to their Lordships.

All this acrimonious not to say malignant criticism, coming so late in the day, when Lord Reay was taking his departure, partakes a good deal of the nature of a stab in the back. If it be true, as is asserted, that Lord Reay committed the heinous offence of going outside the circle of his official advisers to take his cue from "the Junta," European and Native, why was not this pernicious habit made the subject of earnest remonstrance at an earlier period, when, if well founded, it might have been of some use? Now, *cui bono?* Sir Frank Forbes Adam, Mr. Malabari, *et hoc genus omne*, are, like Lord Reay himself, on their way to England. The angry critic surely cannot suppose there is any danger that they can get hold of the ear of the new Governor and hypnotise him, as it is more than insinuated they succeeded in doing with Lord Reay. Having possessed his soul in patience so long the righteous writer might have hung up his inkhorn the danger, if such there were, had become more imminent. A little self-control would, have been the more in place, seeing that for years past instead of words of stern admonition, your contemporary had for "the Junta" unvarying praise and insipid adulation, in singular juxtaposition with wild anathemas aimed at the statesman whose political conscience they are now said to have had in their keeping all along.—Yours, &c.,

CIVILIAN.

ENGLISH POLITICAL AND SOCIAL LETTER.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

LONDON, MARCH 28.

One of two things is true. Either the present House of Commons is utterly listless, as Liberals say, or it is in a holiday mood. There has only been one count-out this week, but the attendance has been getting smaller by degrees, and even the appearance of Mr. Balfour in the novel character of a constructive statesman has not served to revive the energy or enthusiasm of her Majesty's faithful Commons. What the Irish Land Bill failed to achieve was not likely to be secured by the Tithe Bill, and through no fault of its mover, Sir Michael Hicks-Beach, who, though generally respected for his high-minded qualities, is not exactly an attractive speaker. If Lord Salisbury's recent sermonizing at the Carlton has infused fresh encouragement into the hearts of his followers, the improvement has not so far been apparent at Westminster. One fact, however, must be noticed. The talk about an early dissolution has for the moment at all events entirely ceased. It is, of course, possible that the head of the Conservative party may be meditating a great *coup* to follow the "popular Budget" that is to place Mr. Goschen on the highest pinnacle of fame; but in Parliamentary circles nobody now would venture to predict that there will be a general election this year. The outlook for the Tithe Bill is not exactly comforting, but in other respects the political horizon is not unfavourable to her Majesty's Government. The next fortnight may see a change, but at present the attitude of the combined parties, led by Mr. Gladstone with reference to the Irish land scheme, is wanting in definiteness. It is stoutly opposed by the Nationalists—an "idiot Bill" is one of the phrases used to describe the measure—but for reasons different, if not opposed to, those put forward by the English wing of the Liberal party.

The result of the Ayr election has visibly discouraged the more active spirits in the Gladstonian camp, and their disgust at losing the seat which was so recently won from the other side has assuredly the form of condemnation of those responsible for the selection of a Cockney of no political reputation whatever to fight in an intensely patriotic Scotch constituency. It is not unusual for the losers to blame their party managers, but in this instance there is some foundation for the complaints that one hears from all sorts of Liberals. Mr. Gladstone has not been always happy in his selection of colleagues, but all who know anything of the matter agree that one of the greatest mistakes he ever made was in appointing Mr. Arnold Morley to be the principal Whip of the Liberal party. His assistants are distinguished in various ways—Mr. Marjoribanks as the husband of Lord Randolph Churchill's sister; Mr. Cyril Flower, for his good looks; and Mr. C. R. Spencer, for his collars; but these smart gentlemen scarcely supply the deficiencies of their amiable, though far from masterful chief. "Carpet baggers" appear to have more chance in Ireland. Both Dr. Kenyon and Mr. Knox, who have been returned this week unopposed, the one as a Unionist and the other as a Nationalist, are earning their bread in London. Mr. Knox owes his good fortune—he is only about 25 years of age—partly to his connection with an eminent Protestant dignitary in Ireland, and, secondly, to the high opinion entertained of his abilities by Mr. John Morley. Mr. Knox, if he has staying power, will make his mark in Parliament. He might have had an Irish seat two or three years ago, but he preferred to wait probably until he had obtained a footing at the Bar. I am told that he is now acting as "devil" to that rising Q. C., Mr. Asquith, so that Mr. Knox's professional as well as parliamentary future seems to be assured.

Among speeches delivered outside the House this week, two have attracted attention—Mr. Gladstone's at the National Liberal Club, and Mr. Chamberlain's in Birmingham. The disappointment of Metropolitan "stalwarts" at the manner in which Mr. Gladstone boycotted the London programme is only equalled by the delight of the Conservatives at Mr. Chamberlain's recantation respecting the British occupation Lord Randolph still seems (*vide* the talk to day about his letter in the *Telegraph* attacking "My Lords" of the Admiralty) to be popping up in spite of the portentous news that the Conservative Club of a town in the Midlands has presented his portrait to its rival, the Liberal Club, by which it has been cheerfully accepted!

In Congress circles it is hoped that the front Opposition bench will support Mr. Bradlaugh in the line he intends to take with regard to Viscount Cross's Councils Bill. In the event of its being decided to approach Mr. Gladstone and his colleagues, the friendly assistance of an ex-Viceroy who enjoys the confidence of the Liberal leader will probably be secured, but probably no definite steps will be taken until the English Committee of the Congress have had the opportunity of consulting Mr. A. O. Hume. That gentleman was expected in London a week ago, but instead of coming *via* Brindisi, he is travelling the whole way by steamer, and will not be here until to-morrow or Sunday. In view of Mr. Bradlaugh's attitude and the slow progress of Parliamentary business up to the present time, people are beginning to consider no doubt as to the measure will pass this Session. But it is impossible to say at this period what is likely to be the fate of the Bill. Mr. Bradlaugh has not, it is true, so far decided to move its rejection, but the motion he has placed upon the paper opens up a vista of protracted discussion. Mr. Maclean, with his accustomed smartness, has promptly intimated his intention of proposing certain amendments which if agreed to would alter the whole sense of Mr. Bradlaugh's resolution. As it now stands it is as follows:—"That this House expresses its regret that in proposing by this Bill to increase the number of the Additional Members of the Indian Councils for making Laws and Regulations no recognition is given of the Elective Principle." With Mr. Maclean's alterations it would read thus:—"That this House expresses its satisfaction that proposing by this Bill to increase the number of additional members of the Indians Councils for making Laws and Regulations, no recognition is given to the elective principle, which is unsuited to the character of the Indian population, and would be injurious to British interest in India." Sir William Plowden, whose Bill "to amend and extend the existing Local Councils in India" has at last been issued, has given notice of a resolution that he intends to propose on the second reading:—"That in the opinion of this House, any extension of the Indian Councils should provide for the representation in addition to nominated Councillors, and consider (*sic*) that representation should be secured through the ancient institutions and methods of the country rather than by the adoption of western systems of election."

Sir W. Plowden's Bill might like his resolution have perhaps been more clearly worded, but it seems to clear out the description of his proposals that I gave at the opening of the Session. The preamble declares the right of natives of India "to be more largely associated in the administration of their country," and lays down the principle that "the institutions of the country of a representative character should be utilised for this purpose." It consists of 23 clauses. Clauses 2, 3, and 4 deal with the creation and constitution of local councils. A local council, it is affirmed, shall be established in every province in which the population exceeds eight millions. It shall consist of members nominated by the head of the local Government in such province, and of members holding their seats as representatives of the people. There shall be a representative member for each two millions of the population provided that the number shall not exceed in Bengal 33, in the North-Western Provinces and Oudh 22, in Madras 15, in the Punjab 9, in Bombay 8, in the Central Provinces 5. The nominated shall not exceed the representative members in number. After dealing with village and district councils, the Bill provides that each of the latter, where the population is not below two millions, shall select by ballot one of their number "who shall be the representative member on the provincial council." In districts where the population is beneath the minimum, they are to be grouped for purposes of election. Clause 13 is interesting, and may be quoted in full:—"Each provincial council shall select by ballot from amongst its representative members on the basis of one for every ten millions of population, a representative or representatives on the Council of the Governor-General for making Laws or Regulations, provided that Bengal shall not have more than six such representatives; the North-Western Provinces and Oudh shall not have more than four such representatives; Madras shall not have more than three such representatives; the Punjab shall not have more than two such representatives; Bombay shall not have more than two such representatives; the Central Provinces shall not have more than one such representative." The next succeeding clause announces that the members of the district, provincial, and supreme councils shall be entitled to receive their travelling expenses. It is hardly necessary to give any further details. I have quoted sufficient to show the nature and scope of the Bill, which even if it receive polite consideration from the House of Commons is not at all likely to find its way on the statute Book during the fifth Session of the twelfth Parliament of her Most Gracious Majesty. Petitions in favour of the expansion of the Legislative Councils were presented to the House of Commons yesterday from Poona, Patna, Hakeri, Rajur, Gad Hinglaje (?), Pemgiri, and Asansol. Mr Bradlaugh is pressing for the presentation to Parliament of the whole of Lord Dufferin's minute on Council reform.

At the first meeting of the Parliamentary Committee of the Uncovenanted Civil Service held at 45, Pall Mall, on Tuesday, the most anxious subject for discussion was how to secure adequate legal assistance in the preparation of the case without trenching unduly on the limited resources of the services. The difficulty was a grave one, but it had been already met by a conference between two of the most energetic friends of the movement, Mr. H. S. King, M.P., and Mr Edward Jenkins. Through a generous concession made by Mr. King it was arranged that Mr. Jenkins should be placed in a position to undertake the conduct and arrangement of the case if the Committee desired it on terms which in view of the immense amount of work to be done are merely nominal. The Committee received this intimation with enthusiasm, and passed a warm resolution of acceptance, in which they expressed in very cordial terms their renewed sense of the obligations under which the service has been placed by the continuous assistance received from both Mr. King and Mr. Jenkins since the question was first mooted. It is an undoubted advantage to the service to have the aid of a counsel who has worked up the case from the beginning, and who has been throughout the mainstay of the London Committee. Without the unflagging direction of Mr. Jenkins the labour of that body could not have been half so effective, and many persons here regret that owing to an oversight, no recognition of what the service owe to that gentleman was made at the dinner held a fortnight ago at the Hotel Metropole. I believe that Mr. J. W. Unisholm, late Commissioner in the Central Provinces, will now take the place of Vice-Chairman of the Association, which has necessarily been vacated by Mr. Jenkins in the completion of the arrangement just described. I understand that a letter goes out to India by this mail requesting the various departments to draw up separate statements of their special grievances. It is not improbable that this demand may have been anticipated, but if no such statements are already under preparation, the desirability of the work being proceeded with immediately cannot be too urgently enforced. The Committee here are desirous of receiving important documents bearing on the claims of the services, such as prospectuses, deeds of agreement, &c. Among the readers of the *Bombay Gazette* there must be many who can render valuable help in this direction. It may be useful to remind those who may wish to communicate with the Parliamentary Committee of the Association that their head-quarters are at 45, Pall Mall, S.W.

Although not so energetic as he was last Session, Mr. Bradlaugh continues to be actively employed in putting questions to the representative in the House of Commons of the India Office. Not satisfied with the answer vouchsafed a few evenings ago with reference to the education of the son of the late Maharajah Scindia, Mr. Bradlaugh in this afternoon asking whether the telegram of the Governor-General of the 15th June, 1886, was in reply to the dying request of Scindia and whether the Secretary of State will lay upon the table the complete text of his Highness's letter. The junior member seems to be making preparations for his threatened attack on Viscount Cross in connection with the Crawford Case. To-night he moves for copies of, or extracts from, the correspondence relating to memorials from members of the Civil Service as to the incriminated mamlatdars.

The one member of the House of Lords outside the category of ex-Viceroys and ex-Governors who takes any interest in Indian affairs, Lord Stanley of Alderley, has placed the following upon the notice paper:—"To ask the Secretary of State for India what measures the Indian Government has taken to improve the discipline of the regiments recently quartered at Dum Dum; and what compensation it has made to the widow of the man shot by one of four soldiers who went out of barracks without leave on the night of the 6th November last; also to ask the Secretary of State for India if he will take steps to provide temperance canteens as accessible to the soldiers as the canteens for intoxicating liquors." Lord Stanley of Alderley is possibly not aware of the regulations established by his Excellency Sir Frederick Roberts with regard to army temperance societies and recreations which Mr. W. S. Caine, M.P., thanks so highly of, that he is about to ask the House of Commons to call for the establishment of similar agencies in garrisons, camps, and barracks throughout the United Kingdom.

By the way Mr. Caine gave a large dinner party at the National Liberal Club last Saturday night which has been a great deal talked of in political and social reform circles. Mr. Caine's principal guest was a prominent Australian politician, Mr. J. Monroe, and as he is a great teetotaller out of compliment to him nothing stronger in the shape of liquor than Apollinaris was served. The company included two peers, the Earl of Carlisle (who, I understand, is interesting himself very much in the philanthropic venture of the authoress of *Robert Elsmere*) and Lord Kinnaird, as well as a score or more of M. P.s—Orangemen, Tories, Liberals, Unionists, and Radicals. The only representative Indian present was the eloquent Mr. O'Connor Power, whose continued exclusion from the House of Commons in consequence of his disagreement with Mr. Parnell is beginning to be resented by his friends, some of whom are about to take practical steps to bring his claims under the direct notice of Mr. Gladstone. Like all sensitive Australians, Mr. Monroe is grieved to find so much ignorance here respecting even the geography of the colonies, and he unburthened his soul at Mr. Caine's banquet. I saw Mr. Monroe some days later, and he told me that when he made his speech he was not aware that on the painted menu card he was described as the Hon. J. Monroe M. P., "of Victoria, N. S. W." Whoever was responsible for this curious blunder should be presented with a map of Australasia. It is commonly said by those who resent the airs which second and third rate M. P.s are apt to give themselves, that the most ignorant set of men are to be found in the House of Commons. Without going quite so far, I think that your readers would have been surprised if they had heard the questions which Mr. Monroe, was asked by members of that assembly. Some of the questions were of the most elementary character, and betrayed a lack of knowledge about colonial institutions that was positively humiliating. Mr. Monroe confined himself to subjects on which he was invited to speak. These did not include Imperial Federation, but in the conversation I had with him shortly before his departure from London he spoke quite freely on the subject. Mr. Monroe, though very loyal to the British Crown, is not an Imperial Federationist, because, as he says, he does not know what it means. Practical men in Australia do not bother their heads about the nostrums of Imperial Federationists. They repudiate with scorn the notion that they are dying to become members of some great Imperial Parliament yet unborn. So at least I gathered from my talk with Mr. Monroe, who gave me to understand that he expressed the views of men of all parties, not only in his own colony of Victoria, but throughout the entire continent of Australia. He spoke very encouragingly of the movement now going on for Colonial Federation, and expressed a hope that constitutional government would be granted to the inhabitants of Western Australia.

It is presumed that the adjourned debate on the Tithe Bill will prevent Mr. Bradlaugh raising a debate to-night on the obnoxious plate-duty and the equally obnoxious hall-marking of imported gold and silver wares. You have already published Mr. Bradlaugh's proposed motion. The Fair Trader and ex-Chief Detective, Mr. Howard Vincent, wishes to substitute for Mr. Bradlaugh's sweeping recommendations words declaring that "while the abolition of the duty upon the Home manufacture of gold and silver-plate is a matter of comparative indifference, provided a full drawback is paid on all stocks throughout the country, the interests, present and future, of all engaged in the gold and silver trade necessitate the retention of compulsory hall-marking." A Conservative backer of Mr. Bradlaugh in this matter, Mr. Kimber, taking a common-sense view of the question, proposes an amendment to the amendment to move to leave out the word "full" and insert the words "fair and moderate," also the omission of the words "necessitate the retention of compulsory hall-marking" in order to insert "renders the retention of hall-marking advisable as a voluntary matter, but not as a compulsory requirement." Mr. Bradlaugh and his friends expect that he will have an opportunity between the reassembling of Parliament on the 14th and the introduction of the Budget now adjourned to the 17th inst. of calling attention to the subject. It seems to be generally considered that Mr. Goschen has quite made up his mind to part with the duty this year, and the efforts of the trade are now being mainly directed to securing the abolition of compulsory hall-marking. The head of one of the oldest silversmith's businesses in London, and prominent—perhaps the most prominent—advocate of abolition, tells me, if Mr. Bradlaugh's motion were accepted, it would make no difference so far as the home trade in plate is concerned. The silversmiths know that if they omitted to get their goods hall-marked they would find no purchasers. In future if the law is altered silver-plate sold in England will continue to be stamped with this evidence of its genuineness. The abolition of compulsory marking is asked for to enable the trade to supply markets abroad, where a different standard from that existing in this country prevails.

REMITTANCES on India for 40,00,000 rs. were offered, and applications for 1,13,000 rs. were received on March 26, almost all transfers, at prices ranging between 1s. 4 15-16d. and 1s. 5 1-16d. The amounts accepted were in bills for 30,000 rs., at an average of 1s. 5d. and in transfers on Calcutta, 25,13,000 rs. at an average of 1s. 5·0474d; on Bombay, 11,03,000 rs. at an average of 1s. 5·03d.; and Madras, 3,84,000 rs., at an average of 1s. 5·047d.; tenders for bills at 1s. 5d. receiving in full, and for telegraphic transfers at 1s. 5 1-32d., about 30 per cent. and above in full. Special allotment of transfers at 1s. 5 1 16d. for 13,00,000rs. were afterwards made, comprising 7,00,000rs. on Calcutta, 5,00,000 rs. on Bombay, and 1,00,000 rs. on Madras. During the past week 61 lacs were sold, and produced 432,446l., the remittances for 21,74,66,636 rs. disposed of between April 1 and March 26 realising 14,00,000l.

DISASTROUS FIRE AT ARTHUR BUNDER.

ESTIMATED DAMAGE Rs. 6,00,000.

COLABA has been the scene of several fires during the last few weeks, although they have all been of a trifling character. But last night, one of the most disastrous and alarming conflagrations which have taken place in Bombay for some time, occurred in what is known as the Nicholl Spinning Mill, belonging to Mr. Ahmedbhoy Hubbibhoy, situated to the south of Arthur Bunder. The fire had not long broken out ere it was doomed, and in the course of two hours the whole building was gutted, causing damage to property and stock, to the extent of Rs. 6,00,000. The mill was one of the largest in Bombay, being about 400 feet long and about 150 feet wide. It employs about 400 hands, and was in a flourishing condition. On the north and north-west are situated the two extensive blocks known as Grant's Buildings; on the west is a two-storeyed godown, stored with goods belonging to the mill; and on the south is a godown belonging to the Fort Press Company, stocked with cotton. What was the origin of the fire is a mystery, although it is said spontaneous combustion may have been the cause. Before the fire was discovered, it would seem that the flames had got a considerable hold of the building, for about nine o'clock when the first alarm was given, the upper windows on the east side of the block were lit with a flickering, lurid glare which showed that all was not well within; and before any message could be sent for the assistance of the fire brigade or even ere any water could be brought to the spot, tongues of flame had begun to appear through the roof. Although many willing hands set to work to do all they could, pending the arrival of the steamers, little or nothing could be done to stay the flames. Meanwhile, large crowds of people began to gather on every side of the burning block, and great excitement prevailed amongst the occupants of Grant's Buildings. They had, indeed, much source for fear, because the rapidity with which the flames spread was terrific. It was utterly beyond the power of any of the people, however willing they may have been and showed themselves to use their best endeavours in mastering the flames; but nothing could be done until the arrival of the brigade. Perhaps, it was owing to some unaccountable delay in the alarm being sent to the various fire-offices; but certain it is that the fire had already been burning fiercely for close on an hour ere the first engine made its appearance, and it took a considerable time longer ere any water was brought to bear on the flames. In the meantime the people residing in Grant's Buildings, alarmed for their safety, began removing their furniture and valuables to a safe place. It so happened that all their labours proved unnecessary, but more than once it certainly did appear as if the flames would not be confined to the mill. One circumstance also is, for which they have to be thankful, was that there was little, if any, breeze to carry the burning embers any distance. By eleven o'clock the firemen from the Fort, Pydhowni, Byculla, Gowalia Tank, Parel, Colaba Mill, and the Port Trust offices, had attacked the fire on every side, still the excited residents, ran about beseeching the firemen to play upon their dwellings. This they had already been doing, and if the building was saved a considerable quantity of household furniture was ruined by the streams of water which found their way in at the windows.

As has already been mentioned the fire first made its appearance in the third or topmost storey, which contained spindles and the usual mill stores, consisting mostly of cotton, both loose and in bales, and also oil, which being of such a very inflammable nature, readily accounts for the rapidity with which it spread from end to end of the long block. For a long time the fire confined itself to the upper part of the building, the roof burning away gradually and falling in piece by piece. The whole of this top storey was burning furiously when the fire engines appeared. Many willing hands, as is usual on such occasions, rendered the firemen valuable assistance in laying out the hose and getting them in position; but unfortunately, as was the case in the recent disastrous fire in Apollo Street, the supply of water was anything but copious. True, the basin at Arthur Bunder was close at hand, but, as it happened, it was almost low tide. The fire, after the water had begun to play upon it, looked for a time as if it were going to succumb, but fresh alarm was created by the flames suddenly bursting from the whole range of windows on the second floor at the east end, and even more rapidly than they spread along the top floor, they ran along this second flat and down into the ground floor. The excitement now reached a terrific height and the firemen now changed their tactics and directed their efforts to saving the surrounding buildings. About this time the men of H. M. S. Griphon, Garnet, Spinx, Cossack, and Euphrates, who had been rendering valuable assistance to the firemen, were reinforced by a further detachment of tars, who arrived on the scene with a ship's fire-engine. Their assistance was also very valuable in another direction. The chimney of the mill was under repairs, and a wooden scaffolding was erected round it from the base to the summit. This caught fire in several places and, as the chimney towered above the street it was evident that sooner or later the whole pile of wood work would give way and kill any one who happened to be in the street below. If this street had been deserted by the firemen the whole flock of houses to the west would have caught fire. The difficulty, however, was that there were no tools handy to get down the dangerous frame-work of bamboos. Mr. Thoburn, who was on the spot rose to the occasion. With a few helpers he boarded the *buggalows* which were lying at anchor in and around the basin and cut the rigging from their masts, he fastened the cordage to the lower end of the scaffolding, and a party of tars set to work with a will and brought down the whole of the dangerous structure in a couple of minutes.

The efforts of the firemen in confining the flames to the burning mill were successful; it, as has been already mentioned, was gutted and reduced to a ruin. Some attempts were made at an early stage of the conflagration to remove some of the stock to a safe place, but the quantity that was saved was very trifling. Six lakhs of rupees is the estimated loss, and if this rough estimate is correct then Mr. Ahmedbhoy Habbibhoy is worthy of all sympathy for he will have lost about two lakhs, the insurance only covering four lakhs. No estimate could be formed last night of the damage to furniture, &c., in the Grant's Buildings by water, but that must have been considerable.

The Commissioner of Police, Col. Wilson, and his assistant Mr. Gell were on the spot directing the efforts of their men. All the members of the European police force under the direction of their Superintendents had special stations assigned them and it is needless to say that each man did his very best to obey orders to the very letter. The police were ably assisted by a detachment of military from Colabs, who paraded the roads in the vicinity of the fire, and kept back the excited crowd out of reach of danger.

As we go to press the fire still burns, but all fear we understand of further outbreak is passed.

DEPARTURE OF LORD AND LADY REAY.

THE Apollo Bunder is often the scene of sorrowful partings, when men, after a long residence in the city or Presidency of Bombay, and having earned for themselves popularity or high reputation in the profession or community to which they belong, are about to set sail for home, perhaps for the last time. But such a scene as that enacted on the Apollo Bunder on Saturday evening is quite exceptional. It was a quiet, impressive scene. Neither Lord Reay nor Lady Reay could hide the emotion they so evidently felt at leaving behind them people among whom they had lived on such close terms of friendship. Lord Reay as he entered the shamiana, wore a wearied expression on his face, as well he might, because, as is well known, for many weeks past he has been by no means idle. Morning, noon, and night he has been paying and receiving farewell visits, replying to the addresses which have flowed in to him from different communities and societies all over the Presidency, visiting institutions and delivering speeches, and being entertained to parties at the houses of our leading citizens. Although all those events go to show the popularity Lord Reay has gained for himself, and the esteem Lady Reay has won from the people for whose sakes she has so ably seconded her husband's efforts, it was only on Saturday evening when the parting came that a true estimate could be formed of the popularity they both have enjoyed. There was no mistaking how deeply Lord Reay felt what he said in the delivery of his speech in reply to the Municipal address, particularly when in conclusion he referred to the happy years he had spent in Bombay, which, he said, his voice dying away almost to a whisper, would never fade from the memories of Lady Reay and himself until the last day of their lives.

DEPARTURE FROM GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

Punctually at the hour notified for the departure, Lord and Lady Reay appeared at the head of the steps of Government House. Here were decorated with garlands of flowers by the domestic servants of the Government House establishment. Bidding farewell to Colonel and Mrs. Lyttelton and Mrs Irving they descended the steps, but before entering the state carriage, Lord Reay took leave in a few kind words of all the servants who had paraded themselves in front of the porch, and expressed his pleasure to them for the services they had rendered. The Governor's body-guard was drawn up under Major Daniell, and formed the escort to the cortege. Lady Reay bade good-bye to Mr. H. Millis, and heartily shaking hands with him thanked him for his excellent management of the Governor's stud. As the carriages moved off, which was about five o'clock, a ringing cheer by the children of the members of the Body-guard was raised, while the carriage was filled with showers of flowers. In the first carriage, which preceded Lord Reay's, were seated Lord Harris, Mr. S. W. Edgerly, Private Secretary to H. E. the Governor, Captain Jervis, and Captain Forbes. Following this came the state carriage of his Excellency escorted by the Body-guard, and containing Lord and Lady Reay and Colonel Rhodes and Captain Phayre. They were accompanied in the third carriage by Colonel and Mrs. Lyttelton, Captain Pinney, and Mrs. Irving.

DEMONSTRATIONS ON THE ROUTE.

When the carriages arrived at Chowpatty the first demonstration occurred. The verandahs and compound of the Wilson College were crowded with students and others, who cheered loudly as they Excell ncy approached. The building was prettily decorated with flags. Miss Vakil, Miss Hunt, and Miss Parakh, students of the College, presented Lord and Lady Reay with bouquets and garlands of flowers. Mr. Nagindas P. Mehta then told H. E and Lady Reay that the students of the Wilson College wished them both a happy voyage and bade them a hearty farewell. Lord Reay, in reply, said: "I thank you and wish you all long life and prosperity." Three cheers were enthusiastically given for the departing Governor and his noble consort as the carriage drove off. From this point to the railway level crossing the road was lined by Parsees and Hindoos, who took up the cheering, which his Excellency acknowledging by bowing constantly. After the Charni Road station was passed groups of Parsee ladies might here and there be seen in verandahs and open places, waving their handkerchiefs, and both Lord and Lady Reay seemed moved as they acknowledged these marks of affection. From the Charni Road Station and away beyond the Marine Lines, there was almost a continuous line of the poorer class of people, who had come from the native town to have a last look at the departing Governor. There was a break in the line of spectators for a short space; but when Girgaum Back Road, opposite the Church Gate Station, the roads were lined on both sides deep right up to the Apollo Bunder. At Church Gate Station were assembled the students of the Grant Medical College, who with banners and the Portuguese Union Band, had marched thither in procession from the Money School. The procession was headed by a double-flag, bearing the following:—"Grant College.—Long live Lord and Lady Reay." There was another flag bearing the device "Bon voyage." When the gubernatorial party drew near, the band played the National Anthem, and the carriages stopped. Mr. Dosabhai B. Bardi then stepped forward and with the following few and appropriate words put a large garland round his Excellency's neck. Mr. Bardi said:

May it Please Your Excellency.—We, the students of the Grant Medical College, beg leave to bid farewell to your Lordship and your worthy consort, after the five happy years you passed amongst us in our Presidency. Our heartfelt gratitude is due to your Excellency for the keen interest you displayed in practical medical education, which was much neglected before your Excellency's arrival in the Bombay Presidency. We take this opportunity of proffering your Lordship that we will take advantage of the means which you have tried by your power and influence to establish in connection with our college, as regards practical education in medical science, not only as students, but even as medical graduates. In the name of the female students of our college we have to thank her Ladyship for her disinterested, kind, and ready support in the female education in our Presidency. Wishing your Excellencies health, wealth, and prosperity, we request your Lordship humbly to accept the humble token of our deep regard for your Excellency.

Mr. Jal S. B. Vakil then handed an elegant bouquet to his Excellency with the following wishes:—"Thanks, Lord Reay, for the Laboratory. We will reap the fruit, of the seeds you have sown for us. Our heartfelt gratitude for the professorial chair in clinical medicine. Bon voyage, health, Wealth and prosperity to your Excellency and to Lady Reay." Messrs Dalji B. Lam and D. S. Fraser presented a large garland and a bouquet to Lady Reay, Mr. Fraser giving the bouquet with the following words:—"Our hearty thanks to your Ladyship for the medical aid to the women of India. We will never forget you. Farewell!" Three cheers were raised as the carriage drove off, the Band again playing the national Anthem. All the principal buildings on either side of the road had their verandahs and windows crowded with people, who waved their hands and handkerchiefs, the crowds below in the streets shouting themselves hoarse. The Wellington Fountain was occupied by the students of the Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute, Lord Reay's favourite institution. They stood under a strange oblong device displaying in letters of gold, on a crimson ground, the words "Victoria Jubilee Technical Institute. Long live Lord and Lady Reay." They cheered so loudly that Lord Reay was seen to turn round and look back as his carriage passed on. Owing to the heat the military were not asked to turn out to line the roads; but excellent order was maintained at the Bunder, where the crowds were thickest, by a body of police under Superintendent Macdermott, assisted by several European officers.

SCENE AT THE BUNDER.

The shamiana was early crowded with a large and brilliant assembly, representative of Bombay society; indeed, there was not a vacant chair under the covering. All the ships in the harbour were dressed with flags, which hung from their yards, and were suspended from mast to mast. During the time of waiting H. E. the Governor's band played an excellent selection of music. Exactly at half past five, the hour at which all guests were requested to be in their seats, a distant cheer, faint at first, but gradually gathering in volume, betokened the approach of the retiring Governor and Lady Reay. Immediately afterwards the first carriage, drawn by a pair of horses, without any escort, arrived at the Bunder, bringing Lord Harris, accompanied by Mr. S. W. Edgerley, Private Secretary, and Captain Jervis and Captain Forbes, Aides-de-Camp, immediately followed by another carriage, drawn by four horses, with outriders, escorted by the Governor's Body-guard, under Major Daniell, and Colonel Wilson, Commissioner of Police, riding alongside, which were Lord and Lady Reay, Colonel Rhodes, Military Secretary to Lord Harris, and Captain Phayre, Aide-de-Camp to Lord Reay. Lord and Lady Reay's carriage had its hood hung over with a large number of garlands of flowers, which appeared to have been presented along the route, and Lady Reay had near her seat an equally large number of bouquets of flowers which apparently accompanied the presentation of the garlands. The Government House party were received at the entrance of the shamianas by Sir Raymond West, the Hon. J. G. Moore, the Lord Bishop of Bombay, H. E. Admiral Sir E. Fremantle, the Hon. T. D. Little, General Budgen, Colonel Lyttelton, Messrs. Nugent, Lee-Warner, Hughes, and Logan. Moving slowly along the passage Lord and Lady Reay cordially shook hands with several ladies and gentlemen they recognised in the assembly, and then his Excellency, accompanied by General Budgen, inspected the guard-of-honour formed of a detachment of a hundred rank-and-file from the Gloucester Regiment. Assembled at the Bunder were:—

H. E. Rear-Admiral Sir E. Fremantle, Naval Commander-in-Chief; the Hon. Sir Raymond West, Member of Council; the Hon. J. G. Moore, Member of Council; Sir Chas. Sargent, Chief Justice of Bombay; Mr. H. E. M. James, Commissioner, N. D.; the Lord Bishop of Bombay; the Hon. Mr. Justice Birdwood, the Hon. Mr. Justice Jardine, the Hon. Mr. Justice Bayley, the Hon. Mr. Justice Farran, the Hon. Mr. Justice Telang, Judges of the High Court; Sir Jamsetjee Jejeebhoy, Bart, C.S.I., C.I.E., Sir Dinshaw Manockji Petit, Bart, Sir Henry Morland, Sir Thomas Thompson, the Hon. K. L. Nulkar, Member of Viceroy's Legislative Council; the Hon. T. D. Little, the Hon. F. L. Latham, the Hon. A. F. Baufort, the Hon. R. M. Sayani, the Hon. N. N. Wadia, C. I. E., Members of the Legislative Council; Mr. J. Nugent

EDUCATION AND SOCIAL REFORM IN GUZERAT.

(FROM A CORRESPONDENT.)

THE fifth annual educational gathering of the Khedawal Brahmins, technically called the *Sarsvati Mahotsava* was recently held at Anand. The dharamshala was very tastefully decorated with flags and buntings and the auspicious asopalava leaves. From Saturday afternoon visitors began to arrive from different towns for the occasion. On Sundays, however, there was a great influx of the outsiders from all directions, and the principal towns of the castle, *viz.*, Broach, Umreth, Nariad, and Mahudha were very well represented. At the proper time the proceedings of the gathering were opened by R. S. Desaibhai who explained the object of the gathering and ended with a request to proceed with the nomination of the chairman. Rao Bahadur Motilal Chunilal, the Deputy Collector for the Division, was voted to the chair. He called on the Secretary to read out the letters that were received from various gentlemen who were unable to attend the gathering. This being done R. S. Desaibhai rose up to discuss the state of education in the castle during the present year from statistics collected for the purpose. He said that the number of students studying in 1889 was more than 992 in Gujarathi, 141 in English, making a total of 1,133 in all, and so it was decidedly more than that in each of the three previous years, that it was a significant sign of the increasing spread of education, and that so far the limited labours of the Sabha had done something, however slight it may be. After he had finished, R. S. Chhaganlal, to the great gratification of the young generation of the caste, gave it out that at the next gathering a prize of Rs. 25 will be awarded to the person who wrote the best essay on "The past and the present condition of the Baj Khedawal Brahmins, and the means to improve the latter."

After this R. B. Motilal was requested to distribute prizes to the successful students at the University and Public Service Examinations. There was one for the Previous, four for the Matriculation, two for the School Final, eleven for the Second Grade, and forty-four for the Third Grade Examinations, &c., &c. Prizes of turbans and books were awarded to them, for which the head prisoman expressed his gratitude, and gave assurance to the caste gentlemen on behalf of himself and others that he and those for whom he spoke would continue their studies further. On this occasion those of the young generation of the caste in Anand who had received special religious training in Sandhya, Vaisvadeva, &c., were also given suitable prizes for the encouragement of that kind of education. Then after the president and vice-president of the Sabha had spoken at length as to how the students should act so as to improve their prospects in future, Mr. Nathalal Desai, school-master of Sajod, recited an excellent poem prepared for the occasion, which for about half an hour enchanted the whole gathering. The subject of it was education, and it was handled in his usual spirit-stirring style. This was followed by speeches from two gentlemen,—Mr. Ranchhodlal and R. S. Gangaram Sanatrea, Deputy Educational Inspector, Ahmedabad. The latter spoke on the duties of young men, and what they ought to bear in mind while engaged in their studies. He analyzed the functions of education, and in his impressive style convinced the audience that truthfulness, morality, self-reliance, perseverance, and a spirit of religion were the essentials of a truly educated man. His speech was much appreciated by the audience, and especially the young men to whom it was addressed. He was followed by the chairman with his concluding speech which for the vividness with which it treats the subject of education and the many practical suggestions which which it contains deserves to be quoted in its entirety. He said :—" Rao Sahib Desaibhai, Rao Sahib Chhaganlal and Gentlemen,—This is the first occasion on which I have the pleasure and satisfaction of seeing such a large assembly of one caste brought together from distant places for a purpose which has for its object the encouragement and development of education. I should not have been surprised to have met such a large gathering if the object had been the excommunication of a victim to jealousy or some party feeling or, as is not uncommon, the private grudge of a pariah or shethia of the caste, but it is seldom that it is the happy lot of a person to preside over a meeting of one caste, who have, through their enlightened members, been fortunate as to see that education is an invincible power which not only forms a man but nations. When the grand meeting of your populous caste was first held at Vadtal, several years back, through the noble exertions of my friend, R. S. Desaibhai, and other leaders of the caste, I was, to tell you frankly, not at all sanguine of the results. Gentlemen, this is a meeting purely educational, and therefore if I were to tell you how far my expectations have been realized, and how far they have been falsified you will accuse me of digression. I will confine myself to the subject of education and to anything which is the natural result of education. Perhaps it will be necessary for me to tell you how I define the word 'education.' My definition of the word is a little prolix, and as it differs from what it is popularly understood I will first examine the results declared by your worthy president from that conception of the word 'Education' which has been accepted by the majority of the people. If the passing of prescribed tests is the criterion to judge, of the educational capacities of the young and rising generation of your caste, I am very glad to be able to congratulate the whole caste, the students, their parents, and the reformers for this year's results, which evidently are superior to those of the last year. These results have just been explained by my friend Mr. Desaibhai. So it would simply be tiring your patience to repeat them. But as I have just said, I do not consider the art of reading and writing or the knowledge of the geography of the world, cramming of history, or the ability to solve difficult problems of geometry education at all. Such knowledge gives information, and at the most it is a useful acquisition. It gives no greater claim to the acquirer to be treated as an educated man than a knowledge of photography would entitle the photographer to be called an educated man. But knowing as I do the definition of the word 'Education' I cannot simply, to please you, say that education has advanced. Gentlemen, I shall yield to none in the wish that education may spread rapidly, and if our Almighty God be, in His mercy, pleased to spare us to see that will be a matter of sincere happiness to me. I have always held that education means high principles of morality, firmness of character and purpose, pure and biassed thoughts, liberal and unselfish thoughts, plain living and conciliatory habits, straightforward and liberal views, sincere devotion to our Creator and loyalty to our Sovereign. Unless a man has been able to shape his character as an example to his inferiors and neighbours his having read the largest library in the world would scarcely give him the rank of an educated man. Gentlemen, you are not ignorant of the fact that many reformers have taken the trouble of preaching reforms and that, except a few ardent men, all have gradually disappeared from the field. Why did they do so is a natural question to ask, but at the same time it is inquisitive. I am not, however, afraid to answer you. These people joined the corps of reformers with an honest heart, I am willing to admit, but they lacked the courage to face such opposition. The education was not sufficient to inspire in their minds firmness of purpose; and they remained indifferent to self-help. I do not presume to dictate to my countrymen which reforms they should undertake first; but I would ask their permission to refer them to the title page of the Vernacular monthly magazine, called "*Siri Bodha*," where you have the authority of the great Napoleon Bonaparte that if you want to make the country flourish, the first thing you should do is to educate the mothers. I do not dispute the fact that there is scarcely now a town worthy its name which has not a girls' school; but I will certainly deny that they are as much availed of as they ought to be. This is a meeting of the Khedawals caste, and the distribution of prizes is confined to that caste alone. It is therefore more fit to ask you, gentlemen, assembled here, whether advantage has been taken by your daughters of the girls' schools at Umreth, Mahudha, Nadiad, and Anand. The Nineteenth Century is a century of progress. There is progress in science, progress in social customs, progress in the style of living and dress, and above all progress in the lives of young husbands. When the tastes about matrimony are undergoing a revolution, it is time for parents to educate their daughters so that they can draw their husbands' affections and live happily and peaceably. I know that you passed several excellent rules at your grand meeting at Vadtal, and to carry them out required honesty of purpose and force of characters. I am, of course, not in a position to say whether you have respected your own rules, but I can say that the rule about purchasing brides is broken. I am sorry to have to say this, but I find from the number of Income Tax Assessments that the practice still prevails. Real education would put a stop to this custom which is so strongly condemned by the Shastras and the existence of its indications that one of the ingredients of 'Education,' namely, unselfishness is disregarded. I am sorry that I should have to proclaim views which perhaps may not be shared by some, but I am entitled to indulgence when I assure you that I have spoken from conviction. The Khedawala community deserves the greatest credit for the step they have taken in encouraging education, and I have no doubt that if you persevere there is success in store for you. I am informed that you have nearly Rs. 10,0 0 promised by your caste towards the encouragement of education of Khedawala boys. I hope you will be able to recover the promised subscriptions as from what I have stated above, there is reason to believe, that you appreciate the object which when fulfilled is sure to raise your community in society. The investment of your capital in educational objects is not a sinking fund but it is an investment, the interest of which you are sure to get if you take care to claim it."

The suggestions about the fund contained in the above necessitated a reply from R. S. Desaibhai, who explained the cause of the delay in its collection. He said that it was not owing to the idleness of the members of the Sabha that the fund was not collected, but that they had till then not come to any definite conclusion as to the best way of investing the caste money so as to inspire confidence in the minds of the subscribers. After he had added his voice to those of the previous speakers in impressing upon the audience the true functions of education and how to attain them R. S. Chhaganlal rose amidst cheers to express his sense of gratitude for all those who had either by their presence or speeches added to the pleasure and gravity of the occasion.

After the banquet the meeting, which lasted for about four hours, dispersed amid deafening cheers, for her Majesty the Queen-Empress, his Excellency Lord Reay, and the Saraswati Devi.

Two new volumes of the "English Men of Action" series is in the press, by Mr. Archibald Forbes, which must have already appeared,

BARBERS AND SOCIAL REFORM.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—The journalists who have shown their sympathy with the barbers' movement deserve thanks, so do also a number of Hindu, Parsee, and European gentlemen who have encouraged the barbers to persevere in the good work. A number of barbers inform me that their customers have all spoken in favor of it, and they were astonished at such a general feeling of approbation where they expected to find a great deal of opposition. Even the most orthodox conservative Bhattia millionaires have approved of the movement. So far the barbers' endeavour to put a stop to the revolting customs has met with support from various quarters, and is likely to be crowned with success. But I may be permitted to state here that the suggestion which some of the native journals have made that the reforming party should attend at the general meeting to be held on the 14th instant, and address the barbers on the subject, is not approved of by the leaders of that community. They want to address their own people, and are afraid that their practical heads will be lost in the mazes of the stupendous eloquence with which some of the speech-loving orators would be likely to treat them. And their wish, I think, is a sensible one and their apprehension correct. From the meetings held at my house, I am convinced that the Hindu barber is a most reasonable person, and although a little loquacious and communicative, yet on the whole when placed under proper guidance he can be easily persuaded to be controlled. But he is after all a man and those that have the good of the movement at heart would do well to attend at the meeting but they should refrain from haranguing them or teasing or from treating them with quotations from the Shastras which their practical heads filled with anti-brahminical notions may not relish. A little simple advice here and there and encouragement in all they require; and considering the enormous gain from a comparatively trifling movement its far-reaching consequences on the degraded woman of the Maharashtra, the elevation of her position in society and its immediate bearings on the important question of infant marriage and the remarriage of widows, I feel convinced that the reformers and others would be doing the right thing to leave the barbers to themselves as it is their first general meeting, to impress them with their presence that they have supporters outside their caste, and help them when they require help.—I am, &c.,

April 10. A BOMBAY RECLUSE.

NEW RULES ABOUT WELL-ASSESSMENT.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—Well-assessment is a very important problem in connection with the revision settlements now being introduced into the districts of Gujerat. Government, as you pointed out in your review of Lord Reay's Administration, have recently introduced important modifications in the existing rules of well-assessment, which demand the immediate attention of the public. It is a matter for regret that this important document which requires to be reviewed and criticised by the public, has not been communicated to the Press, although I find that the press is too often favoured, with many other documents of a much less general interest.

2. The correspondence resulting in the new departure first arose in the following circumstances :—In February 1880 Government directed the attention of the Survey Superintendent of Gujerat "to the fact that the best subsoil water advantages in Dholka have been classed at two annas while in Daskroi the equivalent advantages bear a classification valuation of one anna six pies only, and to state that the reasons for this difference of treatment are not understood by Government. If the explanation is, as would appear to be the case, that the adopted scale is calculated to just recover existing well taxation plus the probable increase on revision if such well taxation were retained, it would appear to rest on an erroneous basis, for well taxation having been abandoned on the ground of its being wrong in principle, the real question that arises is, What is the additional value given to land by the existence of subsoil water advantages ? His Excellency the Governor in Council sees no reason why such additional value should be estimated, in classification, at a maximum of two annas in Dholka, but only one anna six pies in Daskroi." A full explanation on the subject was asked to be submitted through the Survey and Settlement Commissioner.

3. Colonel Godfrey, the acting Survey and Settlement Commissioner, thereupon after enquiry submitted in January last a full explanation and report on the subject of subsoil water advantages, the system now in force in Gujerat, and what he proposed for adoption in future. The report extends over twenty-one foolscap pages of printed matter, and contains a brief review of the history of well-assessment from so old a date as 1557, which is I think a mistake, as there was no assessment or rather of the failure of the attempts made by Government from time to time in dealing with this knotty problem.

4. I intend to confine myself to drawing attention to some of the salient features, in the hope that the subject will receive a thorough threshing out at the hands of experts.

5. The Government Resolution issued in March on Col. Godfrey's report says :—" The chief point kept in view by the local officers in proposing the scale in each Taluka was that while the assessment determined upon according to that scale should be as little felt as possible, it should at the same time recoup the well- assessment which it was proposed to surrender. . . . The main point in this report which calls for the orders of Government is the sole instead of basing the assessment of subsoil-water advantages on—

1st.—The amount of well-assessment to be forgone, and

2nd.—A ratio to the dry crop assessment (i. e. the assessment minus the water advantages).

It should be based as now proposed on—

1st.—A scale generally applicable irrespective of receipts from well-assessment, and

2nd.—The acre and not the dry crop rate.

On careful consideration of the subject his Excellency the Governor in Council is pleased to direct that the course now suggested for adoption should be followed and that the scale proposed by the Survey and Settlement Commissioner in Appeadix E to his report should be made applicable in assessing subsoil water advantages."

6. Now the main point for contention is that under the new rules the scale of subsoil water rates is to be made applicable irrespective of the amount of well-assessment to be foregone, while under the old rules the scale was always so adopted as to just recoup the loss caused to Government revenue by the abandonment of well-assessment. In reference to the prevailing system under which subsoil water rates are charged, instead of imposing extra rates on existing wells, Mr. Stewart, an officer, who possesses most intimate acquaintance with the Bombay Survey, distinctly wrote as below in June last in a demi-official letter to Government:—

"It has been a principle from the beginning that Government has no desire to get additional revenue by the change in system. All that is contemplated is that it should *not lose* existing revenue." The treatment however which the adoption of the scale of subsoil water rates has hitherto met in the several talukas of Gujerat, supplies strong evidence for a belief that in the new departure Government have apparently created a loophole for drawing an *increased revenue without restriction*, as also a fruitful source for corruption and oppression to the ignorant raiyats, at the hands of the low-paid Survey Agency.

7. From the very commencement of the introduction of the system of subsoil water rates, some of the most able and experienced officers of Government have always contended that it is almost impossible " to work out this plan in the ever varying soil of the Deccan," and experience shows that this the difficulty also exists to a great extent elsewhere. However, as Government were unwilling to lose the revenue derived from the extra rates on existing wells, rules and scales were anyhow framed, under which sweet and brackish water was charged at rates varying according to depths at which the water is supposed to be obtainable below the surface. It was, however, up to this time believed by nature that in all the rules and scales adopted from time to time the great point borne in mind was that the revenue from the subsoil rates was only levied to the ex ent of recouping the loss resulting from the abandonment of well-assessment. It is very difficult to assign *fairly* any intrinsic value to the advantages of subsoil strata, when the data on which such advantages are calculated, are in themselves of so varying and doubtful a nature. This fact can be seen very clearly from the subjoined statement, in which a *very high* scale was in each case at first proposed for adoption, but which was subsequently reduced a good deal, on the consideration that the scale would give a revenue much higher than the loss from well-assessment :—

Talukas.	First class maximum rate in addition to regular assessment.	
	At first proposed.	Finally reduced and adopted.
	Annas.	Annas.
Jhalod	6	2
Dholka	4	2
Daskroi	2	1½

8. The statement proves that the scales of additional subsoil water rates can be safely manipulated at the wish of the proposer, so as to give any amount of *desired* revenue. In Viramgaum, the next taluka under the operation of the revision settlement, the lowest scale of 1½ annas adopted for Daskroi was found to be inapplicable. Col. Godfrey writes :—

" In this case of the Viramgaum taluka I tried the effect of applying the 1½ anna scale made for the Daskroi taluka, but found on examination of it in the field, with a brackish well, water being more than 40 feet below the surface, we should be letting off lands now actually irrigated and growing wheat and vegetable under irrigation without any subsoil water increase whatever. Thus looking at it in every light the old scale did not appear acceptable."

9. With a view to remove the anomaly and to secure a uniform scale of rates, if possible, Col. Godfrey proceeded under instructions from Government, "to consider in what way some other scale might be devised for assessing subsoil water advantages, taking as basis the question what is the additional value given to land by the existence of subsoil water ?' Another scale was accordingly devised by Col. Godfrey, which Government have now been pleased to sanction. It is however very difficult to follow how Government can fairly enjoin the condition that the scale should be made " generally applicable irrespective of receipts from well-assessment," in the face of a very distinct assertion made by the framer of the scale to the following effect :—

" 38. The question is a very difficult one, and the data from which to draw a fair conclusion were wanting ; the little I could obtain would certainly have been *insufficient* if it had been intended to assess land with subsoil water advantages in exactly the same rates as the additional value given thereby to it, as compared with land without subsoil water advantages. With that object in view, it would have been necessary to take a series of crop experiments for several years in both kinds of dry and irrigated crops, but *as our object was only to obtain a scale which would (1st) recoup Government for the loss in well taxation, which* I considered the data I was able to obtain as sufficient for the purpose and worked out the plan I propose as follows :—

10. Thus the first condition of the scale proposed by Colonel Godfrey is " to recoup Government for the loss in well taxation," while in sanctioning the scale Government have enjoined an adverse condition that the scale should be made applicable " irrespective of the receipts from well-assessment." Colonel Godfrey is quite right in asserting that the requisite data for framing a scale applicable on the condition prescribed by Government are unavailable, and that according he was unable to devise a scale applicable independently according to the additional value given to land by the existence of subsoil water advantages ' as desired by Government. It is therefore quite probable that the scale now proposed by him with a different object and sanctioned by Government would, in the absence of the necessary condition of the revenue being restricted to loss from well-assessment, give any amount of additional revenue to Government, just as the former scales at first proposed by the survey officers for preceding settlements have done as described in para 7 above.

11. Having thus shown from recorded facts that the new departure will ordinarily be a loophole for any amount of additional revenue, I now proceed to point out how it will be a fruitful source for corruption and oppression.

12. The scale proposed by Col. Godfrey is as below :—

SUBSOIL WATER RATES PER ACRE.

Kind and class of water.		Depths of water-strata in feet.					
		8	14	20	30	40	50
		As.	As.	As.	As.	As.	As.
Sweet.	1st Class	16	12	8	6	4	2
	2nd Class	12	8	6	4	2	1
Brackish.	1st Class ...	6	4	2	1	½	...
	2nd Class ...	3	2	1	½	...	...

The highest rate for first-class sweet water below 8 feet is 16 annas or one rupee per acre, and the rates vary according to depths from 8 to 50 feet downwards. It is apparent that in the absence of any scientific attainments of a very high order, such a task of assigning different valuations according to depths of water strata should well nigh be impossible, and in the case of a majority of individual holdings the process cannot be but an arbitrary one to a great extent, as can be seen from the very candid confession made by Col. Godfrey in discussing the uncertain elements of well-digging :—

" 43. Allowing for the expense of digging a well and the elements of uncertainty in doing so which may be enumerated as follows :—

1st.—Depth at which water is obtainable may vary ;

2nd.—The quality of the water obtainable, whether sweet or brackish, is doubtful ;

3rd.—The quantity of water, whether sufficient for two boys to be worked or only one, is uncertain ;

4th.—Fear of tapping brackish or salt water which may be of little or no use exists ;

5th.—Fear of coming on a substratum of sand which destroys the well and all money expended is lost ;

6th.—Coming in some districts on a substratum of rock which makes well-digging a very expensive business ; and which elements of uncertainty cannot be provided for or ascertained to a nicety and with any certainty when classing lands and recording them as capable of subsoil water advantages ;

Advantages, for all practical purposes I think it would be safe to consider the prospects of the value of lands with and without subsoil water advantages as 2 to 1."

It is difficult to understand how the survey officers can do justice to individual holdings in the shape of imposing *equal* and *fair* rates according to intrinsic value—a consideration on which the very foundation of the British Survey was laid when the elements of uncertainty, in reference to the nature and depths of subsoil water strata, are so manifold as noticed above by Colonel Godfrey. And is it then at all unlikely that in dealing with so many elements of uncertainties injustice is done to many individual holders, and that in assigning the several valuations abundant opportunities are afforded for practising corruption and oppression ?

13. It will thus be evident that the rules recently sanctioned by Government are anything but a satisfactory solution of the knotty problem which has enjoyed the attention of Governments from the date of the passing of the Survey Act of 1865, and to say the least, under the recent new departure the supposed solution has gone from a bad to a worse stage.—Yours, &c.,

April 10. SYMPATHISER.

MUNICIPAL TAXATION AT RUTNAGIRI.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE "BOMBAY GAZETTE."

Sir,—When almost every one is bitterly complaining of the high prices at which salt, grain, and all other necessaries of life are sold, it has pleased the Municipality of the town of Rutnagiri to impose an octroi duty upon rice and other articles of food imported in the town. Wheat, jowari, bajri, and other things imported from the Ghauts usually in this part of the year have been stopped. This state of things presses very heavily upon all the classes of people in the town, especially upon those who live almost from hand to mouth, and a great excitement prevails amongst them. Being personally aware of the fact that Government have always tried their best to induce every native Chief in this Presidency to do away with this duty, I am really at a loss to understand what led them to tolerate it in a British town like Rutnagiri, which is, speaking merely in a commercial point of view, as dull and quiet as the world must have been the second day after its creation. Hoping that you will kindly draw immediate attention of Government to these lines.—I am, &c.,

Rutnagiri April 10. A RATE-PAYER.

WANTED A GHARIWALLA.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE " BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—This morning about eleven o'clock, while I was coming to the Fort along Queen's Road, a vehicle containing Bania ladies, and driven by a native coachman, also driving in the same direction, suddenly turned round to go into the Thakersey Street, and in so doing the rear wheels of the said ghurry so violently struck against the off leg of my horse that the animal has been rendered perfectly useless. Unfortunately there being no policeman on the spot, the coachman drove on at a very rapid pace, regardless of the injury done to my horse, which, I am afraid, will have to be shot. I request, through the medium of your paper, that the owner of the said conveyance will be so good as to communicate with me and identify himself so as to render me adequate reparation for the damage done to my property. This will be most gentlemanly on his part ; if he does not do his duty as a gentleman, and come forward to show me this common courtesy, I shall be on the qui vive to trace him out through the police, and get him punished according to law.—Yours, &c.,

NANABHOY B. JEEJEEBHOY.

Bombay, Hornby Road, April 12, 1890.

THE BHOWNUGGER *EXPOSURE GAZETTE* CASE.

At the Esplanade Police Court on Saturday, Mr Munoherjee Merwanjee Bhownuggree, C. I. E., appeared before Mr. Cooper, Chief Presidency Magistrate, and laid an information charging Mr Krishnajee auburao Bullel, a medical practitioner, formerly in the service of the Bhownugger State, with defamation. Mr. Macpherson, instructed by Messrs. Nanu and Hormasjee, appeared for the complainant.

Mr. Bhownuggree in his information said :—I am a Barrister-at-law and an Advocate of the High Court of Judicature at Bombay. I am also Judicial Member of Council and Legal adviser of the State of Bhownugger, and in Bombay the Durbar Office of the Bhownugger State is under my charge. On the 6th day of March, instant, laid an information before the Chief Presidency Magistrate when I charged one Bramacharee Madhwanand Sadanand and one Babajee Ganpat Pinglay with defaming me in that they published and printed respectively a certain print called *The Bhownugger Exposure Gazette*, which was published in Bombay and at divers other places in three several parts. I herewith submit a copy in print of the said information, and for greater certainty I crave leave to refer to the proceedings in the matter of my complaint against the said Brahmacharee Madhwanand Sadanand and Babajee Ganpat Pinglay. The said Babajee Ganpat Pinglay upon his arrest surrendered to the police, amongst other papers and documents, a certain manuscript, of which I have since had inspection by permission of the Chief Presidency Magistrate. The said manuscript appeared to me to be the original form, which part No. 3 of the said print was printed by the said Babajee Ganpat Pinglay, and the same is now in the custody of the Chief Presidency Magistrate. I am informed and verily believe it to be true that the said manuscript is in the handwriting of one Krishnajee Baburao Bullel, a medical practitioner, formerly in the service of the Bhownugger State, but now residing at Kalbadevy, in Bombay. I am also informed and verily believe it to be true that the said Krishnajee Baburao Bullel was in communication with the said Bramacharee Madhwanand Sadanand and Babajee Ganpat Pinglay in regard to intended libels on myself and others connected with the Bhownugger State. I therefore charge the said Krishnajee Baburao Bullel with defamation, and pray that he may be dealt with according to law.

The Magistrate ordered a summons to issue against the accused.

THE powder magazine at the Royal Artillery Barracks at Dorchester exploded on Tuesday, 25th ult. The cause is unknown. The quarter-master-sergeant, who was inside at the time, was fearfully injured, and the structure was greatly damaged. Houses and buildings were violently shaken half-a-mile from the scene.

THE DETERIORATION OF INDIAN COTTON.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE " BOMBAY GAZETTE."

SIR,—In a letter addressed to you recently under the above heading attention was directed to the results which have followed the abandonment of direct Government supervision in connection with the cotton trade of Western India, and, as the subject is one of national interest, no apology is necessary for again referring to it. Cotton ranks *facile princeps* in the long list of Bombay exports, and when in addition to the volume of shipments, the local consumption is considered, the value of the trade to the country and the far-reaching effects of any disaster befalling it, must be at once recognized. How far the trade has already gone in a retrograde direction cannot (as before pointed out) be determined by the weight of cotton exported and consumed locally, but by the prices which the country receives for such produce, compared with those which would have ruled, had no admixture of seed been permitted—had no " Bilati " been allowed to run weed-like over Berar and Khandeish. I have already shown that, in so far as Oomrawattee grades are concerned, a very fair gauge of depreciation is afforded by the price of Barsee as compared with the prices of Khangaum, Akola, Nugger, &c., and, in sequence, with those of the various Khandeish growths, and, judged by this standard, prices of ordinary Berar are lower by Rs. 40 to Rs. 45 ; and that Khandeish about Rs. 20 per candy lower than would have been the case had the seed preserved its purity. Roughly speaking, the average production of the area affected is over half million bales, and time is only necessary for the extension of the evil to the only district, which now seems able to produce stapled Oomra cotton.

I am quite aware that, plant for plant, the Bilati yields somewhat better results than the old long-stapled variety ; that it, perhaps, gives less trouble to the ryot, and is not so susceptible to climatic influences in seasons where draught prevails, but these advantages are surely distinguished by loss of reputation in Europe and all the evil—sometimes permanent—results which deterioration brings in its train. How far the greatly increased import of Americans to the Continent this season arises from this cause cannot yet be estimated, but there can be little doubt that had Oomras retained their purity, there would have been less disposition on the part of Continental spinners to indent upon the great Western source of supply.

It would serve little purpose at this remote date to reproduce all the arguments and representations which led to the abolition of the Cotton Frauds Act in 1889. In so far as the island of Bombay is concerned few apologists could be found for the officials of the department, but inefficiency was far from being universal throughout the Presidency, and, if I mistake not, Khandeish and Dharwar derived substantial benefit from the efforts of the officers entrusted with the charge of those districts. However the Act was repealed. One of the strongest arguments urged in favour of its abolition was this—that " the improvement which has taken place of late years in the quality of Indian cotton was due, not to the operations of the Act, but entirely to improved means of communication with the Cotton districts, and to private enterprise and the natural operations of the laws of trade, and this was proved by the fact that, while in those districts in which the Cotton Frauds Act was in force it was completely inoperative, *it was principally from districts where the Act was not in force that really good cotton came.*" The italics are mine. Now in reference to the three causes alleged to have been productive of the italicised effect, it will not be contested that during the past ten or eleven years there has been a great expansion of private enterprise, and it goes without saying that railway facilities throughout the cotton belt of Western India have markedly increased, so that the natural operations of the laws of trade have had free scope to vindicate their alleged efficiency as an elevating agency in relation to the cotton trade. That all three, however potent for good prior to 1879, have failed signally since then is only too lamentably apparent in the degeneration which has taken place during the last decade, in the very cotton which was held up as an example of what was possible without an Act. But although in the Berar no Act was in operation, no repressive measures were embodied in a Statute it was unfair to blink the fact that they were under the most rigid supervision. Mr. Rivett-Carnac, the Cotton Commissioner united in himself untiring zeal, tact, influence, and conspicuous ability of the Temple type, which (unless to say gathered around him a staff imbued with his own energy, and heartily in sympathy with his aims and actions. He was ever accessible, ever anxious to receive or give information, having for his object the improvement of the cotton under his care He directed, advised, encouraged, cajoled, and generally, though unwittingly, exercised a kind of benevolent coercion on the cultivators which resulted in the produce meriting the laudatory rewards of the Chamber of Commerce quoted above. No wonder that under such auspices Berar cotton attained and preserved its high reputation. But a time came when even Mr. Carnac's efforts proved powerless, when cultivators, fleeing out that Government were indifferent in the matter, and that nothing stronger than moral suasion was invested in the Commissioner began to introduce " Bilati " seed. Much the ryot cared for the result ? All he knew was that the new seed gave less trouble and stood a drought better, and so the evil spread. Mr. Carnac, if I remember aright, urged Government to take strong measures to arrest the growing tendency, but the influence of the chief commercial bodies at that time lay in an opposite direction, and nothing was done ; so the evil had to worse had now become the condition of Berar and Khandesh. There are at the present time gentlemen in Bombay, whose experience extends back to and even before Mr. Rivett-Carnac's time, who unite to years of up-country experience the more recent experience at the port of shipment, and it would be alike useful and interesting to have an assessment of their opinion respecting the various phases of the trade since 1879-80. I don't think one could be found who would not displace the change which has taken place, is taking place for the worse ; not so much from false packing, although there is plenty of that, but from the corroding influence of the Bilati seed, the cultivation of which, if unchecked, will ere long reduce Surats generally to the level of Bengals. Ten years ago one of the most experienced cotton men in the Berars predicted, in a letter to the then authorities, what would happen unless energetic steps were taken to eradicate Bilati, and he is now at the seat of export to witness the outcome of his alas too true prophecy. What is to be done.? Some men say the evil has gone too far to be grappled with—that pure seed is now unprocurable even were Government inclined to move in the matter, this is surely a policy of despair in the face of the fact that the Barsi and Kirkilee seed is still unadulterated. If Hingunghat was able to reseed the whole of Khandesh in the time of Mr. Lionel Ashburne, there is no reason why Barsee districts should not eventually be able to do similar service. But this is a matter which demands immediate attention, for delay simply means that Bilati will invade the Barsee districts also. Will the Chamber of Commerce not take the matter in hand ? Continuity of policy can scarcely be a feature of any commercial body in this changeable age, and it has, I think, been made clearly manifest that the opinions of 1879 erred on the side of optimism, and that some kind of repressive measures are absolutely necessary—if not to protect experts, not to protect anybody, but to guard the country from the misfortune of losing one of its most valuable export trades.—Yours, &c.,

GARAPURI.

TELEGRAPHIC WEATHER REPORT.

SIMLA, April 13.—Barometer has fallen slowly at Saugor and Jubbulpore and also over Burma and Assam ; elsewhere it has risenrapidly in Punjab, and briskly over the Peninsula. Depression which lay over Punjab yesterday has either filled up or moved eastward to Bengal ; depression over the Deccan has disappeared. Readings now are high in the North-West Punjab, and low in Behar. Winds are northerly in Punjab and Rajputana ; westerly in the Gangetic Plain ; southerly to south-westerly in the Bay and Bengal ; variable in the Peninsular and Central Provinces. Mean temperature exceeds the average every, where. The highest readings are hundred and eight miles at Sholapur and Nagpur. The sky is slightly clouded, and showers have fallen in the West Coast, Sibsagar, and some places of the Punjab. Weather is slightly unsettled in Northern India.

TELEGRAPHIC LINE REPORTS.

APRIL 13.

STATE OF INTERNATIONAL COMMUNICATION.

Great Britain.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

Continent of Europe.—Via Teheran, perfect. Via Turkey, perfect. Via Suez, perfect.

America.—Via Brest, perfect. Via Valentia, perfect. Via Direct Cable, perfect.

Australia.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

China.—Via Penang, perfect. Via Amoor, perfect.

Telegrams in code or cipher for Khartoum (Porto Novo), on the West Coast of Africa, are prohibited.

FOREIGN TELEGRAPHIC SERVICE.

LATEST dates of foreign messages received at Bombay from the United Kingdom during the 24 hours ending at 8 p. m. of the 13th April 1890.

Via	Latest Dates.			Time occupied in transmission.	
	D.	H.	M.	Hours.	Minutes.
Turkey	Nil	...	...	...	...
Teheran	13	11	51	...	23
Suez	12	11	10	1	13

Time occupied in the transmission of messages to Bombay during the 24 hours ending 8 p.m. on 13th April 1890.

	Maximum Time.		Minimum Time.	
	H.	M.	H.	M.
From Calcutta	...	25	...	7
" Karrachee ...	...	13	...	1
" Madras	...	30	...	3

Difference in longitude allowed for.

THERMOMETER READINGS.

SATURDAY NIGHT, APRIL 12.

10 p.m. ... ... 83·7

SUNDAY, APRIL 13.

6 a.m. ... ... 81·5
10 a.m. ... ... 86·3
2 p.m. ... ... 86·6
6 p.m. ... ... 86·6

ELPHINSTONIAN SOCIAL GATHERING.

A LARGE number of Elphinstonians, past and present, assembled at the Elphinstone High School on Saturday evening, the occasion being a social gathering, which it is intended to make an annual fixture. The Hon. Mr. Justice Telang had arranged to address the assembly, and Professor Wordsworth presided.

Professor Wordsworth, in addressing the meeting, said that England had given the inestimable boon of intellectual emancipation to India. He then introduced the Hon. Mr. Telang to the meeting.

The Hon. Mr. Justice Telang said that their thanks were due to Professor Wordsworth for his address. He thought there was but one opinion amongst thoughtful men in this country as regards intellectual emancipation, which was that England had done well and nobly by giving India that emancipation. He would refer to the results of this as shown in every department of human activity and thought, and before proceeding to do so he would remark that to his mind the results generally had been very satisfactory. If they looked at the results from an educational point of view, and saw what was going forward around and amongst them, he thought there could be no doubt that the system of the British in this country had received popular approval. If they looked at the literature which was springing up amongst them they would see that they were in a very fair way, and that activity was commencing and had commenced in different parts of the Empire. They had in other respects similar results. For instance, in politics. Indeed in this department some people thought they were a little too active. However in that department too they were beginning to understand that they had rights and duties as citizens of the British Empire. They could not but do so as they saw all round them an entirely different system to that obtained in older *regimes*. In the religious department of thought, also, the same thing was to be noticed. They had seen several attempts made by the Hindoo and Parsee communities at ascertaining what it really was that they had been in the habit of accepting and supporting as truth. He did not say that these movements had been as successful as it was expected they would have been ; but they required to be patient and not lose heart because they had not progressed as they had desired. On the whole, the system of education introduced by the English was successful, so successful that he was certain that if they were asked whether the system should continue to exist they would be unanimous in saying that it should. There was in the community to which he belonged a certain revulsion, but he had no doubt that this was due to a temporary eclipse in the minds of those who had given expression to it, and he was certain that in a short time there would be the same unanimity as there was before. He would now pass on to the consideration of what were the prospects of the future as regards the extension and development of this boon which Government had conferred on them. In the first place, he would say that those who had had the benefits of higher education had been careful of extending the ben fits of it to the general mass of their countrymen as they ought to have been, and yet that was the very essence of the educational despatch of 1854. They should remember that the Government would throw off the work of education from themselves more and more every year, and thus the burden on themselves would be growing greater and greater every year. As regards the activity that had been awakened in them in the department of politics he would caution them not to let their feelings be entirely carried away by too much fanaticism. They should be sober and persevering, and they should imitate the characteristics of the British nation in that respect. He would have them continue in the lines of work to which they had hitherto been devoting themselves to, but they ought not to run away with the idea that they had acquired all knowledge on a subject which they had only just begun learning. The great failing of the Indian people was a want of perseverance, and yet without that they could not possibly expect to succeed in politics. They had lately been saying a good deal of election to Legislative Councils—he did not disapprove of the agitation—but they should remember that they yet required the *life* to make such systems as they agitated for work. (Hear, hear.) Therefore, if it should not be the pleasure of those who ruled over them to give them all they wanted at once, but should give it them in instalments they should be thankful for small favours and look out for these favours to be quite deserving of each successive gift. In his mind, however, no real progress could be looked for without female education. He thought men who said that women were fit only for the kitchen were utterly unworthy of any education and power themselves. (Applause.) What he would impress on them was that they should endeavour to learn all they could from the Europeans, but not make that the wisdom and ideas of their ancestors should never be studied, but as the condition of things were entirely changed since the date of their existence, it was hardly possible that their wisdom was all sufficient to guide the man who lived in these present days of enlightenment. (Loud cheers.)

The company then descended to a tastefully decorated mandap, which had been erected in the compound of the institution, where dinner was served.

THE BANQUET.

After dinner the chairman proposed the toast of the Queen-Empress and Royal family. He said that this was a toast which was always received with cordial enthusiasm wherever the subjects of the British Crown collected

NOTICES.

LONDON PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENTS OF RECENT BOOKS.

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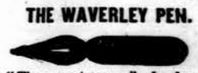

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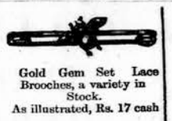
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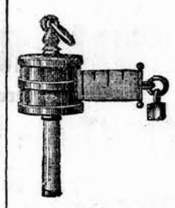
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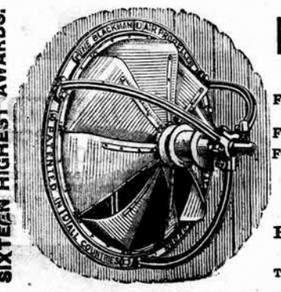
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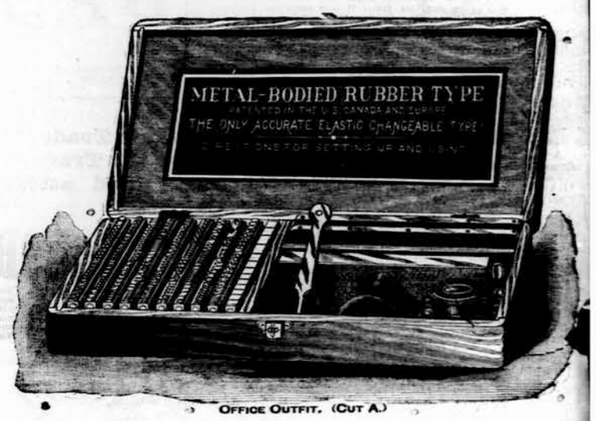

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